Robert H. Bruininks Bradley K. Hill Richard F. Weatherman Richard W. Woodcock
Address $\qquad$
$\qquad$

CITY
Phone ( ) $\qquad$
Residential Facility
School/Day Program $\qquad$
County/Distric: Responsible
Case Manager $\qquad$ Phone $\qquad$
Parent or Guardian $\qquad$ Phone $\qquad$
Respondent (Your Name) $\qquad$ Your Phone

Relationship to Client $\qquad$
Reason for Evaluation
CALCULATION Calculate the client's age by subtracting the birth date OF AGE from the evaluation date. If the number of days in the client's exact age is less than 15, the client's age is the number of years and months calculated. If the number of days is 15 or greater, the number of months is increased by one.

Client ID

Residence ID
Day Program ID
Co./District 10
Case Manager ID
Other ID



ICAR Training Implications Profile


SOCIAL AND COMMUNICATION SKILLS


COMMUNITY LIVING SKILLS


The ICAP should be completed by a respondent who knows the client well. The respondent should refer to the ICAP manual for more detailed information, definition of terms, and directions for completing the ICAP.

运

## A Descriptive Information

1. SEX (Mark one)

2. Male
3. Femaie
4. HEIGHT $\qquad$ ft . $\qquad$ in. (or $\qquad$ cm.)
5. WEIGHT lbs. (or $\qquad$ kg.)
6. RACE (Mark one)
7. White
8. Black
9. Oriental, Asian, or Pacific Islander
10. American Indian or Alaskan Native
X. Other:
11. HISPANIC ORIGIN (Mark one)

X 1. Not Hispanic
2. Hispanic
6. PRIMARY LANGUAGE UNDERSTOOD (Mark one)
$\times$

1. English
2. Spanish
O 3. Other:
3. PRIMARY MEANS OF EXPRESSION (Mark one)

- 1. None

4. 2. Gestures3. Speaks

1. Sign Language or finger spelling5. Communication board or device:
2. Other.
3. MARITAL STATUS (Mark one)

X

1. Never married
2. Married
3. Separated4. Divorced
4. Widow or widower
5. LEGAL STATUS (Mark one)1. Legally competent adult2. Parent or relative is guardian or conservator3. Non-relative is guardian or conservator4. State or county is guardian or conservator5. Other: $\qquad$

## 8 Diagnostic Status

## 1. PRIMARY DIAGNOSIS (Mark one) AND

2. ADDITIONAL DIAGNOSED CONDITIONS
(Mark all that apply)
3. None
4. Autism
5. Blindness
6. Brain or neurological damage; chronic brain syndrome
7. Cerebral palsy
8. Chemical dependency
9. Deanness
10. Epilepsy or seizures
11. Mental retardation
12. Physical health problems requiring medical care by licensed nurse or physician:
13. Mental lilness (formal diagnosis); psychosis, schizophrenia, etc.
14. Situational mental health problem (formal diagnosis); depression, anxiety, fearfutness, mood disturbance
15. Other:

ADHD
Comments:


## ( Functional Limitations and Needed Assistance

1. LEVEL OF MENTAL RETARDATION (Mark one)1. Not mentally retarded
2. Mild (IQ 52-70)3. Moderate (IQ 36-51)

- 4. Severe (IQ 20-35)5. Profound (IQ under 20)

6. Unknown, delayed, at risk
7. VISION (Mark one)

Х 1 . Sees well (may wear glasses)
2. Vision problems limit reading or travel (may wear glasses)
3. Little or no useful vision (even with glasses)
3. HEARING (Mark one)
×

1. Hears normal voices (may use hearing aid)
2. Hears only loud voices (may use hearing aid)
C) Little or no useful hearing (even with hearing aid)
3. FREQUENCY OF SEIZURES (Mark one)
×
4. None, or controlled
5. Less than monthly seizures

C 3. Monthly seizures

- 4. Weekly or more often

5. HEALTH (Mark one)
$x$
6. No limitation in daily activities
7. Few or slight limitations in daily activities3. Many or significant limitations in daily activities
8. REQUIRED CARE BY NURSE OR PHYSICIAN (Mark one)

X 1. Less than monthly
2. Monthly
( 3. Weekly
O 4. Daily
5.24-hour immediate access
7. CURRENT MEDICATIONS (Mark all that apply)

- 1. None

2. For health problem: $\qquad$
X 3. For mood, anxiety, sleep or behaviori-6iondon
O 4. For epilepsy, seizures: $\qquad$
Q 5. Other: Trazadone
( 6. Unknown
3. ARM/HAND (Mark one)

