JOINT BUDGET COMMITTEE

Colorado Department of Health Care Policy & Financing

Executive Director's Office & Behavioral Health Hearing

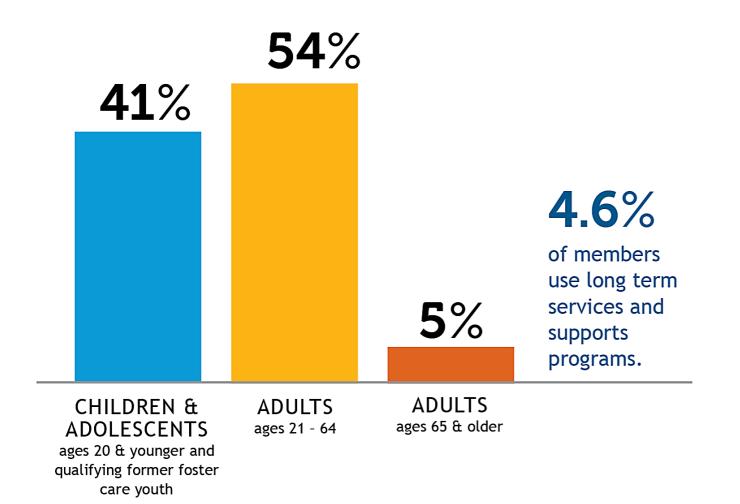
Kim Bimestefer, Executive Director
Tom Leahey, Interim Pharmacy Office Director
Craig Domeracki, Chief Operating Officer
Bonnie Silva, Office of Community Living Director
Tracy Johnson, Medicaid Director
John Bartholomew, Chief Financial Officer
Laurel Karabatsos, Deputy Medicaid Director

December 2019

https://www.colorado.gov/hcpf/legislator-resource-center



HCPF: WHO WE SERVE VIA MEDICAID



Federal Poverty Levels by Family Size*

FAMILY OF 1 FAMILY OF 4 \$16,620 \$34, 248

*Some earning more may still qualify

Nearly 1.26 million Coloradans (about 22.1% of the population)



Source: 2018-19 Long Appropriations Act





HCPF: PROGRAMS WE OFFER

Health First
Colorado
(Colorado's
Medicaid Program)

Child Heath Plan Plus (CHP+) Old Age Pension (OAP) Medical Programs

Colorado Indigent Care Program (CICP) Colorado Dental Health Care Program for Low-Income Seniors

Long-Term Services and Supports Programs



Home and Community-Based Services (HCBS) Waivers 46,901

State-Funded Only Programs 5,964 Program of All-Inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE)

5,356

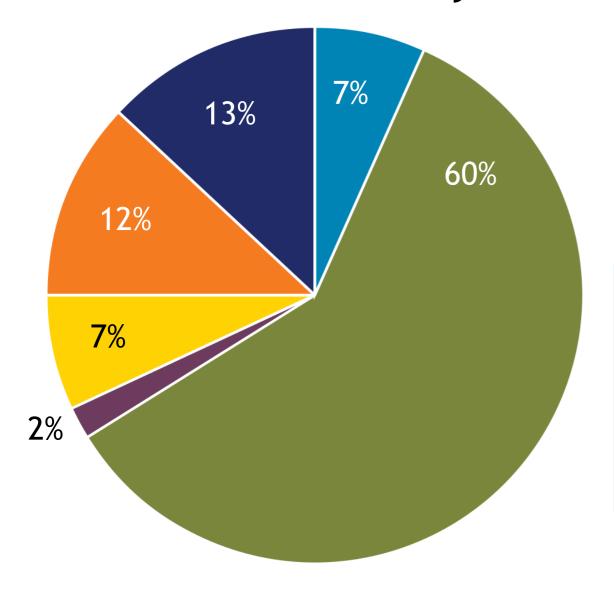
Nursing Facilities 14,574 Intermediate Care Facilities 173

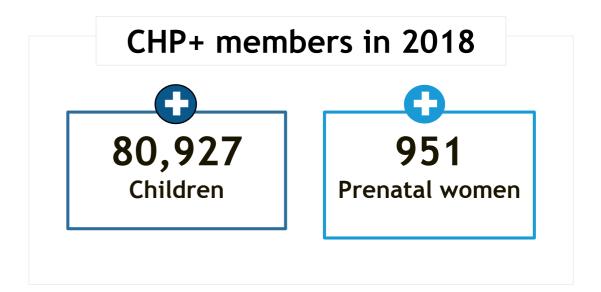
SOURCE: FY 2018-19: based on claims in MMIS. * There is a waiting list for the HCBS-DD waiver. As of June 30, 2019, there were 2,895 people waiting for enrollment into the HCBS-DD waiver "As Soon As Available."



