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Individuals who are deaf, hard of hearing or have speech disabilities may contact USDA through the Federal Relay Service at (800) 877-8339, or (800) 845-6136 (Spanish).

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<td>ADAAA</td>
<td>Americans with Disabilities Act Amendments Act</td>
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<td>CACFP</td>
<td>Child and Adult Care Food Program</td>
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<tr>
<td>CCAP</td>
<td>Child Care Assistance Program</td>
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<tr>
<td>CDPHE</td>
<td>The Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment</td>
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<tr>
<td>CDPHE-CACFP</td>
<td>The Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment, Child and Adult Care Food Program</td>
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<td>CDHS</td>
<td>Colorado Department of Human Services</td>
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<td>Child Nutrition</td>
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<td>CPI</td>
<td>Consumer Price Index</td>
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<td>CPP</td>
<td>Colorado Pre-School Program</td>
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<td>DEIP</td>
<td>Deployment Extension Incentive Pay</td>
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<td>ECDP</td>
<td>Early Child Development Program</td>
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<td>FAC</td>
<td>Federal Audit Clearinghouse</td>
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<td>Food Distribution Program on Indian Reservations</td>
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<td>FNS</td>
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<td>Food Service Management Contract</td>
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<td>Income Eligibility Form</td>
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<td>IFB</td>
<td>Invitation for Bid</td>
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<td>IRS</td>
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<tr>
<td>LEP</td>
<td>Limited English Proficiency</td>
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<td>LES</td>
<td>Leave and Earning Statement</td>
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<tr>
<td>OMB</td>
<td>Office of Management and Budget</td>
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<tr>
<td>OWA</td>
<td>Organization-Wide Audit</td>
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<tr>
<td>RFP</td>
<td>Request for Proposal</td>
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<td>ROMS</td>
<td>Record of Meals Served</td>
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<td>SFA</td>
<td>School Food Authorities</td>
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<td>Summer Food Service Program</td>
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<td>SNAP</td>
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<td>SOC</td>
<td>Sponsoring Organization of Centers</td>
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<td>TANF</td>
<td>Temporary Assistance to Needy Families Program</td>
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<tr>
<td>TIN</td>
<td>Taxpayer Identification Number</td>
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<td>USDA</td>
<td>United States Department of Agriculture</td>
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<td>WIC</td>
<td>Women, Infant, and Children Program</td>
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Overview of the Child and Adult Care Food Program (CACFP)

Good nutrition is important to the health of children and older adults. The Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment (CDPHE), Child and Adult Care Food Program (CACFP) is funded by the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) to provide reimbursement to care providers for nutritious meals served to eligible, non-residential children in child care centers, Family Day Care Homes, homeless shelters, at-risk afterschool programs, Head Start programs and outside-school-hours programs, as well as meals for older adults in adult day care centers.

The CACFP serves:
- Children under the age of 13
- Children of migrant workers age 15 and under
- Physically or mentally disabled persons receiving care in a family day care home or child care center where most children are 18 years old or younger
- Adults who are functionally impaired or over the age of 60 and unable to care for themselves
- Residential children in homeless shelters under the age of 18
- Children up to 18 years old, enrolled in at-risk afterschool programs providing education or enrichment activities

The goals of the CACFP are:
- To ensure that well balanced, nutritious meals are served to children and adults in care; and
- Provide reimbursement for meals served to children and adults in care.

The policies and procedures outlined in this manual are based upon Federal regulations (7 CFR 226) and guidance governing the CACFP. The Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment, Child and Adult Care Food Program (CDPHE-CACFP) advises participating Institutions to refer to 7 CFR 226 and this manual to obtain information about the requirements for operating the CACFP. The CACFP regulations and applicable amendments can be found at http://www.gpoaccess.gov/fr/index.html.

The regulation 7 CFR 226.15(m) states: Each Institution must comply with all regulations issued by FNS (Food Nutrition Service) and the Department, all instructions and handbooks issued by FNS and the Department to clarify or explain existing regulations, and all regulations, instructions and handbooks issued by the State agency that are consistent with the provisions established in Program regulations.

This manual refers to several forms developed by the CDPHE-CACFP for use in completing the CACFP requirements. Many of the forms are available for download from the CDPHE-CACFP website http://www.colorado.gov/cs/Satellite/CDPHE-PSD/CBON/1251618272621, which is currently under revision. Please contact the CDPHE-CACFP office if you are unable to access the website and need information at (303) 692-2330.
SECTION 1-CACFP Participation Requirements

INTRODUCTION
The CACFP offers benefits to elderly and/or functionally impaired adults in non-profit and eligible for-profit adult day care settings. For each type of setting, the CACFP regulations define eligibility requirements. In addition, the CACFP requires participating organizations, referred to as Institutions throughout this manual, to meet several performance standards, which demonstrate the Institution’s financial and administrative ability to operate the CACFP with integrity.

An Institution is defined as a sponsoring organization, child care center, outside-school-hours care center, emergency shelter or adult day care center, which enters into an agreement with the State agency to assume final administrative and financial responsibility for Program operations. An Institution may be an organization that sponsors one facility or site, or multiple facilities or sites, where child or adult care is provided.

Throughout this manual, facilities or centers where adult day care is provided may be referred to as “sites”.

This section describes the CACFP eligibility requirements and general performance standards for adult day care Institutions and sponsored sites. In later sections, this manual discusses in detail specific responsibilities and requirements for the operation of the CACFP.

Eligibility Requirements for Adult Care Institutions
Adult day care facilities must be Medicaid certified, licensed or approved by alternate Federal, State or local authorities to provide non-residential day care services to functionally impaired adults or individuals 60 years of age or older in a group setting outside their home or a group living arrangement on a less than 24-hour basis. Tribal authorities are considered local authorities for purposes of licensing or approval. A State or local authority grants approval when an adult day care center meets written standards or criteria. The written standards or criteria assure that individuals are receiving care in a center that has been determined by authorized State or local officials as a center that provides a safe and healthful environment. As such, approval may vary by State.

Adult day care centers that are operated and funded by the State, Tribal or local government and must meet established standards to ensure a safe and healthy environment for participants in order to receive public funds constitute State approval for the purposes of CACFP. Receipt of Medicaid funds by an adult day care center meets these requirements and constitutes State approval for purposes of CACFP participation. Centers receiving public funding, State or Federal, are required to implement a financial management system which can show that other public funding is being used to support CACFP meals only after the CACFP reimbursement has been exhausted. This will ensure CACFP funds are used for the food service and not re-directed to non-Program activities.
Functionally impaired adults are defined by CACFP regulation as chronically impaired disabled persons 18 years of age or older, including victims of Alzheimer’s disease and related disorders with neurological and organic brain dysfunction, who are physically or mentally impaired to the extent that their capacity for independence and their ability to carry out activities of daily living is markedly limited. Activities of daily living include, but are not limited to adaptive activities such as cleaning, shopping, cooking, taking public transportation, maintaining a residence, caring appropriately for one’s grooming or hygiene, using telephones and directories or using a post office. Marked limitations refer to the severity of impairments and not the number of limited activities and occur when the degree of limitation severely interferes with the ability to function independently.

Eligible adult day care facilities must provide a community-based group Program designed to meet the needs of adults 60 years of age and older or functionally impaired adults through an individual plan of care. The Programs offered must be structured and comprehensive and provide a variety of health, social and related support services to enrolled adult participants.

Participants attending eligible adult day care Programs are eligible for the CACFP if they reside in the community with family members or other caregivers who benefit from respite services, which the adult day care setting provides. Participants who are responsible for themselves are also eligible for the CACFP. However, persons who are institutionalized in facilities such as long term care residential facilities or residences in which they receive 24-hour care by hired staff are not eligible.

Drop-in adults who eat meals at a center but are not enrolled to receive care at the center are not eligible for CACFP reimbursement. Meals served to center volunteers, regardless of age, who help with the meal service or other center activities are not eligible for reimbursement unless they are enrolled at the center and meet CACFP eligibility requirements.

Facilities that provide residential care are not eligible to participate in CACFP with respect to those residential clients. This includes, but not limited to, hospitals, nursing homes, residential facilities for the mentally ill or physically handicapped, convalescent homes, apartment complexes designed only for the functionally impaired that provide meals and full-time care and hospice programs. Adult day care centers that operate a residential program and non-residential adult day care services may be eligible to claim reimbursement for non-residential participants.

Sheltered workshops, vocational or substance abuse rehabilitation centers, social centers or other types of centers do not qualify as adult day care centers for the purpose of CACFP participation, since they are not operated primarily to provide day care to elderly and/or disabled adults in order to avoid premature institutionalization.

**Non-Profit Adult Day Care Facilities**
Adult day care facilities sponsored or operated by private, non-profit organizations, exempt from Federal income tax, under section 501(a), including 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) Code of 1954, are eligible to participate in the CACFP. Facilities operated by private organizations are also eligible if the organization is currently participating in another Federal
SECTION 1
CACFP Participation Requirements

Program, which requires non-profit status. In either case, the organization must provide a copy of the tax-exempt status determination letter or documentation of participation in another Federal Program requiring tax-exempt status.

The CACFP does not require churches to apply for tax-exempt status or provide a determination letter. However, the CACFP may require churches to provide copies of IRS Forms 990 and 1023 to verify non-profit status.