X 1. No limitation in daily activities
2. Some daily activities limited
3. Most daily activities limited
9. MOBILITY (Mark one)

Х 1. Walks (with or without aids)

- 2. Does not walk

3. Limited to bed most of the day
4. Confined to bed for entire day
5. MOBILITY ASSISTANCE NEEDED (Mark all that apply)

X

1. None
2. Needs assistive devices (cane, walker, wheelchair):
3. Occasionally needs help of another person

O 4. Always needs help of another person

Comments
> 5. No specific limitatations, but behaviors limit his ability per mon's explanations. 10. only for safety when outside.

## DIRECTIONS

- Rate how well the client presently performs each task completely and without help or supervision.
- Mark the rating that best describes the client's performance for each task.
- Mark the highest rating ( 3 : Does very well) for tasks that are now too easy for the client.
- Estimate by rating how well the client could do the task now on his or her own without further training, if you have not had the opportunity to observe performance on a task or the client does not have opportunity to do it.
- Consult the ICAP manual for further instructions.


## 1. MOTOR SKILLS

Does (or could do) task completely without help or supervision:

## 0 . NEVER OR RARELY-even if asked



1. Picks up small objects with one hand.
2. Transfers small objects from one hand to the other hand.
3. Sits alone for thirty seconds with head and back held straight and steady (without support).
4. Stands for at least five seconds by holding on to furniture or other objects.
5. Pulls self into a standing position.
6. Puts small objects into containers and takes them out again.
7. Stands alone and walks for at least six feet.
8. Scribbles or marks with a pencil or crayon on a sheet of paper.
9. Removes wrappings from small objects such as gum or candy.
10. Turns knob or handle and opens a door.
11. Walks up and down stairs by alternating feet from step to step. (May hold handrail.)
12. Climbs a six-foot ladder (for example, a stepladder or a slide).
13. Cuts with scissors along a thick, straight line.
14. Prints first name, copying from an example.
15. Picks up and carries a full paper bag of groceries at least twenty feet and sets it down (without using handles).
16. Folds a letter into three equal sections and seals it in an envelope.
17. Threads a sewing needle.
18. Assembles objects that have at least ten small parts that must be screwed or bolted together (for example, unassembled toys or furniture).

## $\sum_{x 0} \operatorname{sum} \frac{3}{x 1}$ sum $\frac{1}{x 2}$ sum $\frac{\square}{x 3}$ sum



## 2. SOCIAL AND COMMUNICATION SKILLS

Does (or could do) task completely without help or supervision:
0. NEVER OR RARELY-even if asked

$\underbrace{14}_{x 0}$ sum $\operatorname{Som}_{x 1} \operatorname{sum} \frac{3}{x 2}$ sum $2+Q+9=1 \quad$ social and communication skills

RAW SCORE (57)

## 3. PERSONAL LIVING SKILLS

## Does (or could do) task completely without help or supervision:

0. NEVER OR RARELY-even if asked


## 4. COMMUNITY LIVING SKILLS

Does (or could do) task completely without help or supervision:


## $\square$ Problem Behavior

DIRECTIONS: For each category, indicate whether the client exhibits problem behaviors. If yes, describe the client's primary problem and indicate its frequency and severity.

## PROBLEM BEHAVIOR CATEGORIES:

- Hurtful to Self
- Hurtful to Others
- Destructive to Property
- Disruptive Behavior
- Unusual or Repetitive Habits
- Socially Offensive Behavior
- Withdrawal or Inattentive Behavior
- Uncooperative Behavior


1. HURTFUL TO SELF

Injures own body-for example, by hitting self, banging head, scratching, cutting or puncturing, biting, rubbing skin, pulling out hair, picking on skin, biting nails, or pinching.