HCPF: PROGRAMS CHILD HEALTH PLAN PLUS

CHP+ Enrollment by MCO



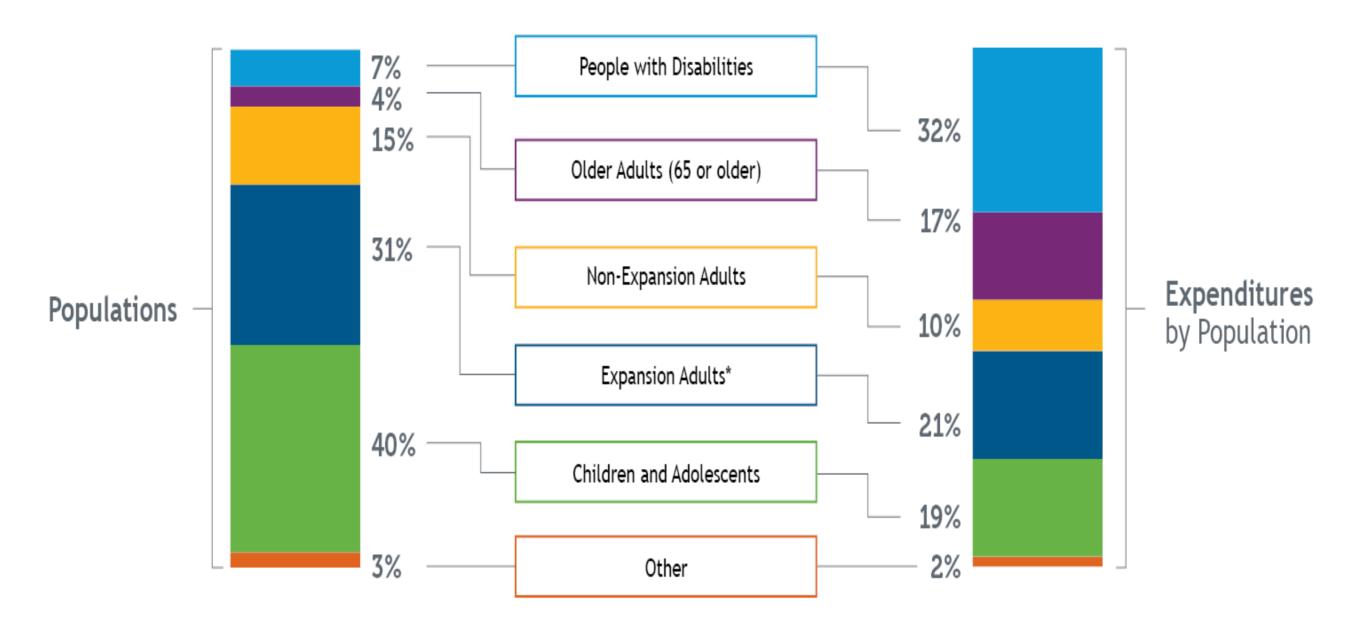


CHP+ Managed Care Organizations (MCOs):

- Colorado Access
- Rocky Mountain HMO
- Friday Health Plans
 State Managed Care
 - State Managed Care Network
- Denver Health Medical Plan
- Kaiser Permanente

CHP+ works with Managed Care Organizations (MCOs) to provide medical care. Each MCO has their own network of doctors, and members are enrolled in a MCO based on the county in which they live.

MEDICAID EXPENDITURES BY COMMUNITY



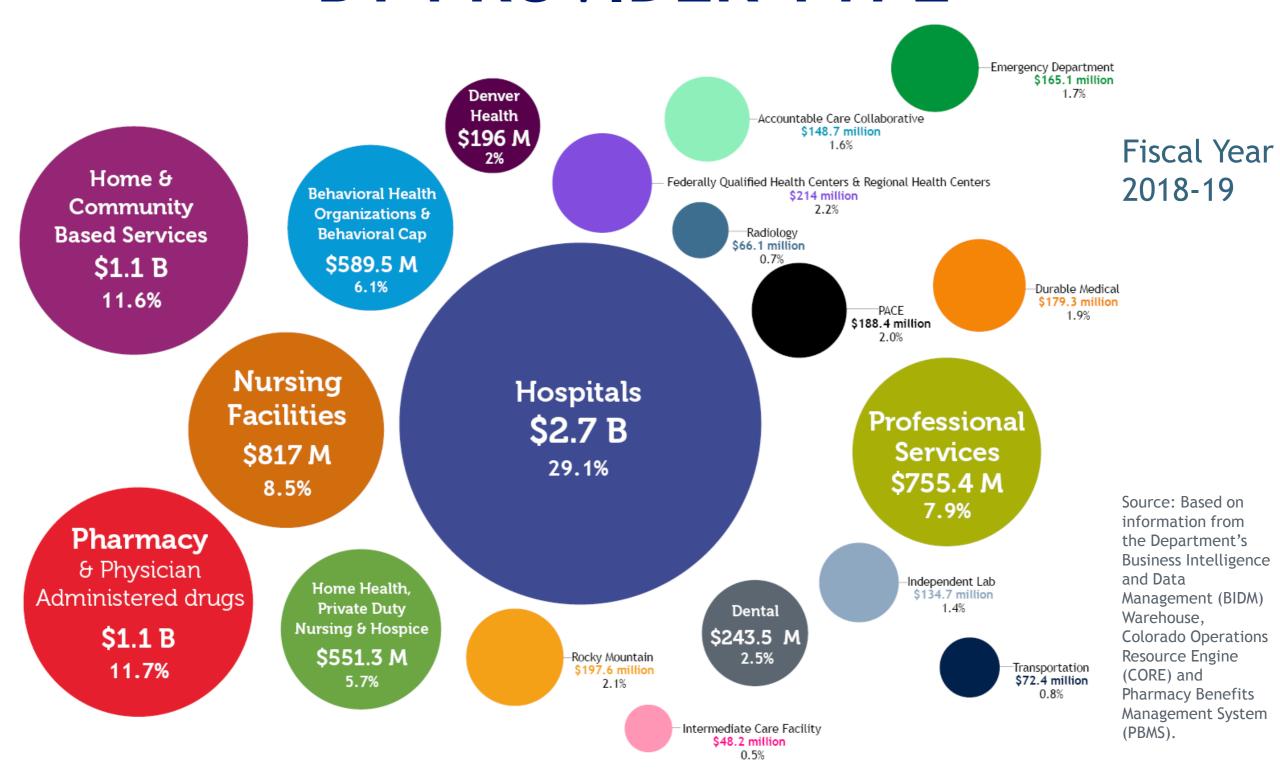
Source: FY 2018-19 HCPF data

^{*}The majority of funding for Expansion Adults is federal dollars, with the state fund source funded by the Hospital Affordability and Sustainability Fee.