Organizations that are a part of a public entity, such as Federal, State, county or local government units or departments are also eligible for participation in the CACFP.

For-Profit Adult Day Care Facilities
For-profit adult day care facilities are eligible for CACFP participation if at least 25% of enrolled adults are beneficiaries under Title XIX and/or Title XX of the Social Security Act Participating sites must meet this requirement each month to receive CACFP reimbursement.

Sponsors of Centers (SOC)
Adult day care organizations may participate in the CACFP as independent centers (an Institution with one participating site) or as a sponsoring organization, also known as a Sponsor of Centers (SOC). A sponsoring organization is an Institution with multiple sites. Public or private non-profit facilities are not eligible to participate under the auspices of a for-profit sponsoring organization. Refer to Section 5 of this manual, entitled, “Sponsors of Centers for additional eligibility requirements for sponsoring organizations.

PUBLIC RELEASE REQUIREMENT
The required annual public release announcing the availability of the CACFP will be distributed by the CDPHE-CACFP for participating Institutions and sponsored sites. The annual public release informs applicants, participants and/or potentially eligible persons of Program rights and responsibilities, the non-discrimination policy and the procedure for filing a complaint.

CIVIL RIGHTS REQUIREMENTS
Participating Institutions must make CACFP benefits available to all eligible adult day care participants without regard to race, color, age, sex, disability or national origin.

Data Collection & Reporting Requirements
The USDA and the CDPHE-CACFP require civil rights data collection annually. All Institutions must collect data by race and ethnic category on potentially eligible populations in surrounding Program service areas. In addition, the data must include the actual number of participants served by race and ethnic category.

Ethnicity Category Definitions:
- Hispanic or Latino is defined as a person of Cuban, Mexican, Puerto Rican, South or Central American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.
Race Category Definitions:

- American Indian or Alaskan Native is defined as a person with origins in any of the original peoples of North, Central and South America.
- Asian is defined as a person with origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia or the Indian subcontinent, including, for example, Cambodia, China, India, Japan, Korea, Malaysia, Pakistan, the Philippine Islands, Thailand, and Vietnam.
- Black or African American is defined as a person with origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa.
- Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander is defined as a person with origins in any of the original peoples of Hawaii, Guam, Samoa or other Pacific Islands.
- White is defined as a person with origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, the Middle East or North Africa.

Regulations require this data collection to determine if:

- The Program is effectively reaching potential eligible beneficiaries.
- Targeted outreach is needed to reach certain groups and communities throughout Colorado.
- The participating Institutions comply with civil rights requirements.

Institutions may use census data to collect information on potentially eligible populations in surrounding Program service areas. Local libraries, schools or the Internet are possible sources for census data.

Institutions may collect the racial/ethnic information for the adults enrolled in the Institutions’ Programs on an ongoing basis using the Income Eligibility Form (IEF) or by other processes. It is ideal for participants, their families or representatives to self-identify the racial and ethnic categories. However, if they decline to self-identify, the Institution representative must make this determination and inform the families or representatives that a visual identification will be made and recorded on the IEF or in the data system. Institutions must explain to participants and/or guardians that the collection of this information has no effect on the determination of their eligibility to receive Program benefits.

Institutions must keep civil rights information for all of its sites for three years and four months past the end of the current fiscal year. The CDPHE-CACFP will verify this information during reviews.

Limited English Proficiency (LEP) Requirements

Limited English Proficiency (LEP) people are individuals who do not speak English as their primary language and who have a limited ability to read, speak, write or understand English. All Institutions must take reasonable steps to ensure LEP people have meaningful access to information about the CACFP and related services provided by the Institution. The CDPHE-CACFP has some materials available for non-English speaking people.
Other Civil Rights Requirements

- Each Institution must provide annual civil rights training to staff members. Refer to “Civil Rights Training Requirements” section of this manual for more information regarding training requirements.
- Each participating site must display the “And Justice for All” poster, in a location visible by the families or representatives of participants and visitors.
- No Institution receiving CACFP funds can discriminate against enrolled participants, their families or representatives or potential participants, their families or representatives based on religion or religious belief.
- Each Institution must inform the participants, their families or representatives of their Program rights and responsibilities and the steps necessary for participation.
- Institutions must provide a copy of the “Dear Participant/Guardian Letter” and IEF annually to participants, their families or representatives.
- Institutions must include the non-discrimination policy statement and the procedures for filing a complaint on all published, written information directed to potentially enrolled participants, their families or representatives, including menus. Refer to the “And Justice for All” poster for policy statement and procedures. If the material is too small to include the full statement, the material must include, at a minimum, the following statement: “This Institution is an equal opportunity provider”.
- All participating Institutions must notify the CDPHE-CACFP of any lawsuit filed against the Institution or any of its sites alleging discrimination based on race, color, national origin, sex, age or disability.

Civil Rights Training Requirements

Institutions are required to provide civil rights training annually to all staff involved in any aspect of the CACFP. Required civil rights training may include the topics listed below:

- **Collection & Use of Data:**
  Each Institution must collect racial and ethnic data annually. Documentation must be on file and maintained for three years and four months past the end of the current fiscal year.

- **Effective Public Notification Systems:**
  Each Institution must distribute information to each potential application for enrollment regarding the Program and its availability. This information can be found in the “Dear Participant/Guardian Letter” on the second page of the adult IEF.

- **Complaint Procedures:**
  The “And Justice for All” poster, which provides instructions for filing a complaint, must be displayed in a visible place for all participants and family members or representatives to see.

- **Requirements for Reasonable Accommodation of Persons with Disabilities:**
  Institutions must not restrict the ability of persons with disabilities to participate in the Program.

- **Requirements for Language Assistance:**
  Upon request, Institution must provide Program materials for non-English speaking participants (CDPHE-CACFP has materials available in other languages).

- **Conflict Resolution**
- **Customer Service**
The CDPHE-CACFP provides an option for civil rights training, which is a written self-study training guide and knowledge quiz. The quiz completed and signed by each staff should be maintained as documentation that the annual training requirement has been met. Training information will be verified during CACFP reviews or audits. Please contact the CDPHE-CACFP office at (303) 692-2330 to request civil rights training resources.

**METHODS OF REIMBURSEMENT**

**Commodities & Cash-In-Lieu of Commodities**

Institutions have the option to receive commodities through the USDA Food Distribution Program after one year of participation in the CACFP. Otherwise, the CACFP reimburses Institutions in the form of cash, in lieu of commodities. Refer to Section 4 of this manual, entitled, “Program Reimbursement” for more information regarding reimbursement options.

**CHARGES FOR MEALS**

Most participating Institutions include the costs of meals served to the participants at participating sites as part of a general service charge. These Institutions are non-pricing. Other Institutions charge a fee separate from the tuition fee for meals served to participants. These Institutions are pricing. The CACFP regulations outline different requirements for each type of Institution.

**Non-Pricing Institutions**

Non-pricing Institutions, which do not charge participants separately for meals and snacks served at participating sites, receive reimbursement based upon the number of meals served to participants and the income eligibility category (Free, Reduced or Paid) of the participants. The Institution’s operating funds from tuition or other sources pay for any differences between the CACFP reimbursement and the actual cost of meals. A non-pricing Institution may choose to receive reimbursement at the Paid rate, if it chooses not to collect income eligibility information from participants. A non-pricing Institution must ensure the following:

- The site serves all meals claimed at no separate charge regardless of race, color, national origin, sex, age or disability.
- The site conducts the meal service free of discrimination.
- The Institution claims meals for all sites on the Claim for Reimbursement online form in accordance with CACFP requirements.

**Pricing Institutions**

Pricing Institutions charge participants a fee for meals and snacks served at the sites that are separate from the tuition fee. These Institutions may not charge fees for meals for participants who qualify for Free meals. The CACFP reimburses Institutions at the maximum rate for these meals. Pricing Institutions may not charge participants that qualify for Reduced meals more than $0.40 for lunch or supper, $0.30 for breakfast, and $0.15 for snack (values defined by the Secretary of Agriculture). Pricing Institutions may use the CACFP reimbursement to pay for the difference between the charge and the actual costs of meals. The Institution must provide all enrolled participants the opportunity to apply for Free or Reduced meals. A pricing Institution must ensure the following:
The Institution uses the USDA criteria for determining eligibility for Free and Reduced meals.

The Institution follows established, written policies and procedures for distributing applications to participants, their families or representatives to apply for Free or Reduced meals.

The Institution follows established, written policies and procedures for protecting the anonymity of participants eligible for Free, Reduced meals as they make payments for full, or reduced prices of meals.

The Institution follows an established, written hearing procedure for use in the event of the denial or termination of Free or Reduced benefits for participants.

No participant receiving Free or Reduced meals will be overtly identified at any time, or discriminated against in the course of a meal service based on race, color, national origin, sex, age or disability.

Pricing Institutions applying for participation in the CACFP must contact the CDPHE-CACFP office at (303) 692-2330 to obtain special instructions, training and materials.