If none, mark never (0) tod frequency and not serious (0) for severity.
b. FREQUENCY: How often does this behavior usually occur? (Mark one)
O. Never

1. Less than once a month
2. One to 3 times a month
3. One to 6 times a week

人4. One to 10 times a day
5. One or more times an hour
c. SEVERITY: How serious is the problem usually caused by this behavior? (Mark one)
0. Not serious; not a problem

1. Slightly serious; a mild problem
2. Moderately serious; a moderate problem
<3. Very serious; a severe problem
3. Extremely serious; a critical problem

## 3. DESTRUCTIVE TO PROPERTY

Deliberately breaks, defaces or destroys things-for example, by hitting, tearing or cutting, throwing, burning, marking or scratching things.
a. If yes, describg the PRIMARY PROBLEM:
$\qquad$
If none, mark never (0) for frequency and not serious (0) for severity.
b. FREQUENCY: How often does this behavior usually occur? (Mark one)
$\times 0$. Never

1. Less than once a month
2. One to 3 times a month
3. One to 6 times a week
4. One to 10 times a day
5. One or more times an hour
c. SEVERITY: How serious is the problem usually caused by this behavior? (Mark one)
X0. Not serious; not a problem
6. Slightly serious; a mild problem
7. Moderately serious; a moderate problem
8. Very serious; a severe problem
9. Extremely serious; a critical problem
commes examples:iteaves marksommens $\qquad$
10. DISRUPTIVE BEHAVIOR
interferes with activities of others-for example, by clinging, pestering or teasing, arguing or complaining, picking fights, laughing or crying without reason, interrupting, yelling or screaming.
a. "yes. describ the PRIMARY PROBLEM: fights

If none, mark hever $(0)$ for frequency and not seridts $(0)$ for severity.
b. FREQUENCY: How often does this behavior usually occur? (Mark one)
(O) Never

1. Less than once a month
2. One to 3 times a month
3. One to 6 times a week
4. 4. One to 10 times a day
1. One or more times an hour
c. SEVERITY: How serious is the problem usually caused by this behavior? (Mark one)
2. Not serious; not a problem
<1. Slightly serious; a mild problem
3. Moderately serious; a moderate problem
4. Very serious; a severe problem
5. Extremely serious; a critical problem

Comments:
5. UNUSUAL OR REPETITIVE HABITS

Unusual behaviors that may be done over and over-for example, pacing, rocking, twirling fingers, sucking hands or objects, twitching (nervous tics), talking to self, grinding teeth, eating dirt or other objects, eating too much or too little, staring at an object or into space, or making odd faces or noises.
a. If yes, describe the PRIMARY PROBLEM:

Pacing 6 jumping; makngnoises If none, mark ever ( () for frequenc) Ind not serious (o) for severity.
b. FREQUENCY: How often does this behavior usually occur? (Mark one)
0. Never

1. Less than once a month
2. One to 3 times a month
3. One to 6 times a week
4. One to 10 times a day

X5. One or more times an hour
c. SEVERITY: How serious is the problem usually caused by this behavior? (Mark one)
X 0 . Not serious; not a problem

1. Slightly serious; a mild problem
2. Moderately serious; a moderate problem
3. Very serious; a severe problem

4 Extremely serious; a critical problem
Comments: $\qquad$

## 6. SOCIALLY OFFENSIVE BEHAVIOR

Behavior that is offensive to others-for example, by talking too loud, swearing or using vulgar language, lying, standing too close or touching others too much, threatening, talking nonsense, spitting at others, picking nose, belching, expelling gas, touching genitals, or urinating in inappropriate places.
a. It yes, describe the PRIMARY PROBLEM: Standing tooclese/toching others If none, mark neved 0 ) for frequency and not serious ( 0 ) - or severity
b. FREQUENCY: How often does this behavior usually occur? (Mark one)
O. Never

1. Less than once a month
2. One to 3 times a month
3. One to 6 times a week
4. One to 10 times a day
$\times 5$
5. One or more times an hour
c. SEVERITY: How serious is the problem usually caused by this behavior? (Mark one)
6. Not serious; not a problem
7. Slightly serious; a mild problem
8. Moderately serious; a moderate problem

X 3. Very serious; a severe problem

Comments:

## 8. UNCOOPERATIVE BEHAVIOR

Behavior that is uncooperative-for example, refusing to obey, do chores, or follow rules; acting defiant or pouting; refusing to attend school or go to work; arriving late at school or work; refusing to take turns or share; cheating; stealing; or breaking laws.
7. WITHDRAWAL OR INATTENTIVE BEHAVIOR

Difficutty being around others or paying attention-for example, keeping away from other people, expressing unusual fears, showing little interest in activities, appearing sad or worried, showing little concentration on a task, sleeping too much, or talking negatively about self.
a. If yes, describe the PRIMARY PROBLEM:

## N/A

If none, mark never $(0)$ for frequency and not serious (0) for severity.
b. FREQUENCY: How often does this behavior usually occur? (Mark one)
K O. Never