EXPENDITURES BY PROVIDER TYPE







FACTORS DRIVING HCPF STRATEGIC INITIATIVES



STAKEHOLDER FEEDBACK

- Consumers (via Call Center, Medicaid Experience Advisory Committee, advocates)
- Federal authorities (CMS, HHS, OIG, etc.)
- State authorities (Legislature, Agencies, OSA)
- Providers (doctors, hospitals, PACE, LTSS, etc.)
- Partners (RAEs, CCB/SEP, counties, etc.)
- Agencies partners (CDHS, CDPHE, DOI, Office of Saving People Money on

Health Care)

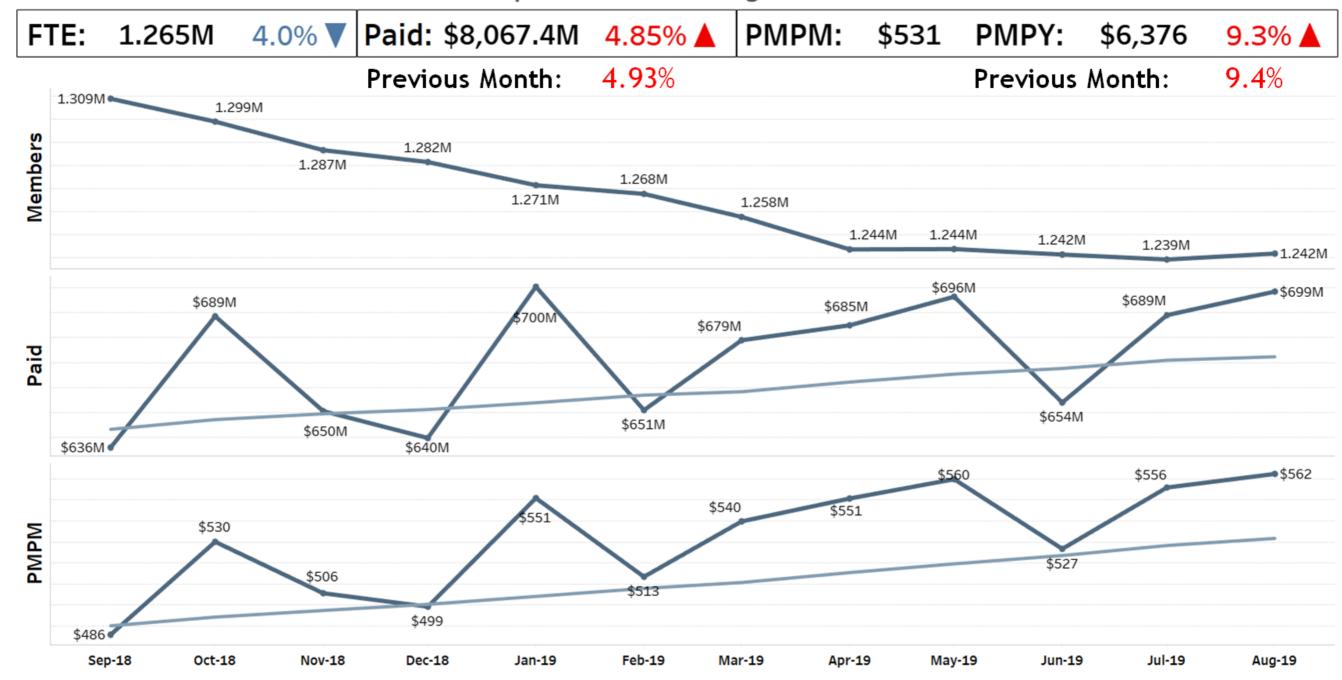
• Oversight (CMS, HHS, OIG, OSA, LAC)



Medicaid Trends

September 2018 - August 2019

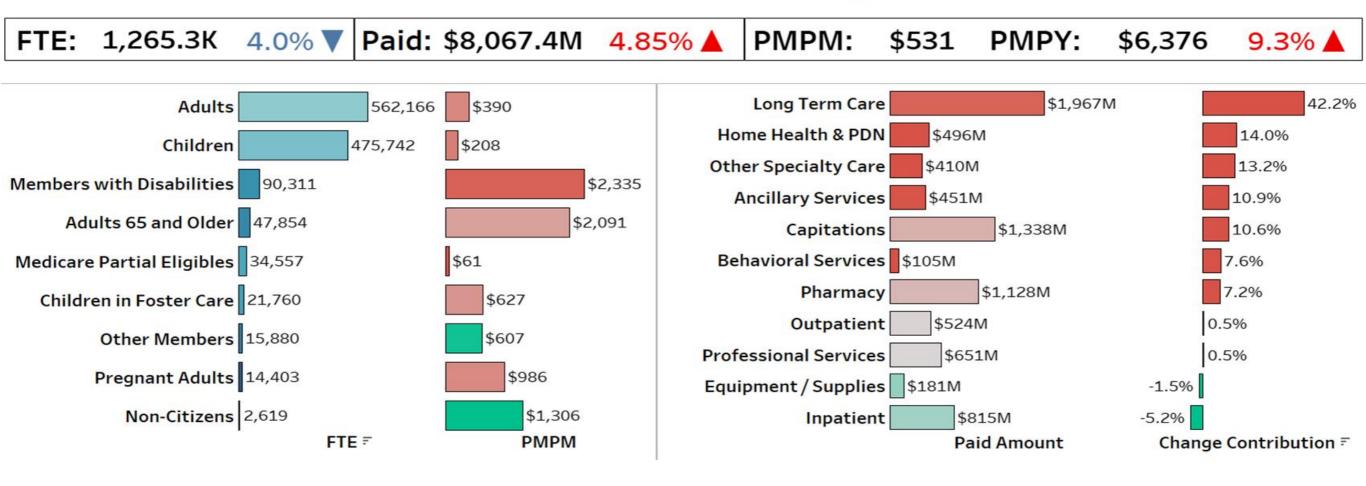
September 2018 - August 2019





TREND DRIVERS: Focusing Help & Support

Population and Benefit Trends September 2018 to August 2019



4.2% of members driving 53% of Medicaid expenditures





What opportunities can we

OPPORTUNITIES & THREATS

Rural Hospital Sustainability

- Hospital & Big Pharma
 Accountability, Alignment
- Quality/Cost Variance
- Maximize Innovation
- Health Care Affordability
- Reduce Uninsured Rate
- Prevent & Treat Substance Use Disorder
- Reduce Waiver Waitlists
- Help Health First Colorado Members Rise

- Rising Deficits, Economic Downturn
- Federal Policy
- Rising Health Care Costs
- High Cost Specialty Drugs
- Aging Population
- Health Care Workforce Adequacy
- TABOR Impact

What challenges must we PREPARE for?