CACFP APPLICATION & RENEWAL PROCEDURES
In accordance with CACFP regulations, the CDPHE-CACFP requires new and participating Institutions to provide specific information and documents in order to apply for CACFP participation initially and annually thereafter, to recertify participation in the CACFP. The CDPHE-CACFP also requires Institutions to demonstrate an ability to meet established performance standards prior to participation as well as during the recertification process each year. The CDPHE-CACFP requires SOC, which are organizations who oversee CACFP operations for more than one site, to meet additional recertification requirements. Refer to Section 5, entitled, “Sponsors of Centers” for additional information.

The CDPHE-CACFP initial application and recertification process is completed online using the CACFP Web-based System. Please contact the CDPHE-CACFP office at (303) 692-2330 to request information on how to complete the online application packet using the CACFP Web-based System. Institutions complete many of the application requirements online. Others are documents the Institution must send by mail to the CDPHE-CACFP office at:

Colorado Department of Public Health & Environment
Child & Adult Care Food Program (CACFP)
PSD-CAC-A4
4300 Cherry Creek Drive South
Denver, CO 80246-1530

Required Application Information for New & Renewing Institutions
In addition to eligibility requirements previously discussed, the CDPHE-CACFP requires Institutions to provide records and information as part of the initial Online Application as well as the renewal application, which may include, but is not limited to, the following:

- **Certification**: Responsible principles and individuals of new and renewing Institutions must sign a certification which states the following:
The information on the application is true and correct.

The center has not been disqualified from participation in any other publicly funded Program in the past seven years.

The responsible principal(s) signing the certification has not been a principal in a center that has been ruled ineligible because of violating a publicly funded Program’s requirements during the past seven years.

The responsible principal(s) signing the certification has not been convicted of a business-related offense during the past seven years.

The responsible principal(s) signing the certification is not on the CACFP National Disqualified List.

- **Civil rights data:** New and renewing Institutions must provide racial and ethnic data of populations served and participants enrolled as described earlier in this section.

- **W-9 Form:** New Institutions must submit the State of Colorado Request for Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN) Verification form.

- **Participant eligibility information:** New Institutions must submit current information regarding the number of enrolled participants eligible for Free, Reduced and Paid meals.

- **Medicaid certification:** Institutions must provide documentation of Colorado Medicaid certification to provide adult day care services for each new site.

- **Fire inspection or health inspection:** Institutions must submit a copy of the fire inspection or health inspection completed within the 12 months before the application for new sites.

- **Documentation of for-profit eligibility (for-profit sites only):** Institutions must provide an enrollment list of participants and documentation of the receipt of Title XX or Title XIX funds for new and renewing sites as documentation of CACFP eligibility. This documentation must demonstrate that at least 25% of the enrolled participants are beneficiaries of these Programs.

- **Food Service Management Contract (FSMC) (if applicable):** Institutions must submit a copy of the Food Service Management Contract (FSMC) between the organization and the selected vendor if meals are vended at any new participating site. The CDPHE-CACFP FSMC template must be used.

- **Budget:** All new Institutions must submit a budget for review by the CDPHE-CACFP upon initial application. Renewing Institutions that sponsor only one site must review and update the budget every three years, during the renewal application process. Institutions that sponsor more than one site are required to update the budget annually. Refer to Section 5, entitled, “Sponsors of Centers” for additional information.

- **Management Plan:** All new Institutions sponsoring more than one site must submit a Management Plan for review by the CDPHE-CACFP upon initial application. Renewing Institutions that sponsor more than one site must review and update the Management Plan at least every three years and more frequently if the Institution sponsors 10 or more sites. Refer to Section 5, entitled, “Sponsors of Centers” for additional information.

- **Documentation of compliance with performance standards:** New Institutions must submit required information sufficient to document its financial viability and administrative capability of operating the Program as well as internal control procedures.
to ensure accountability. These performance standards are discussed in further detail later in this section.

Reporting of Changes to Application
The CDPHE-CACFP requires Institutions to update their Online Application information throughout the year when changes occur and submit any related documentation to the CDPHE-CACFP office. As Medicaid certifications, Title XX or Title XIX agreements and FSMCs expire, the Institution must update expiration dates and any other new information in the online application. The Institution must submit the required supporting documentation to the CDPHE-CACFP office for approval. Other required updates that may occur throughout the year include, but not limited to, changes in responsible principals or individuals, site closures, changes in meal times or approved meals, and changes in key staff members. If the address of a participating site changes, the Institution must complete a new site application and submit supporting documents with the new address for new site location. In this case, the Institution should contact the CDPHE-CACFP office for additional guidance.

CACFP PERFORMANCE STANDARDS
The CACFP requires Institutions applying for CACFP participation to demonstrate the ability to meet three CACFP performance standards, which include financial Viability, administrative Capability and Program Accountability. The CDPHE-CACFP refers to these standards as VCA. CACFP regulations require the CDPHE-CACFP to deny the initial or renewal applications of Institutions that do not meet the CACFP performance standards. The performance standards for SOC are more detailed. Refer to Section 5, entitled, “Sponsors of Centers” for more information.

Performance Standard 1 - Financial Viability & Financial Management
Institutions applying for CACFP participation must be financially viable. Institutions must spend and account for CACFP funds in accordance with CACFP regulations, outlined throughout this manual. To demonstrate financial viability, new Institutions must provide documentation of the following:

- **Fiscal Resources & Financial History**: An Institution must demonstrate that it has adequate financial resources to operate the CACFP on a daily basis, has adequate sources of funds to withstand temporary interruptions in Program payments and/or fiscal claims against the Institution (over-claims) and can document financial viability through audits, financial statements, etc.

- **Budgets**: An Institution must document costs in its budget that are necessary, reasonable and allowable.

Performance Standard 2 - Administrative Capability
Institutions applying for CACFP participation must be administratively capable to operate the Program and have appropriate and effective management practices to ensure operation of the Program in accordance with CACFP regulations. To demonstrate administrative capability, new Institutions must provide documentation of adequate staffing, including an adequate number and type of qualified staff to ensure the operation of the CACFP in accordance with CACFP regulations.
Performance Standard 3 - Program Accountability
Institutions must have internal controls and other management systems in effect to ensure fiscal accountability and Program operations in accordance with CACFP regulations. To demonstrate Program accountability, Institutions must:

- Provide documentation that the Institution has adequate oversight of the Program by its governing board of directors (pertains to non-profit organizations)
- Provide in writing a description of the financial system with management controls
- Maintain appropriate records to document compliance with CACFP requirements, including budgets, accounting records and approved budget amendments
- Follow Program practices in accordance with CACFP regulations with regard to the meal service, record keeping and other operational requirements. The application must reflect the Institution’s CACFP operational practices and demonstrate that the Institution will:
  - Provide meals in compliance with the CACFP Meal Pattern requirements
  - Comply with CACFP licensure or approval requirements
  - Operate a food service compliant with applicable State and local health and sanitation requirements
  - Comply with civil rights requirements
  - Maintain complete and appropriate records
  - Claim reimbursement only for eligible meals

In addition to the review of application materials, CACFP regulations require the CDPHE-CACFP to conduct a pre-approval visit or record review before approval of a new Institution to participate in the CACFP.

DENIAL OF APPLICATIONS
CACFP regulations require the CDPHE-CACFP to deny initial or renewal applications that do not meet all of the requirements discussed in this section. In the event of an application denial, the CDPHE-CACFP will grant the Institution appeal rights. Refer to Section 6, entitled, “Reviews & Audits” for CACFP appeal procedures.
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INTRODUCTION TO THE INCOME ELIGIBILITY FORM (IEF)
The CDPHE-CACFP reimburses participating adult day care Institutions for meals according to each enrolled participant’s eligibility for Free, Reduced or Paid meals. An Institution or site representative determines each participant’s eligibility for Free, Reduced or Paid meals using the participant’s family size and household income information provided on the IEF, which is completed by the participant, a family member of the participant or participant representative.

Once the form is complete, an Institution or site representative must compare the reported income to the current Household Eligibility Guidelines and indicate the appropriate income eligibility category (Free, Reduced, Paid) on the form. The income eligibility category determines the amount of reimbursement the Institution will receive for the meals served to the participant listed on the form.

The Institution receives the most meal reimbursement for meals claimed in the Free category and the least for meals claimed in the Paid category. The reimbursement amount for meals claimed in the Reduced category falls between the reimbursement amounts for Free or Paid meals.

Adults who are beneficiaries of Supplemental Security Income (SSI) or Medicaid are automatically eligible for Free meals. In addition, adults who reside in households in which any member of the household receives benefits from any of the following Programs are automatically eligible for Free meals:

- Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP), previously known as Food Stamps
- Food Distribution Program on Indian Reservations (FDPIR)
- Temporary Assistance to Needy Families Program (TANF)

Upon enrollment, the Institution must give participants or their representative a copy of the Welcome Letter and IEF. This letter describes the CACFP, informs the participant or his/her representative of the procedures regarding eligibility for Free and Reduced meals and explains their rights and responsibilities. If the participant or his/her representative chooses not to complete the IEF, the Institution must claim meals served to the participant in the Paid category.

Institutions must maintain a current, complete and valid IEF on file, for all participants whose meals are claimed in the Free and Reduced categories. The Institution is not required to keep IEFs on file for participants whose meals are claimed in the Paid category.