1. Less than once a month
2. One to 3 times a month
3. One to 6 times a week
4. One to 10 times a day
5. One or more times an hour
c. SEVERITY: How serious is the problem usually caused by this behavior? (Mark one)
Xo. Not serious; not a problem
$\bigcirc$ 1. Slightly serious; a mild problem
6. Moderately serious; a moderate problem
7. Very serious; a severe problem
8. Extremely serious; a critical problem
a. If yes describe the PRIMARY PROBLEM:
lefusing to obey; lefsing schoul If none, mark hever ( 0 ) for frequency and not serious ( 0 ) for severity.
b. FREQUENCY: How often does this behavior usually occur? (Mark one)
9. Never
10. Less than once a month
11. One to 3 times a month
12. One to 6 times a week
13. One to 10 times a day
14. One or more times an hour
c. SEVERITY: How serious is the problem usually caused by this behavior? (Mark one)
15. Not serious; not a problem
16. Slightly serious; a mild problem

人2. Moderately serious; a moderate problem
3. Very serious; a severe problem

##  <br> 4. Extremely serious; a critical problem <br> Comments: activities offersive to others commens:

9. RESPONSE TO PROBLEM BEHAVIORS IN ANY OF THE 8 CATEGORIES

How do you or other people usually respond when the client exhibits problem behaviors? (Mark one)
0. No problem behaviors in any of the 8 categories

1. Do nothing, or offer comfort

《 2. Ask client to stop, reason with him or her

* 3. Purposely ignore, reward other behavior

4. Ask client to amend or correct the situation
5. Structure or restructure surroundings, remove material

K 6. Ask client to leave room, sit elsewhere (time out)
7. Take away privileges from client
8. Physically redirect, remove or restrain client
9. Get help (two or more people needed to control client)

O10. Other:

1. CURRENT

PRESENTLY
BENG USED
(Mark \& that apply)
EVALUATION NEEDED
(Mark all that apply)

## - General Information and Recommendations

 Information fron other sources:

## SUMMARY OF SCORES

## Adaptive Behavior

(Norms based on subject's age)
 SCALE


## MALADAPTIVE BEHAVIOR WORKSHEET Calculating Maladaptive Indexes

Step 1. Circle be Part Scores for each of the client's Frequency and Severity ratings.
Step 2. Circle the Pat Scores for the client's age in years.
Step 3. Total the circled Rart Scores for each index and record in the space labeled "Sum."
Step 4. Subtract this sum from yoo to obtain the Maladaptive Index. Record a " + " or "-" as appropriate.
Step 5. Transter these scores to the Maladaptive Behavior Indexes Profile on the back cover.

## Interpretation:

The indexes have a mean of zero for normal clients of the same age. Negative scores indicate problem behavior toward the maladaptive end of the scale. The typical standard deviation observed in various clinical samples at several age levels is 10 points. Nonhandicapped groups typically have standard deviations of about 8 points. Evaluating the clinical significance of the Maladaptive Behavior Indexes may be aided by using the levels of seriousness in the following table. These levels of seriousness also appear at the bottom of the Maladaptive Behavior Indexes Profile on page 16.

Part Scores for Ratings


## Maladaptive Behavior Indexes Profile (Plot indexes from pp. 14-15)

 INSTRUCTIONS:1. Record scores for each of the Maladaptive Behavior Indexes from pp. 14-15 in column a.
Subtract the $\mathrm{SE}_{\mathrm{M}}$ in column $b$ from each score in column $a$, and record this difference in column $c$.
2. Add the $S E_{M}$ in column $b$ to each score in column $a$, and record the sum in clumn $d$.
3. Drav a bar from the $-1 \mathrm{SE}_{\mathrm{M}}$ value (c) to the $+1 \mathrm{SE}_{\mathrm{M}}$ value (d) for each index.
4. Draw a vertical line through the profile at the point corresponding to the GMI score column a.

## 1646




INSTRUCTIONS:

1. Circle the column number that incldes the subject's Total Adaptive Behavior Raw Score at the top of the VCAP Service Level Profile.
2. Circle the row number that includes the subject's General Maladaptive Behavior Index (from above profile) in th left column of the ICAP Seryce Level Profile.
3. Circle the number in the profile at the intersection of the two score (step 1 and 2 above).

ADAPTIVE BEHAVIOR
Motor Skills (p. 4)
Social and Communication Skills (p.5)
Personal Living Skills (p. 6)
Community Living Skills (p.7)
Total Adaptive Behavior Raw Score

RAW SCORES

| $\square$ |
| :--- |
| SUM |
| SUR |

## Adrptive Behavior Raw Score