Department Goals/Focus Areas

- Affordability Roadmap Messaging, Adoption
- Prescriber Tool Evolution
- Complete Rx Report
- Better Support High Risk Medicaid Patients

- Hospital Transformation Program CMS Approval
- Medicaid Capita Control
- Reduce Opioid Use
- Develop Member Health Score
- Provider ASA Call Time
- Contract Manager Training
- PEAK Health Mobile App Household Adoption
- Efficiently Manage Admin
- ➢Indicates a Governor's WIG (Wildly Important Goal)
 ❖Indicates a Department Goal



HCPF BUDGET

FY 2019-20 Total Administration (Long Bill/SB 19-207 and FY 2019 Special Bills)					
ltem	Total Funds	General Fund			
Total HCPF Appropriation	\$10,689,061,864	\$3,151,370,264			
HCPF Admin	\$436,961,708	\$106,804,528			
Percent of Total	4.09%	3.39%			
HCPF Personal Services (staff)	\$42,211,043	\$15,157,362			
Percent of Total	0.39%	0.48%			

FY 2019-20

	<u>Total Funds</u>	<u>General Funds</u>	Cash Funds	Federal Funds
State Budget	\$31,960,836,989	\$11,875,164,342	\$9,278,325,477	\$8,718,936,910
HCPF	\$10,649,398,826	\$3,132,643,848	\$1,385,028,692	\$6,038,110,614
Percent vs. State	33.32%	26.38%	14.93%	69.25%
HCPF Fund Splits		29.42%	13.01%	56.70%

PATHWAY TO ACHIEVE GOALS



HCPF ORGANIZATIONAL CHART Right people. Right place.

Kim Bimestefer, Executive Director

Emily Eelman, Chief of Staff Chris Underwood, Deputy Chief of Staff

Medicaid Operations Office

Craig Domeracki, Director Office of Community Living

Bonnie Silva, Director Health Programs Office

> Tracy Johnson, Medicaid Director

Finance Office

John Bartholomew, Director Health Information Office

Parrish Steinbrecher Policy, Comms & Admin. Office

Tom Massey, Director Cost Control & Quality Improvement Office

> Stephanie Ziegler, Director

Pharmacy Office

Cathy Traugott, Director

- ✓ Expanded executive leadership team to drive accountability, expertise, diversity
- ✓ Improved project priority management and tracking
- ✓ Improved vendor and contracting management
- ✓ Resource (budget, staff) alignment with goals and priority initiatives



DEPARTMENT'S STRATEGIC PILLARS

- Health Care Affordability for All Coloradans:
 Reduce the cost of health care in Colorado
- Medicaid Cost Control:
 Ensure the right services for the right people at the right price
- Member Health: Improve health outcomes and program delivery

- Operational Excellence:
 Create compliant, efficient and effective business practices that are person- and family-centered
- Customer Service:
 Improve service to our members,
 providers and partners



Care Support Program Improvement Process, Focus

Process

SB18-266: Cost Control & Quality Improvement Office

Developed Insight & Reporting Tools

- Vendor Management
- Identified members we can help
- Identified cost drivers we can address

Executed MOU w/RAEs targeting 7/1/20:

- Partner to craft new programs
- Drive better health results/outcomes
- Manage to a better claim trend

Partnership with advocates to help

Programs in Development

- 1. Maternity
- 2. Complex Newborns
- 3. Diabetes
- 4. Hypertension
- 5. Cardiovascular Disease
- 6. COPD
- 7. Anxiety
- 8. Depression
- 9. Chronic Pain
- 10. Substance Abuse Disorder (SUD)



AFFORDABILITY ROADMAP COLLABORATION

- 1. Constrain prices, especially hospital & prescription drugs.
- 2. Champion alternative payment models.
- 3. Align and strengthen data infrastructure.
- 4. Maximize innovation.
- 5. Improve our population health, including BHTF.

\$69,117
2017 median income

Colorado Private Sector
(Consumers & Employers)

\$19,339
2017 average family cost of private insurance

Health care is 28% of median household income

Medicaid expenditures are 33% of state's total budget and 26% of General Fund

Sources:

Income data from Colorado DOLA LMI Gateway, US Census Median Household Income. Colorado Department of Health Care Policy and Financing.



Quick View of Affordability Roadmap Solutions

Pharmacy Solutions

- > Prescriber Tool
- > Manufacturer-Carrier Compensation (incl. Rebates)
- > Pharmacy Pricing Transparency
- > Joining Lawsuits Manufacturer Price Fixing, Opioids
- > HCPF Dept. Rx Cost Driver & Solutions Report
- > Importation

Hospital Solutions

- > Hospital Transformation Program (HTP)
- > Financial Transparency
- Community Needs Transparency
- > Centers of Excellence
- > Alliance Model, Driving Community Reimbursements
- > Analytics by Hospital, for Communities

Alternate Payment Methodologies

- Hospital Transformation Program (HTP)
- > Out Of Network Reimbursements
- > Rx Value Based Contracting
- > Value Based Rewards
- Procedural Bundles
- > Total Cost of Care Incentives, to Include Rx

Shared Systems Priorities and Innovations

- > CIVHC APCD Affordability Supports, incl. Employer Data
- > TeleHealth / TeleMedicine and eConsults, Broadband
- Broadband
- > End of Life Planning
- > Prometheus
- > Universal Coverage

Population Health

- > Behavioral Health Task Force
- Suicide Prevention Task Force
- > Teen vaping, adult tobacco use
- Obesity
- > Maternal Health
- > Addiction, incl. Opioids prescribing guidelines
- > Immunizations
- Hosp. Transparency Community Health Needs Assessment