Institutions must update IEFs annually. IEFs are current and valid for a period of 12 months after the month in which the form is received and approved by the Institution. For example, if the determination date is July 2014, the form is valid from July 1, 2014 through July 31, 2015. The date to use when making this determination is either the date the participant/guardian signs the IEF or the date on which the center official makes the eligibility determination, signs and dates the IEF.
Institution officials must decide which date to use as the effective date and apply the same method to all eligibility determinations made for all participants in all sponsored sites. This new flexibility applies only to eligibility determinations made on complete IEFs that contain all required information.

The information reported on the IEF is confidential. Only authorized center representatives, CDPHE-CACFP authorized staff or auditors, and the USDA staff should have access to the forms.

**COMPLETING THE INCOME ELIGIBILITY FORM (IEF)**
The following section describes the IEF in detail. Institution or site representatives must guide persons completing the form to ensure accuracy and completeness. If special situations arise that are not discussed here, contact the CDPHE-CACFP office for more information.

**Name of Participant**
- The name of the participant must be written clearly on the IEF.

**Racial/Ethnic Identity of Participating Participant**
- The participant or representative has the option to indicate the participant’s ethnicity and race. If the person completing the form chooses not to provide this information, the Institution or site representative must complete this portion or maintain this information in an alternate process. The site representative must inform the participant/guardian that a visual identification will be made and the collection of this information has no effect on the determination of their eligibility to receive Program benefits. Refer to “Civil Rights Data Collection & Reporting Requirements” in Section 1 of this manual.

**Medicaid or SSI Number, or case numbers for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP), Temporary Assistance to Needy Families Program (TANF) or the Food Distribution Program on Indian Reservations (FDPIR)**
- If the participant receives Medicaid benefits, SSI, or if any member of the participant’s household receives benefits from the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP), Temporary Assistance to Needy Families Program (TANF), or the Food Distribution Program on Indian Reservations (FDPIR), the person completing the form must write the case numbers for any of these Programs in the appropriate box on the IEF. Forms for participants receiving SNAP benefits must reflect the case number not a Social Security Number or SNAP card number. Participants who receive any one of these benefits qualify for Free CACFP meals regardless of income.

**Reporting Household Income**
- The participant or participant representative completing the IEF must report the participant’s age and all previous month’s gross income (or expected estimate if the previous month is not an accurate reflection of income) received by the participant
and any other people who live with the participant and depend upon the participant for financial support. Reported income must include all money received before deductions by type of income in the appropriate boxes on the form. The Institution representative is responsible for adding up the reported income amounts for the household and recording the total amount on the IEF. This total is used to determine eligibility for Free or Reduced meals.

Income reported on the IEF must be an exact amount. Income may not be written as a range between two figures. The following types of cash income must be reported:

- Wages, salaries, commissions, fees, etc.
- Net income from farm and/or non-farm self-employment
- Social Security
- Dividends or interest on savings or bonds
- Income from estates or trusts
- Net rental income
- Public assistance
- Unemployment compensation
- Student financial assistance not used for the cost of tuition, fees, books, supplies and other education expenses
- Retirement pensions (civilian, government and military)
- Veteran's payments
- Private pensions or annuities
- **Alimony or child support payments**: Payments received by the household is considered income, however, any money paid out for alimony or child support may not be deducted from that household’s reported gross income.
- Regular contributions from persons not living in the household
- Net royalties
- **Military benefits**: All cash income received by the household, such as payments while on temporary duty, must be considered as income. The value of benefits other than cash, such as military base housing, is not considered income. Military service members who are deployed should be considered family members living apart on a temporary basis and considered a household member. However, only that portion of the deployed service member’s income made available by them or on their behalf to the household will be counted as income to the household.
- **Other cash income**: Cash amounts received or withdrawn from any source including savings, investments, trust accounts, lottery winnings, garage sale proceeds and other resources, which would be available to pay the price of a participant's meal.

**Special Situations**

**Other Income**

If the prior month's income does not accurately reflect circumstances, the participant or family member or representative may make a projection of current annual income. Irregular self-employment income, such as farm income, may be averaged over the previous 12 months.
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- **Self-employment**: Persons who are self-employed may project their current annual income by using last year's income as a base. Such people list their net income in this section of the IEF.

  Net income for self-employed business people is figured by subtracting business expenses from gross receipts. Business refers to a professional enterprise or partnership. Expenses include, but are not limited to, the cost of goods purchased, rent, heat, light, power, depreciation charges, wages and salaries paid and business taxes (not personal income taxes). Gross receipts include the total value of goods sold or services rendered by the business.

  The value of saleable merchandise consumed by the proprietors of retail stores is not included as part of net income.

- **Farmers**: A farmer is anyone who operates a farm on his/her own account as an owner, renter or sharecropper. Net income for a self-employed farmer is figured by subtracting his/her operating expenses from gross receipts.

  A farmer's operating expenses include, but not limited to, cost of feed, fertilizer, seed, and other farming supplies, cash wages paid to farmhands, depreciation charges, cash rent; interest on farm mortgages, farm building repairs and farm taxes (not including State and Federal income taxes). Gross receipts include, but are not limited to, the value of all products sold, money received from the rental of farm equipment to others and incidental receipts from the sale of items such as wood, sand and gravel.

  The value of fuel, food or other farm products used for family living is not included as part of a farmer's net income.

  In all cases of reporting net income from self-employment, operating expenses must always be subtracted from gross receipts. This difference is the amount of money available for living expenses. No negative income may be listed.

**Income Exclusions**
Income not to be reported or counted as income in the determination of a participant's eligibility for Free and Reduced benefits includes:

- **Income earned by people living with the participant in the household, but who do not depend upon the participant for financial support.**

- **Federal Program benefits**: Any cash income or value of benefits a household may receive from any Federal Program that excludes reporting such income by legislative prohibition, such as the value of SNAP benefits, the value of Free or Reduced meals received in schools or participant care Programs under the National School Lunch Act and the value of participant care benefits received under Title XX of the Social Security Act.
**Student financial assistance:** Assistance provided for the costs of attendance at an education Institution, such as grants and scholarships, awarded to help meet educational expenses should not be reported. However, any extra funds not used for the cost of education are considered income.

**Loans:** Money received from loans is not considered as earned income since these funds are only temporarily available and must be repaid.

**Per capita payments:** Payments for funds held in trust by the Secretary of Interior for the Benefit of Indians (including trust funds covered by Public Law 98-64, 98 Stat. 365, August 2, 1983) are not to be counted as income or resources in determining benefits under Federal and Federally-assisted Programs. The Law states in part, "None of the funds and any purchases made with such funds, including all interest and investment income accrued therein while such funds are so held in trust, shall be subject to Federal or State income taxes, nor shall such funds nor their availability be considered as income or resources nor otherwise utilized as the basis for denying or reducing the financial assistance or other benefits to which such household or members would otherwise be entitled under the Social Security Act, or, except for per capita shares in excess of $2,000, any Federal or Federally-assisted Program." This exempt status continues regardless of whether the funds are deposited in a bank or other financial Institution. Until further notice, proceed on the assumption that the exemption of $2,000 or less applies to each separate payment to each Indian. Only amounts in excess of $2,000 should be counted as income or resources.

**"In-kind" compensation:** The value of “in-kind” compensation allowances, such as military base housing or other subsidized housing, medical and dental services are not counted as income.

**Payments received by foster parents:** Money received by foster parents for the care of foster children is not included in the household income. Refer to “Income Eligibility Form Definitions” in this section for more information on foster children.

**Household Size**
- The person completing the form must indicate the total number of people who live in the household who depend upon the participant for financial support on the IEF. The Institution or site representative uses this information to determine eligibility for Free or Reduced meals.

**Social Security Number**
- If a minimum of one Medicaid number or SSI number, or case number for SNAP, TANF or FDPIR is not provided; the form must reflect the Social Security Number of the participant, or the participant’s representative signing the IEF. If the person does not have a Social Security Number, this must be indicated on the form. Without this information, the IEF is not valid.
Signature

- The participant or representative completing the IEF must sign and date the form, which certifies the accuracy of the information and provide a contact telephone number and address of residence.

Institution Approval of IEFs

- An authorized Institution or site representative must first review the IEF for accuracy and completeness, then total all reported income and record the total income in the appropriate space.

- The authorized representative must use the current Household Income Eligibility Guidelines to determine the correct income eligibility category (Free, Reduced or Paid). The chart on the IEF letter must not be used to determine eligibility.

- The authorized representative must indicate the income eligibility category (Free, Reduced, Paid) on the IEF by checking the appropriate box in the section designated for staff use.

- Once the determination is made, the authorized representative must sign and date the IEF for approval. The date to use when making this determination is either the date the participant/guardian signs the IEF or the date on which the center official makes the eligibility determination and signs and dates the IEF.

- The IEF will expire 12 months after the month in which the form is received and approved by the Institution. For example, if the determination date is July 12, 2014, the form is valid from July 1, 2014 through July 31, 2015. If an IEF is expired for an entire month, the Institution must claim meals for the participant in the Paid category.

- If the IEF reports zero household income, the form is valid for an entire year (12-month period) from the date the authorized Institution or site representative approves and signs the form.

