

Table 11

Distribution and Rate of Lost-Time Claims, and Rate Ratio, Ranked, by Gender and Part of Body

Date of Injury - Calendar Year 2013
State of Colorado

Part of Body ¹	Gender						Total		Rate Ratio (CI) ⁴
	Female			Male			Count	Percent	
	Count	Percent	Rate ²	Count	Percent	Rate ³			
Finger(s)	449	1.7	0.4	1,130	4.3	0.8	1,579	6.0	2.16 (1.9, 2.4)
Internal Organs	129	0.5	0.1	291	1.1	0.2	420	1.6	1.94 (1.6, 2.4)
Upper Arm (Includes Shoulder(s))	1,123	4.3	0.9	2,157	8.2	1.6	3,280	12.5	1.65 (1.5, 1.8)
All Other Classified Injuries	1,660	6.3	1.4	3,169	12.0	2.3	4,829	18.4	1.64 (1.5, 1.7)
Foot/Feet	338	1.3	0.3	643	2.4	0.5	981	3.7	1.63 (1.4, 1.9)
Back	1,620	6.2	1.4	2,831	10.8	2.0	4,451	16.9	1.5 (1.4, 1.6)
Knee	1,123	4.3	0.9	1,929	7.3	1.4	3,052	11.6	1.47 (1.4, 1.6)
Death	21	0.1	0.0	32	0.1	0.0	53	0.2	1.31 (0.8, 2.3)
Hand	480	1.8	0.4	696	2.6	0.5	1,176	4.5	1.24 (1.1, 1.4)
Head	723	2.7	0.6	1,026	3.9	0.7	1,749	6.6	1.22 (1.1, 1.3)
Ankle	548	2.1	0.5	741	2.8	0.5	1,289	4.9	1.16 (1, 1.3)
Multiple Body Parts	877	3.3	0.7	859	3.3	0.6	1,736	6.6	0.84 (0.8, 0.9)
Wrist	717	2.7	0.6	512	1.9	0.4	1,229	4.7	0.61 (0.5, 0.7)
Multiple Upper Extremities	311	1.2	0.3	178	0.7	0.1	489	1.9	0.49 (0.4, 0.6)
Nonclassifiable	378	1.4	0.3	441	1.7	0.3	819	3.1	1 (0.9, 1.1)
Total⁵	10,497	38.5%	8.48	16,635	61.5%	11.65	27,132	100%	1.37 (1.3, 1.4)

Notes:

- 1 Some of the 'Part of Body' categories shown in this table incorporate related categories from Table 4 (e.g., fingers includes thumb(s); internal organs includes lungs and heart).
- 2 Rate is the number of injuries calculated per 1000 females employed in Colorado (the population-at-risk).
- 3 Rate is the number of injuries calculated per 1000 males employed in Colorado (the population-at-risk).
- 4 Rate ratio is the rate for males divided by the rate for females. A rate ratio greater than 1 means males had a higher rate than females; a ratio less than 1 means males had a lower rate than females. (CI = 95% Confidence Interval)
- 5 Total number of lost-time claims for 2013 is 27,243; one hundred eleven (111) claims were missing data for gender.

Females file claims at a higher rate than males for injuries to the (wrist, multiple body parts, multiple upper extremities).