WINS & OPPORTUNITIES



BIG WINS

- Provider Call Wait Times Down
- Member Call Wait Times Down
- Claim Reprocessing Down
- Opioid Usage Down
- PEAK App usage Up
- Enrolled providers serving members Up
- SUD Inpatient & Residential Waiver Submitted

ADDITIONAL OPPORTUNITIES

Medicaid Trend Management

- Rx Cost Management
- Health Improvement, Care Management Support
- Case Management of Individuals with Disabilities
- RAE Accountability, Program Consistency, Effectiveness

Operational Excellence

- CBMS Stabilization
- Eligibility Accuracy Work
- Vendor Accountability

Customer Service, Focus

- Call Center Response, Next Generation
- Measuring and Improving Provider Access
- Behavioral Health Task
 Force Findings Response
- Cybersecurity
- Rural Hospital Sustainability
- Provider Service

HCPF BUDGET REQUESTS

- R-06: Improve Customer Service
- R-07: Pharmacy Pricing and Technology
- R-08: Accountability and Compliance Improvement Resources
- R-09: Bundled Payments
- R-10: Provider Rate Adjustment
- R-11: Patient Placement and Benefit Implementation Substance Use Disorder
- R-12: Work Number Verification
- R-13: Long-Term Care Utilization Management
- R-14: Enhanced Care and Condition Management
- R-15: Medicaid Recovery & Third Party Liability Modernization
- R-16: Case Management & State-only Programs Modernization
- R-17: Program Capacity for Older Adults
- R-18: Public School Health Services Program Expansion
- R-19: Leased Space
- R-20: Safety Net Provider Payments Adjustment



Pharmacy

Questions 1-8

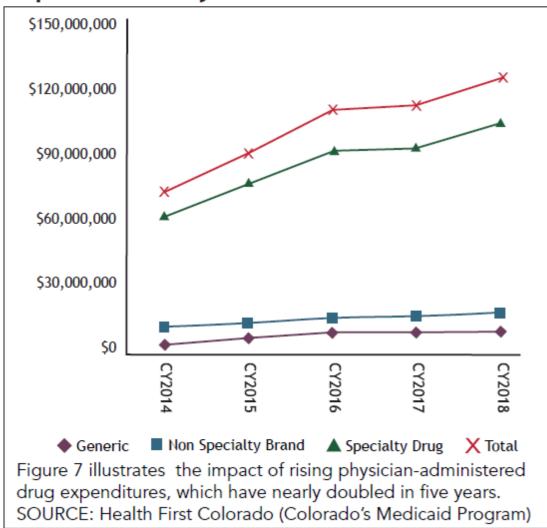


ESCALATING IMPACT OF SPECIALTY RX ON OVERALL RX MEDICAID COST

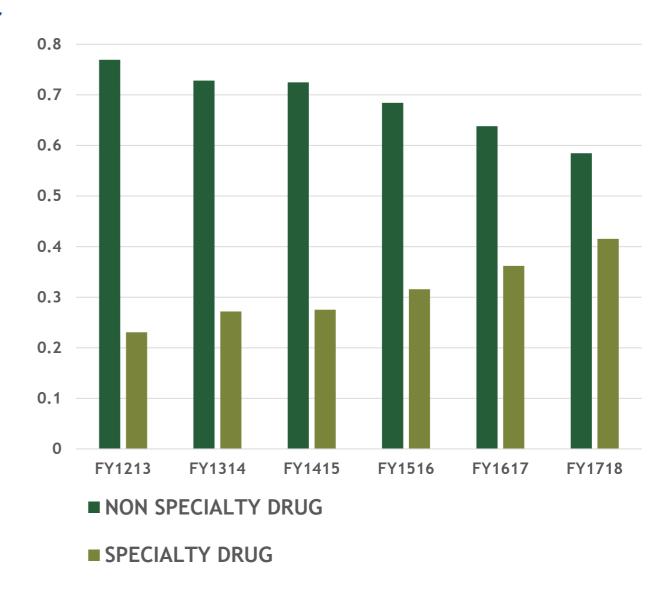
0.9

Physician Administered Drug Spend has almost doubled in 4 years

Figure 7. Physician-Administered Drug Expenditures by Service Date Calendar Year



Percent of Medicaid dollars spent on specialty vs. non specialty drugs (before rebates)



Specialty Drugs: We're at the beginning of the perfect storm. We MUST manage this explosion of drugs to market and their cost.

42 new drugs launched in 2017

75% were specialty drugs

\$12 billion spent on new drugs in 2017 80% was spent on specialty drugs

Specialty drugs pipeline

Rx Solutions: Prescriber Tool

Phase I

- Drives prescribing based on Rx cost and quality
- Battles DTC ads, rebate payments to middleman to influence Rx use
- Loads payer/carrier formularies, Rx cost, copays, prior auth rules
- Opioid addiction risk score, alerting docs before they prescribe.



Phase II

 Carrier/payer programs by patient so docs can prescribe health improvement programs, not just pills

Sets up more effective prescriber VBPs

Colorado Impact



Many Coloradans aren't taking their drugs appropriately because they can't afford to, leading to worse health outcomes that are more costly.

State payers (HCPF,
Department of
Corrections, Department
of Human Services) are
unable to control rising
public costs.