Tips for Maintaining Income Eligibility Forms (IEFs)

- Every July, update all IEFs, regardless of when they expire. Before July of every year, the CDPHE-CACFP will provide Institutions with an updated copy of the Household Eligibility Guidelines. This system ensures that Institutions use the most current Household Income Guidelines to determine the income eligibility of participants. In addition, staff members can update all forms at the same time each year, which minimizes errors and time spent tracking expiration dates of many IEFs.

- Keep all current IEFs together in a 3-ring binder, alphabetized by last name.

- Retain valid IEFs on file for all participants whose meals are claimed in the Free or Reduced categories at any time, even if they no longer attend the adult day care.

- Each year when the IEFs expire, file the old IEFs together in the back of the 3-ring binder or in a separate labeled folder.
Disaster Benefits & Eligibility for Free Meals
In circumstances where Institutions are responding to situations, resulting from damage or disruptions of CACFP operations due to natural disasters CDPHE-CACFP may allow flexibility in meal service requirements and administrative procedures. For further information, please contact the CDPHE-CACFP office.

Definitions Regarding Household Members

**Adopted Child:** A child for whom a family has accepted legal responsibility. The adopted child is reported as a household member if he/she resides with the adult day care participant and depends upon the participant for financial support.

**Foster Child:** A child who is living with a family but who remains the legal responsibility of the welfare agency or court. The IEF must reflect this child and his/her income if the child resides with the adult day care participant and depends upon the participant for financial support. The foster child’s income includes funds provided by the welfare agency that is specifically identified by category for the personal use of the child, such as for clothing, school fees and allowances. Other funds received by the child, including any income the child earns for full-time or regular part-time employment, and money provided by the child’s family for personal use, are also considered income. Welfare funds paid to the foster parents identified by category for shelter and care, and those identified as special needs funds, such as those for medical and therapeutic needs are not considered income.

**Military Families:** A household member who is serving in the military overseas or is assigned to a military base for an extended period of time, and is not living with the household is not considered part of the household. Military service members who are deployed and temporarily absent from the household are should be reflected on the IEF as household members if they also depend upon the adult day care participant for financial support. In both situations, only that portion of the service member’s income made available to the household will be counted as income to the household.

**Non-Citizens:** Eligibility to receive meal benefits is based on the household size and income criteria for all participants regardless of United States (US) citizenship.

**Student Away at School:** A student who is temporarily away at school (e.g., boarding school or college) and who receives his/her primary support from the family. The student should be reflected on the IEF as a household member if the student is also dependent upon the adult day care participant for financial support.

INTRODUCTION TO RECORD OF MEALS SERVED (ROMS)
Record of Meals Served (ROMS) is the documentation of meals claimed each day of the week at each site, by meal type and income eligibility category, specifically for each participant enrolled. The CDPHE-CACFP requires participating sites to complete these records, also known as meal counts. The ROMS serves as the basis for the information reported on the Claim for Reimbursement. Meal counts must be recorded on the ROMS at or near the time of the meal service each day according to visual observation of which participants are served a creditable meal and participate in the meal service. A completed ROMS form includes:

- The full name of each participant
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- The code for the income eligibility category of each participant (Free, Reduced, Paid) according to the IEF; this information is coded to maintain confidentiality (For example, Z=Free, Y=Reduced, X=Paid)
- A record of which creditable meals and snacks are served to each participant on each day of the week

Each month, Institutions use the ROMS as a worksheet to complete the Claim for Reimbursement. Accuracy is crucial to ensure the Institution receives the appropriate reimbursement for meals served and to prevent errors that may result in an over-claim, for which the Institution may owe funds back to the CDPHE-CACFP. Institutions may claim a maximum of two meals and one snack or two snacks and one meal per participant, per day. Use the ROMS to calculate total meal counts by meal type (breakfast, a.m. snack, lunch, p.m. snack, supper, late snack) and income eligibility category (Free, Reduced, Paid) as well as other information required on the Claim for Reimbursement.

The CDPHE-CACFP provides a ROMS form for use by the sites. The Institution may develop an alternate ROMS form, which must reflect the same information as the CDPHE-CACFP form. In this case, the CDPHE-CACFP staff must approve the form for use.

Completing Record of Meals Served (ROMS)
The following section describes the ROMS form in detail. Institution representatives must guide staff in completing the ROMS to ensure accuracy and completeness. If special situations arise that are not discussed here, contact the CDPHE-CACFP office. The ROMS must be kept on file to support all claims for reimbursement.

Names & Income Eligibility Codes
Staff should use a separate ROMS form for each group of participants (i.e., if groups of participants consume meals in separate dining areas) and document meal counts for only one week on each form. When the month ends during the middle of the week, a new ROMS form must be created when the new month begins. Each ROMS form must include the following information:

- The name of the group of participants, if applicable;
- The full name of each participant (last name, then first), listed alphabetically;
- The date for each day of the week; and
- The code for the income eligibility category of each participant (codes other than F, R and P to maintain confidentiality). ROMS should not reflect income eligibility codes on the ROMS until after the records are complete and removed from the dining areas.

Remember that a valid and current IEF must be on file for all participants whose meals are claimed in the Free or Reduced categories. If the Institution does not have an IEF for a participant, meals served to that participant must be claimed in the Paid category. Authorized staff should check the information on the ROMS for accuracy.
Recording Meal Counts
Each day, at the time of meal service, staff must mark an “X” in the appropriate boxes to show who is participating in the meal service and served a creditable meal or snack according to visual observation.

Institutions may:
- Claim three meals or snacks per participant, per day (no more than two meals and one snack or two snacks and one meal).
- Claim meals only for participants who participate in the meal service.
- Claim meals only for participants who consume the meal or snack while in care.
- Claim meals that meet the CACFP Meal Pattern requirements.
- Claim meals recorded only at or near the time of meal service according to visual observation. Institutions may not use attendance records to complete the ROMS. Attendance records are not specific and will not reflect special situations in which meals cannot be claimed.
- Claim meals only for participants for whom all of the meal components are provided by the Institution.
- Claim meals only for participants enrolled in adult day care.
- Claim meals that are not claimed under Part C of Title III of the Older Americans Act of 1965.
- Claim meals served to participants who reside in the community, with family members or other caregivers who benefit from respite services, which the adult day care setting provides. Meals served to individuals who have no caretakers and are responsible for themselves are also eligible for reimbursement. However, meals served to participants who are institutionalized in facilities such as a long-term care residential facility or residences in which they receive 24-hour care by staff hired to provide the care are not eligible for reimbursement.

Funds for meals served by adult day care centers are also available from other Federal and State sources. For example, some adult day care centers receive funds under Title III of the Older Americans Act of 1965. However, a single meal may not be supported by funds from both the CACFP and Title III. If a center uses Title III funds for costs associated with a meal, the center may not claim reimbursement for that meal under the CACFP.

Title III benefits include all assistance provided under Part C of Title III of the older Americans Act, including USDA Foods (or cash-in-lieu of USDA foods) authorized by the Act and provided by the Department of Agriculture and nutrition grants authorized by the Act and provided by the Department of Health and Human Services. An adult day care center may use CACFP and Title III funds for different individuals’ meals within the same meals service or for different individuals’ meal services (breakfast, lunch, dinner or snacks).

Calculating Total Meal Counts
At the end of each week, an authorized staff member must calculate the total number of meals served to participants by meal type and income eligibility category. Use of a highlighter to color
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code each name and corresponding meal counts according to the participant’s income eligibility category allows for easy and accurate counting of meals within each category. After highlighting meal counts according to income eligibility category, calculate the total number of Free, Reduced and Paid meals and snacks for each day. Record the totals in the appropriate boxes at the bottom of the chart. Once these totals are recorded, calculate weekly totals by meal type and income eligibility category and record them in the “Page Total” box.

The CACFP requires reporting of the total number of participants who ate at least one meal or snack each day during the claiming period. These daily and weekly totals are recorded in the boxes at the top of the ROMS form. This information is then transferred to the Claim for Reimbursement.

Tips for Managing Record of Meals Served (ROMS)

- As participants enroll or discontinue care during the month, add or cross out their names on the ROMS form. If changes to the list are made, make a new, updated master list at the beginning of the next month.
- Ensure that meals ineligible for reimbursement are not included in the daily meal count.
- Ensure each participant’s name is listed only once on the ROMS.
- Use first and last names on the ROMS. Be sure these names match those listed on IEFs.
- Do not include more than one month on the ROMS at any time.
- Keep one ROMS form for each group of participants, if applicable.
- Keep the ROMS forms without income eligibility categories indicated on a clipboard with a pencil attached near the dining areas.
- Have another staff person double check counting.
- Assign a designated staff person to complete the ROMS daily.
- Do not leave the task of counting to the end of the month. Procrastinating increases the possibility of errors.

ATTENDANCE RECORDS
The CDPHE-CACFP requires participating adult day care Institutions to maintain a record of attendance for each day meals are claimed for reimbursement.

INDIVIDUAL PLANS OF CARE
The CACFP requires participating Institutions to develop an individual plan of care for each functionally impaired adult participant. Individual plans of care must demonstrate a center’s ability to provide a variety of health, social and supportive services for its enrolled participants. For CACFP purposes, participating centers do not need an individual plan of care for participating adults 60 year of age or older who are not functionally impaired. The CDPHE-CACFP will request a sample of individual care plans during CACFP reviews.

RECORDS TO DEMONSTRATE OPERATION OF A NON-PROFIT MEAL SERVICE
Introduction to Non-Profit Meal Service
The primary purpose of the CACFP reimbursement is to improve the quality of the meals served by the Institution and ensure compliance with the CACFP Meal Pattern requirements with regard to content and quantity. After these goals are met, participating Institutions may use CACFP
reimbursement funds for other costs associated with the meal service and management of the CACFP.

The CACFP requires all Institutions to establish procedures to collect and maintain documentation of non-profit food service to ensure that all CACFP reimbursement funds are used solely for the conduct of the food service operation or to improve food service operations for the benefit of the enrolled participants.

Institutions must maintain records of their operating and administrative costs to support the operation of a non-profit food service and demonstrate appropriate use of the CACFP reimbursement funds. Records must be legible, dated and itemized. Refer to the charts found in this section for required records of operating and administrative costs. For review purposes, Institutions must keep receipts; invoices and contracts organize them by month.

Although funds are not paid for donations of food and non-food items for the food service, the Institution must maintain documentation of donations received that are used for meals claimed for reimbursement. This documentation must include the date of donation, an itemized list of goods received, the name of the donor and the contact information for the donor.

Institutions that receive public funding in addition to CACFP reimbursement are required to implement a financial management system that can show that other public funding is not being used to support CACFP meals. Institutions that purchase meals from other than commercial vendors must make a determination that the meals they are receiving are not supported by other public funds.

**Allowable Operating Costs**

Operating costs are limited to the Institution’s allowable expenses of serving meals to eligible participants. These costs include:

*Food Costs:* Food costs include funds used to purchase food and beverages for the preparation of meals served to the enrolled participants. These costs include the purchase price and charges for processing, transporting, storing and handling purchased or donated food, including USDA commodities.

*Food Service Labor Costs:* Food service labor costs are funds used to pay for labor related to the operation of the food service. These costs may include wages, salaries, employee benefits and the share of taxes paid by the Institution. Food service labor includes menu planning, meal preparation, meal service, cleanup after the meal, supervision of the food service operation, supervision of the participants during mealtime, preparation of CACFP menus and production records, and purchasing of food and food service supplies.

*Costs of Non-Food Supplies for Food Service:* Costs of non-food supplies for the operation of the food service may include purchases of paper goods, cleaning supplies for the food service and small equipment for use in the food service operation.
Food Service Equipment: Allowable costs for food service equipment include direct costs for the purchase, maintenance and repair of food service equipment as well as depreciation expenses for non-expendable equipment. Depreciation is the expense associated with the use of the equipment for the operation of the CACFP. Depreciation is based on acquisition cost and the life expectancy of the item, and the costs of improvements, alterations or repairs that extend the useful life of the item. Any generally accepted method of computing depreciation may be used as long as the method results in equitable charges considering the useful life of items and the benefits received by the CACFP. Depreciation is not allowed on any equipment considered fully depreciated or donated.

### Operating Costs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Food Costs</th>
<th>Records to Keep</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• Purchases of food and beverages</td>
<td>• Itemized and dated receipts of purchases of food and beverages</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Costs of processing, transporting, storing or handling purchased or donated foods</td>
<td>• Invoices and contract for the purchase of meals from a school or food service management company</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Invoices for the delivery, storage or handling of purchased or donated foods</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Food Service Labor Costs</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• Wages</td>
<td>Payroll records, including rate of pay, benefits, taxes paid, and total hours worked</td>
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<tr>
<td>• Salaries</td>
<td>Records of hours spent on specific food service duties</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Employee benefits</td>
<td>Verification that the employee has been paid (i.e., canceled check or Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT) deposit verification)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Taxes</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Non-Food Supplies Costs</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• Purchases of non-food supplies for the food service</td>
<td>Itemized and dated receipts and invoices of the purchase of non-food supplies for the food service operation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Costs of processing, transporting, storing, or handling purchased or donated non-food supplies</td>
<td>Invoices for the delivery, storage or handling of purchased or donated non-food supplies for the food service operation</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Food Service Equipment</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• Direct costs of the purchase or rental of food service equipment</td>
<td>Itemized and dated receipts and invoices of purchase of equipment for food service operation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Costs of maintenance and repair of equipment</td>
<td>Itemized and dated receipts and invoices of expenses for maintenance and repair of food service equipment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Depreciation costs of equipment</td>
<td>Depreciation records indicating the amount of depreciation taken each period and when appropriate, prorated between CACFP and non-CACFP use</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Allowable Administrative Costs

Administrative costs are limited to the Institution’s allowable expenses for planning, organizing and managing the CACFP. These costs include:
Section 2- Administrative Record Keeping Requirements

**Administrative Labor Costs:** Administrative labor costs include salaries, wages, benefits and the share of taxes paid by the Institution for the following CACFP duties:
- Managing CACFP operations, including preparing and submitting application materials and planning, organizing and monitoring CACFP operations.
- Completing and maintaining daily records to support Claims for Reimbursement, including reviewing and approving IEFs, preparing the Claim for Reimbursement, managing meal count records and depositing and distributing reimbursement funds.
- Training staff on CACFP operations and providing nutrition education.

**Accounting Costs:** Accounting costs include the costs of establishing and maintaining accounting and other information systems for the management of the CACFP. Institutions must use generally accepted accounting principles.

**Communications Costs:** Communications costs include the costs of supplies and services used for managing the CACFP, such as telephone, telegrams, fax, license fees for email software, Internet services, postage and messenger services. These costs must be allocated between CACFP and non-CACFP use.

**Mileage Costs:** If the Institution owns or leases vehicles or its employees, officers, directors, or trustees use personally owned or personally leased vehicles for CACFP purposes, the Institution may use CACFP reimbursement funds to pay for actual costs for operating vehicles or a mileage allowance.
- **Actual costs** include the CACFP share of costs for operating the vehicle including gas, oil, routine maintenance and, as applicable, depreciation, use allowance or leasing fee.
- **A mileage allowance** is the full amount allowed for the costs of operating the vehicle, excluding the driver’s salary, parking fees and toll fees. The Institution may use either the CDPHE approved mileage allowance or the same allowance used by the Institution for reporting business vehicle costs for Federal tax purposes.

**Printing & Reproduction Costs:** The Institution may use CACFP reimbursement funds to pay for the costs of printing and reproduction for materials related to the CACFP. If only a portion of the material is related to the CACFP, reimbursement funds may be used for the costs associated with that portion of the material.

**Rental Costs:** CACFP reimbursement funds may be used for rental of equipment for use in the CACFP.

**Purchased Services:** CACFP reimbursement funds may be used to pay for costs of purchased services related to CACFP operations, such as janitorial services, utilities and security.
Section 2-
Administrative Record Keeping Requirements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ADMINISTRATIVE COSTS</th>
<th>RECORDS TO KEEP</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Labor Costs</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>· Managing CACFP operations</td>
<td>· Payroll records, including rate of pay, benefits, taxes paid and total hours worked</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>· Completing and maintaining records</td>
<td>· Records of hours spent on specific administrative duties</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>· Training</td>
<td>· Verification that the employee has been paid (canceled check or EFT deposit verification)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accounting Costs</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>· Costs of establishing and maintaining accounting and information systems</td>
<td>· Itemized and dated receipts and invoices of accounting expenses</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Communications Costs</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>· Costs of supplies and services for CACFP use</td>
<td>· Itemized and dated receipts and invoices of the purchase of supplies and services</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mileage Costs</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>· Actual costs of operating vehicles, including gas, oil, routine maintenance or depreciation</td>
<td>For each trip:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>· Mileage allowance for the costs of operating vehicles</td>
<td>· Date, time, name of traveler, origin and destination, reason for trip, and certification in writing by responsible official documenting that all travel costs and mileage for Program purposes are reasonable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Printing &amp; Reproduction Costs</td>
<td>· Mileage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>· Costs of printing and reproduction of materials</td>
<td>· Dated and itemized receipts for expenses considered actual costs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Costs for Rental Equipment</td>
<td>· Depreciation costs, as applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>· Costs of rental of equipment used for the operation of the CACFP</td>
<td>· Documentation of ownership of the vehicle by Institution or employee</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Costs of Purchased Services</td>
<td>· Dated and itemized service contracts or invoices</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>· Costs of purchased services such as janitorial services, security and utilities</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Unallowable Costs
Institutions must demonstrate that all CACFP funds are used solely for the food service or operation of the CACFP. CACFP reimbursement funds may not be used for the following expenses:
Non-Creditable Foods Costs: CACFP reimbursement may only be used for the costs of creditable foods. Examples of non-creditable foods, for which costs are not allowed, include soft drinks, potato chips and cakes.

Donated Foods: The value of donated foods and food service supplies or equipment may not be used to support the operation of a non-profit food service.

Entertainment Costs: Costs for party items, amusement, gifts, social activity rentals and foods for social functions are not allowable.

General Business Expenses: Costs conducting the general business of an organization are unallowable. These costs include non-food service related items, services purchased for the care setting, such as equipment, materials for activities, etc. and salaries for non-CACFP related labor.