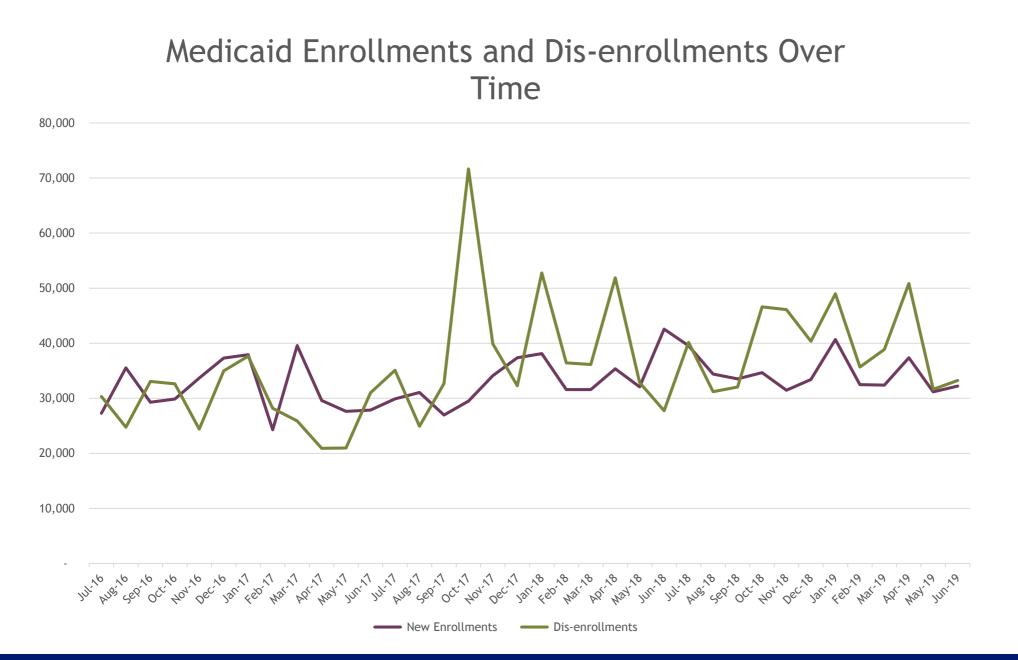
Eligibility & Enrollment

Questions 9-24



OPPORTUNITIES: ELIGIBILITY ACCURACY

- ✓ Federal Directives both Office of Inspector General & CMS audits
- ✓ New Federal Audit Consequences PERM, enables claw back of \$\$ over 3% error
- ✓ Directives from Office of the State Auditor and Legislative Audit Committee



Focus Areas:

- ✓ System Changes
- ✓ Mail Center
- ✓ Training
- ✓ Incentives
- ✓ Performance Scorecards

Enrollment Changes

Outside Influences

- Economic Factors strong Colorado economy, low unemployment
- Wage Growth
- Public Charge

Oversight

Policies & Systems

- Continuous Eligibility
- Returned Mail
- IEVS Checks and Income Verification
- Delayed Processing County Accountability

Customer Service

Questions 25-27



DECLINE IN CALL CENTER WAIT TIMES

In FY 2018-19,
we answered provider calls
in an average of 42 seconds over 12 months,
exceeding our goal of < 61 seconds.

Member service MUCH improved.

Next: Get to industry service norms (< 2 min). Improve digital service tools. Position HCPF for service model that better supports high-need, complex individuals, coordinates them into care support programs.



Long Term Services and Supports

Questions 28-44

Long-Term Services and Supports



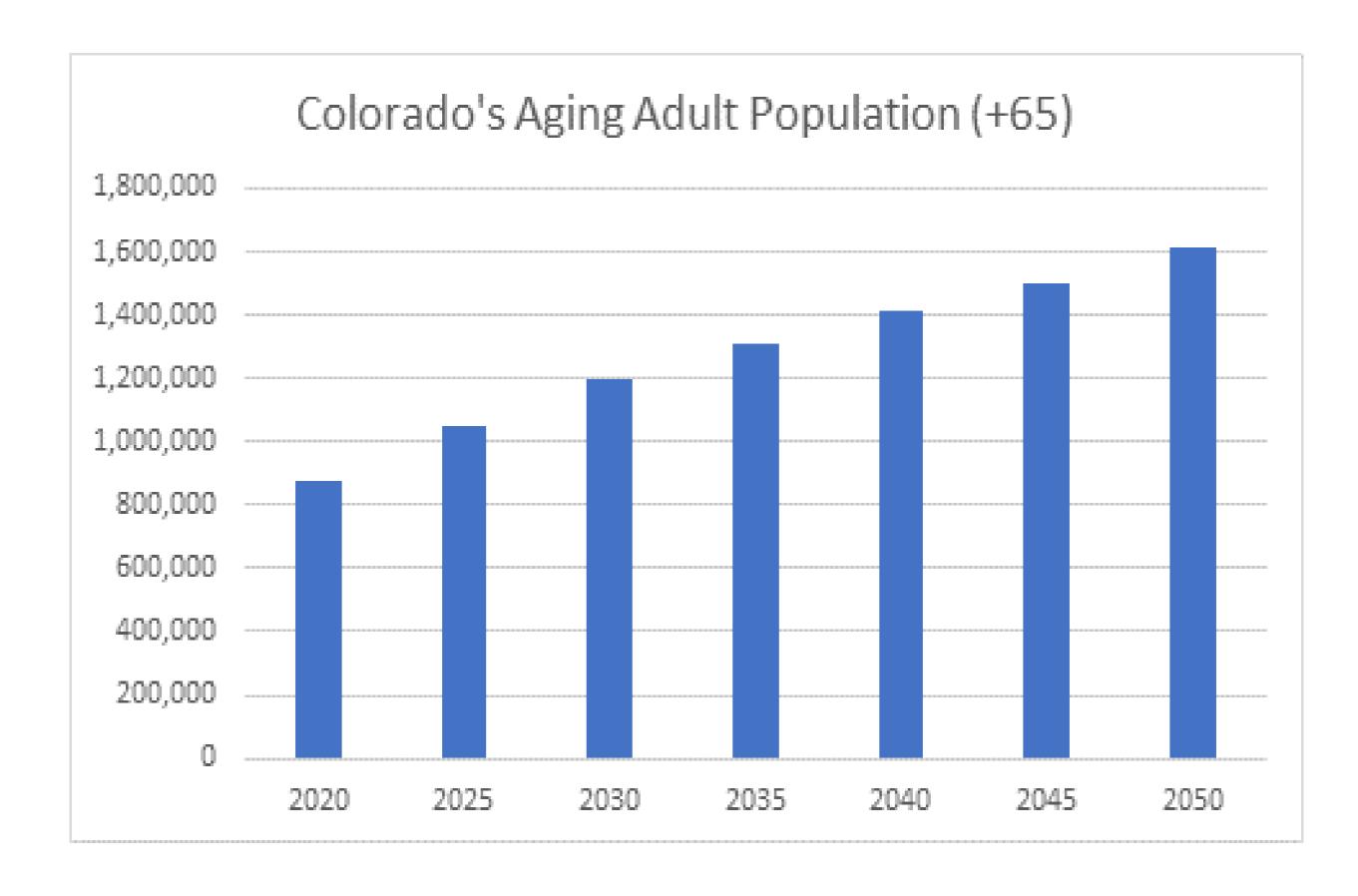
At Home (e.g., personal or family home; group homes; assisted living facilities)