LOBBYING & LOBBYING RELATED ACTIVITIES
Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-122 "Cost Principles for Non-Profit Organizations" defines lobbying and lobbying related activities and their allow ability. The revised Circular changes the term "political advocacy" to "lobbying". The Circular:
- Restricts attempts to influence legislation at the legislative or grass roots level at Federal expense;
- Prohibits any attempt to influence the introduction of new or the modification of any pending Federal or State legislation through communication with government officials or employees connected with the legislative decision-making process; and
- Bans the preparation or distribution of publicity or propaganda that urges the general public (or any segment of it) to contribute to or participate in any mass demonstration, march, rally, fundraising drive, lobbying, letter writing or telephone campaign.

*Note: No costs associated with any of these activities are reimbursable by any Federal Program.

This Circular's purpose is to ensure that the Federal Government does not subsidize lobbying efforts with appropriated funds. The philosophy behind the Circular is that the use of Federal funds for lobbying is not proper. If this were allowed, the political process could be distorted by favoring those with Federally funded contracts or grants over those required to conduct lobbying activities at their own expense.

The CDPHE-CACFP is responsible for advising its participants of this Circular and its contents. It must also establish procedures for resolving, in advance, interpretations and questions concerning this Circular.

It is the Institution’s responsibility to determine the allow ability of an activity and any of its associated costs. If activities are undertaken and costs are incurred that are not approved in advance, and are subsequently judged unallowable, the Institution is responsible for them. To determine the allow ability of a lobbying related activity and any costs associated with the activity before incurring any cost, the Institution may:
Submit a written inquiry concerning an activity or cost to the CDPHE-CACFP.

Upon receipt of the inquiry, the CDPHE-CACFP will review and make a decision within 15 working days. If a decision cannot be made within that period, the CDPHE-CACFP will notify the Institution in writing as to when a decision will be made.

The CDPHE-CACFP will send a written response when a decision is made.

STAFF TRAINING RECORDS

Staff Training Requirements
The CACFP regulations require key staff of the Institution to receive CACFP training prior to participating in the CACFP. The CDPHE-CACFP provides options for training, which include formal training sessions and written training modules. Participating Institutions must train key staff members at all participating sites at least annually thereafter on content areas defined by the CDPHE-CACFP. The CDPHE-CACFP defines “key staff” as people who oversee CACFP functions at the sites (i.e., director, administrator), perform record keeping tasks or maintain paperwork (i.e., assistant director), perform food service and food service duties (i.e., cook, people serving the meal), or any person responsible for CACFP duties.

Required annual training may include the topics listed below. All training must be appropriate to the level of experience and duties of staff. New staff will require much more intensive training, while experienced staff may only require a refresher on the topics or training in an unfamiliar area. Likewise, staff with specific duties may not need training in all the following areas:

- **CACFP Meal Pattern Requirements**: Meal pattern components, creditable and non-creditable foods and quantity of food requirements
- **Record Keeping Procedures**: ROMS, IEFs and Claim for Reimbursement
- **Food Service Operations**: Production records, cooking, use of the Simplified Food Buying Guide Book and food purchasing requirements
- **Nutrition & Physical Activity**: Healthy menu planning and nutrition and physical activity guidelines
- **Meal Service**: Mealtime environment, feeding techniques and meal service style options
- **Food Safety & Sanitation**: Safe food handling, sanitation of food service and preparation areas, hand washing, appropriate use of gloves and safe food temperatures
- **CPR or First Aid Training with a Choking Prevention Component**

Annual Civil Rights Training Requirements
All participating Institutions must ensure that frontline staff and managers of frontline staff be trained annually on civil rights requirements. Frontline staff members are people who interact with participants and their families or representatives. Topics selected for civil rights training should be applicable to the duties and skill level of the staff members. These topics may include:

- Annual collection and use of civil rights data (reported race and ethnicity)
- The Institution’s method of informing participants of CACFP availability, rights and responsibilities, nondiscrimination policy and the procedure for filing a complaint
- Procedure for filing a complaint for discrimination
- Required reasonable accommodations of persons with disabilities
- The Institution’s methods of providing language assistance when needed
Training Documentation Requirements
The CDPHE-CACFP requires Institutions to maintain documentation of annual training received by key staff. Records must include the following information:
- Date of training;
- Name of instructor and/or description of materials used;
- Name and title of each attending staff member; and
- List of topics covered.

RECORD KEEPING REQUIREMENTS FOR FOR-PROFIT INSTITUTIONS
For-profit adult day care Institutions must maintain documentation for each participating site, which verifies that at least 25% of the enrolled participants at the site receive benefits under Title XIX of the Social Security Act, the Grant to States for Medical Assistance Programs (Medicaid), or Title XX of the Social Security Act. This documentation must verify eligibility for each claiming month.

RECORD RETENTION REQUIREMENTS FOR ALL INSTITUTIONS
The CDPHE-CACFP requires Institutions to maintain all records required by the CACFP for three years and four months past the end of the current fiscal year. These records may be stored off-site; however, they must be accessible in the event of a review.
MEAL PATTERN REQUIREMENTS FOR ADULTS

The CACFP provides reimbursement funds to adult day care institutions for creditable meals served to the participants in care. Meals that are creditable meet all requirements defined in the CACFP Meal Patterns for adults. An institution may receive reimbursement only for meals that include the required components, creditable foods and adequate quantities of food.

The CACFP Meal Pattern for adults specifies the minimum required meal components for breakfast, snack and lunch/supper. The meal components and quantities reflected in the CACFP Meal Pattern are minimum requirements to receive CACFP reimbursement. Participating sites may serve larger quantities of the required components and additional food items. However, the institution will not receive additional reimbursement from the CACFP. The CDPHE-CACFP allows participating sites to choose from several styles of meal service, which may affect the Adult Meal Pattern. Refer to “Meal Service Options” later in this section for more information.

COLORADO CACFP HEALTHIER MEAL INITIATIVES

The current USDA Meal Pattern for CACFP allows for a wide variety of foods designed to meet basic nutrition requirements. Colorado CACFP is moving beyond these requirements with the Colorado Healthier Meals Initiative, a set of nutrition policies aimed at improving the nutritional intake of participants. These new policies are not required but recommended for adult day care centers as sound nutrition guidelines for adults. In addition to the requirements of the milk policy to serve participants fat-free or low-fat milk as listed below, the Colorado CACFP Healthier Meal Initiative Policies are:

**Policy 1:** Limit 100% fruit juice to no more than twice per week
- Fruits and vegetables are more nutritious than fruit juice and provide dietary fiber
- 100% fruit juice offers no nutritional advantage over whole fruits
- Overconsumption of 100% fruit juice can contribute to overweight and obesity
- Providing fruits and vegetables instead of fruit juice reinforces healthier eating habits

**Policy 2:** Limit processed meats to once per week
- Processed meats are typically high in sodium, saturated fat and total fat
- Replacing processed meats with lean meats and/or meat alternates greatly reduces amount of calories, sodium and fat in the diet

**Policy 3:** At least one whole grain product per day
- Whole grains are an excellent source of nutrients such as iron, magnesium, selenium, B vitamins and dietary fiber
- Increase whole grain intake by replacing refined grains with whole grains whenever possible
FAT-FREE & LOW-FAT MILK
Milk served in the CACFP must be consistent with the most recent version of the Dietary Guidelines for Americans. The Dietary Guidelines recommend that persons over 2 years of age consume low-fat (1%) or fat-free (skim) fluid milk. Therefore, fluid milk served in CACFP to participants two years of age and older must be: fat-free or low-fat milk, fat-free or low-fat lactose reduced milk, fat-free or low-fat lactose free milk, fat-free or low-fat buttermilk, or fat-free or low-fat acidified milk. Milk served must be pasteurized fluid milk that meets State and local standards, and may be flavored or unflavored.

The CACFP requires the Institution to purchase and provide all of the food components to receive reimbursement for meals and snacks. Meals and snacks consisting of foods that are not provided or purchased by the Institution are not eligible for reimbursement.