In Community (e.g., day programs; supported employment)



Within Institutions (e.g., nursing homes; intermediate care facilities)





Understanding Members' Unique Needs

86% of members receiving Long-Term Services and **Supports** have one or more chronic conditions

Compared to 41% of members not receiving LTSS









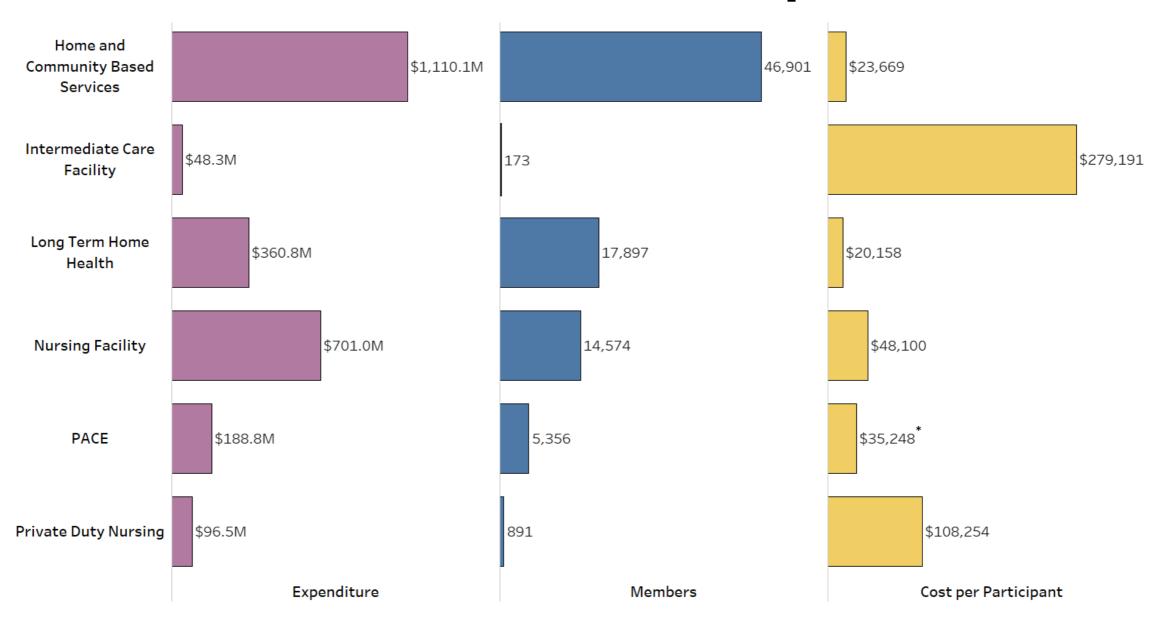


49% of members in intellectual and developmental disabilities waivers also have a physical disability

NOTE: The rates are based on whether Colorado Medicaid paid a claim with a diagnosis listed in FY 18-19. If the member is untreated for the condition or only Medicare paid the claim, we do not have those data. Intellectual and developmental disabilities (IDD) refers to those receiving services under the three IDD waivers in Colorado.



Members Served and Expenditures



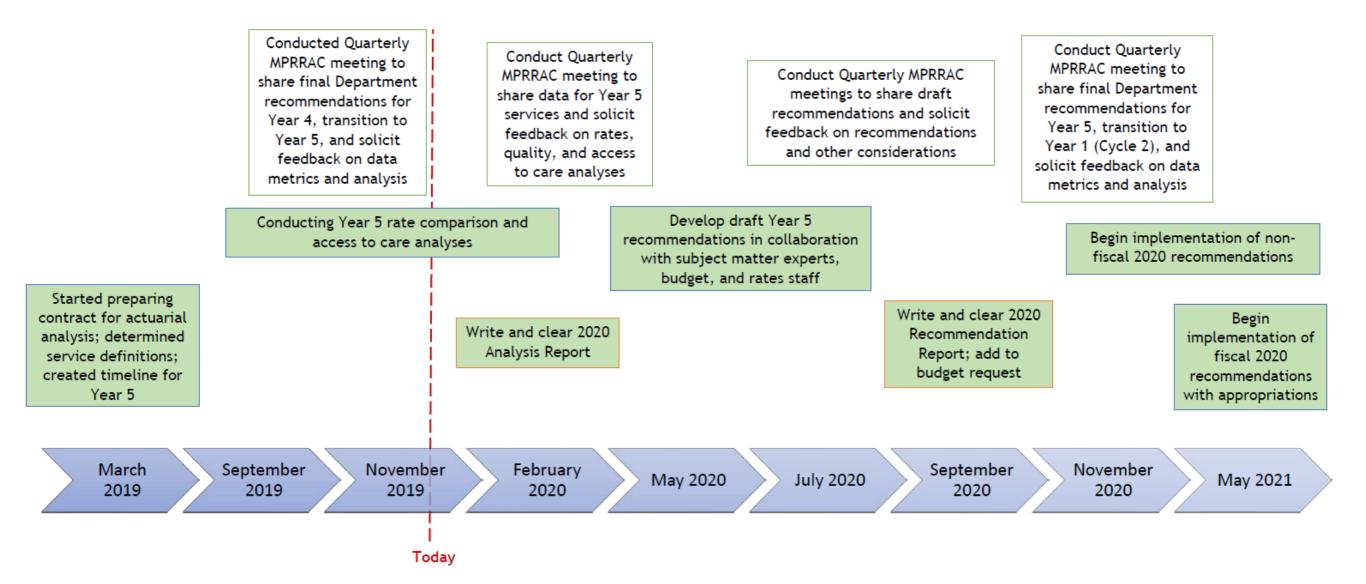
Five Year LTSS Benefits Adult Participant Growth

- 12.1% Long Term Home Health
- 14.0% Home and Community Based Services
- 15.9% Consumer Directed Attendant Support Services
- 41.7% Private Duty Nursing
- 320.6% In Home Support Services

Rates

Questions 45-60

Rate Review Process Timeline



General Financing & Miscellaneous

Questions 61-72

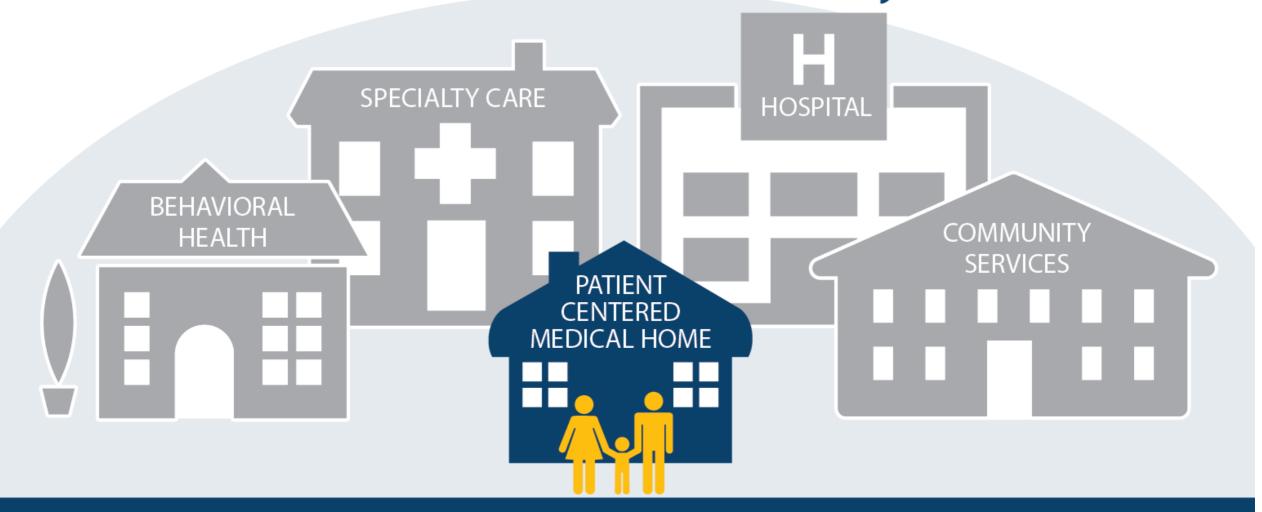


Behavioral Health

Questions 73-86



Regional Accountable Entity



Data & Analytics

Health First Colorado

Regional Accountable Entity

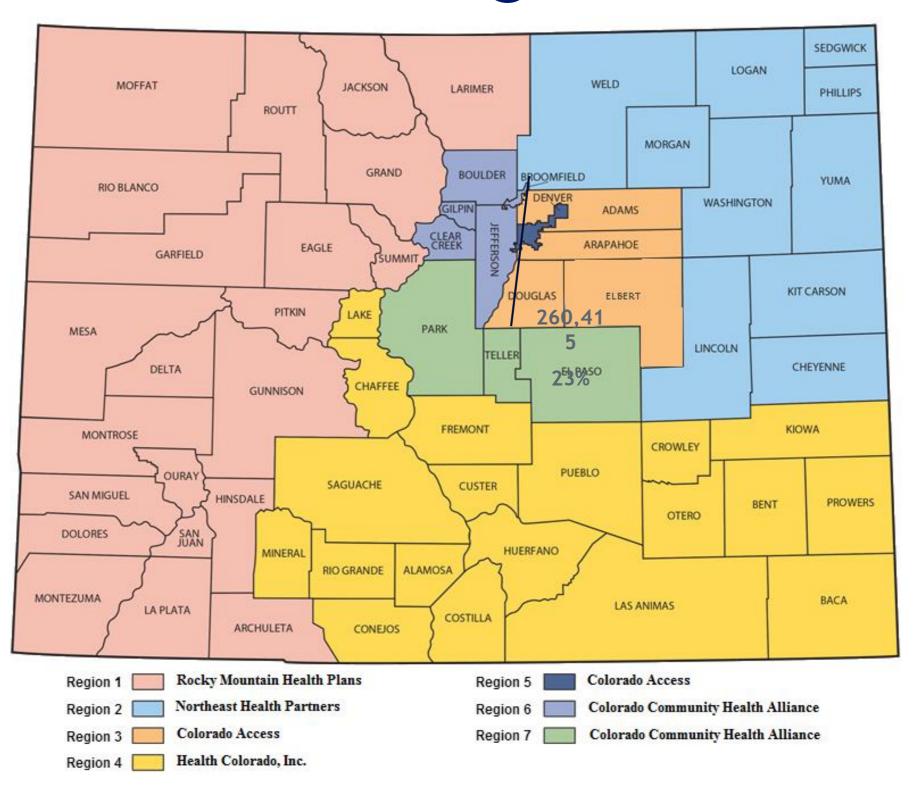
Physical Health Care Health Care

Behavioral

Fee For Service

Behavioral Health Capitation

RAE Regions



Thank You!