When using the CACFP Meal Pattern to plan meals for reimbursement, remember the following specific requirements:

- At snack, two varieties of food from the same group of components (e.g., turkey and cheese or apples and orange juice) do not meet the requirement to serve at least two of the four possible components, regardless of quantity. Participating sites must select the two food items from two different component groups.
- At snack, participating sites may not serve fruit or vegetable juice with milk as the only two snack components.
- Participating sites may serve sweet bread/bread alternates only at breakfast and snack.
- Participating sites must limit sweet bread/bread alternates and tortilla chips to no more than twice per week on the menu.
- If the site uses a commercial meat/meat alternate, for which the quantity of meat cannot be verified, a second, creditable meat/meat alternate must be served. Examples include breaded chicken patties, commercial lasagna, commercial meatballs, etc.
- Participating sites may use 100% fruit or vegetable juice to satisfy no more than half of the fruit/vegetable requirement at lunch and supper.
- At lunch and supper, the CACFP Meal Pattern requires two different varieties of fruits and/or vegetables. A mixture of fruits or vegetables, such as fruit cocktail or mixed peas and carrots, will only count as one of the varieties at lunch.
### ADULT DAY CARE FOOD PROGRAM FOOD CHART

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FOOD COMPONENTS</th>
<th>Breakfast</th>
<th>Lunch</th>
<th>Supper</th>
<th>Snack</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>MILK</strong></td>
<td>1 cup</td>
<td>1 cup</td>
<td></td>
<td>1 cup</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fluid Milk</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>VEGETABLES AND/OR FRUITS</strong></td>
<td>¼ cup</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>½ cup</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vegetable(s) and/or Fruit(s) or</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Full strength vegetable or fruit</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>juice or An equivalent combination of vegetables, fruits &amp; juice</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>GRAINS/BREAD/BREAD ALTERNATES</strong></td>
<td>1 slice</td>
<td>1 slice</td>
<td>1 slice</td>
<td>1 slice</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bread</td>
<td>1 serving</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Or Combread, biscuits, rolls, muffins</td>
<td>½ cup or 1 oz</td>
<td>½ cup or 1 oz</td>
<td>½ cup or 1 oz</td>
<td>½ cup or 1 oz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Or Cold, dry cereal</td>
<td>¼ cup</td>
<td>¼ cup</td>
<td>¼ cup</td>
<td>¼ cup</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Or Cooked cereal</td>
<td>½ cup</td>
<td>½ cup</td>
<td>½ cup</td>
<td>½ cup</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Or Cooked pasta or noodle product</td>
<td>½ cup</td>
<td>½ cup</td>
<td>½ cup</td>
<td>½ cup</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Or Cooked cereal grains or an equivalent quantity of any combination of bread/bread alternates</td>
<td>½ cup</td>
<td>½ cup</td>
<td>½ cup</td>
<td>½ cup</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>MEAT/MEAT ALTERNATES</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lean meat, poultry or fish or</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cheese</td>
<td>2 oz</td>
<td>2 oz</td>
<td></td>
<td>1 oz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Or Eggs</td>
<td>2 oz</td>
<td>2 oz</td>
<td></td>
<td>1 oz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Or Cooked dry beans or peas or</td>
<td>1 egg</td>
<td>1 egg</td>
<td>½ egg</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peanut butter or soy nut butter</td>
<td>½ cup</td>
<td>½ cup</td>
<td>½ cup</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or other nut or seed butters or</td>
<td>4 tbsp</td>
<td>4 tbsp</td>
<td>2 tbsp</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peanuts or soy nuts or tree nuts</td>
<td>1 oz = 50%</td>
<td>1 oz = 50%</td>
<td>1 oz</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or seeds</td>
<td>8 oz or 1 cup</td>
<td>8 oz or 1 cup</td>
<td>4 oz or ½ cup</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yogurt, plain or sweetened &amp;</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>flavored</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>OFFER VERSUS SERVE</strong></td>
<td>One of the four food items</td>
<td>Two of the six food items</td>
<td>Two of five food items</td>
<td>Must serve two of the four components</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**May only be used for 50% of the meat component**

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**Section 3-**

CACFP Meal Patterns & Food Service Record Keeping Requirements

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CREDITABLE FOODS FOR ADULTS

In addition to the requirements for the types and quantities of food in a creditable meal, participating sites must also select foods that are creditable. Individual foods are considered creditable (OK) and non-creditable (Not OK). Meals that contain only creditable (OK) foods, in the appropriate quantities, are eligible for reimbursement.

Foods that are creditable may contribute to the requirements for a reimbursable meal or snack. Foods are creditable based upon the following requirements:

- The nutrient content of the food contributes to the nutrition requirements for adults.
- The food serves its customary function in a meal.
- The food meets the regulations governing the Child Nutrition Programs (for quantity and/or by definition).
- The food meets the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) Standards of Identity.
- The food meets USDA standards.
- The food complies with the CDPHE-CACFP policies regarding creditable foods.

Contact the CDPHE-CACFP office for a complete list of creditable and non-creditable foods.

Main Dish Products

Some adult day care sites may choose to serve prepared main dish products such as, frozen lasagna, pizzas, burritos, egg rolls and breaded meat, poultry or fish products. The labels of many of these products do not display the quantity of creditable meat/meat alternate or bread/bread alternate a serving of the product provides. Adult day care sites must maintain documentation of this information for any prepared main dish product served.

The Child Nutrition (CN) Labeling Program is a voluntary Federal-labeling plan for CN Programs, which allows manufacturers to state a product’s contribution to the Meal Pattern requirements on product labels. Although intended for CN Programs, adult day care Institutions can also use the CN label as the required documentation for these products. A CN label will always contain the following:

- The CN logo, which has a distinct border
- The Meal Pattern contribution statement
- A 6-digit product identification number
- USDA/FNS authorization
- The month and year of approval

Sample CN Label

Four 0.63 oz. fully cooked, breaded chicken breast patty nuggets with rib meat provide 1.25 oz. equivalent meat and 0.75 serving of bread alternate for Child Nutrition Meal Pattern Requirements (Use of this logo and statement authorized by the Food and Nutrition Service, USDA 07/01).
Section 3-
CACFP Meal Patterns & Food Service Record Keeping Requirements

Based upon the information provided on the CN label, the participating site must determine the quantity of food to prepare and serve to each participant to meet the CACFP Meal Pattern requirements.

If a commercial product containing meat or meat alternates does not bear a CN label, the Institution must obtain information from the manufacturer specifying the number of ounces of creditable meat or meat alternate in a measurable serving of the product. This information must be used to determine the quantity of the product that would meet the CACFP Meal Pattern requirements for adults. The Institution must keep all product specifications on file for review purposes.

The CACFP regulations define additional requirements for alternate protein products used alone or in combination with a creditable meat/meat alternate. The Institution must maintain sufficient documentation, which verifies the product’s compliance with these requirements. Contact the CDPHE-CACFP office for more information regarding these requirements.

OFFER VERSUS SERVE
“Offer versus Serve” is an allowable CACFP meal service option available to participating adult day care sites. This meal service option allows participants the opportunity to select foods and decline foods, if desired, at each meal without affecting the CACFP reimbursement earned by the center.

Potential Benefits of Offer versus Serve
The Offer versus Serve option may:

- *Enhance the mealtime experience for participants.* If participants have food choices and the option to decline foods they do not wish to eat, they may be more satisfied with the meal service. Participants are not forced to accept a food item on the plate, thus reducing the potential for disappointments or arguments at mealtime.
- *Improve the participants’ food intake.* If participants are served foods they desire, they may be more likely to consume them. Offering additional choices of the required meal components can also improve intake.
- *Enable adult day care staff to better meet participants’ dietary needs.* Many older and/or functionally impaired adults have special dietary needs. Some may need smaller portions to prevent reflux, have smaller appetites or become overwhelmed when presented with a large meal. Others may have medically prescribed special diets or calorie controlled diets.
- *Reduce the amount of food waste.*

Offer versus Serve Requirements
Programs using Offer versus Serve must offer participants all of the required meal components. However, participants may be permitted to decline:

- **At breakfast** – one of the required four food items (one serving of milk, one serving of vegetable(s) and/or fruit(s), and two servings of bread or bread alternate).
- **At lunch** – two of the required six food items (one serving of milk, two servings of vegetable(s) and/or fruit(s), two servings of bread or bread alternate, and one serving of meat or meat alternate).
- **At supper** – two of the required five food items (two servings of vegetable(s) and/or fruit(s), two servings of bread or bread alternate, and one serving of meat or meat alternate).
- **At snack** – both snack components must be served.

If using Offer versus Serve, the reimbursement earned for the meals served to the participants shall not be affected if the participants decline the allowed number of food items. If a participant declines the service of more than the allowed number of items, the meal would not be eligible for reimbursement.

Some adult day care sites also offer additional choices of required meal components to increase food intake and decrease waste. For example, at lunch on a particular day, chicken and fish might be the options for the meat/meat alternate component. Participants could choose one or the other, or if desired, could decline the component entirely, without affecting the Institution’s reimbursement for the participant’s meal.

**Applying Offer versus Serve to Meal Service**
The Offer versus Serve meal service option can be applied to any style of meal service, such as:
- **Traditional Cafeteria-Style Line Service**: Participants can choose not to accept all items on their plates.
- **Pre-Plated Service**: Adult day care staff can introduce the meal and available choices verbally to the participants at the table and ask participants to choose what they would like to accept for their meal. The requested meal could be plated for each participant.
- **Family-Style Service**: Participants can choose which foods to serve themselves from the selections on the table.

As participants choose the items they wish to consume, the adult day care staff members have the important role to provide assistance with meal component selection to ensure well-balanced meals are provided to the participants in care.

The CACFP staff is available to answer any questions regarding the Offer versus Serve meal service. Please contact the CDPHE-CACFP office at (303) 692-2330 for further assistance.

**EXCEPTIONS TO THE MEAL PATTERN**
The CACFP regulations require Institutions to offer Program meals that meet the CACFP Meal Pattern requirements to all participants in care. Exceptions to the CACFP Meal Pattern may be necessary due to medical issues, developmental disabilities, religious or ethnic preferences, or economic situations. This section describes the requirements for these various exceptions.

**Developmental Disabilities**
Federal regulations require participating sites to make substitutions to the CACFP Meal Pattern for participants who are developmentally disabled (handicapped) and whose disability restricts their diet. CACFP regulations require participating sites to offer Program meals to participants who are developmentally disabled, whenever Program meals are offered to the general populations served at the site.
A "Handicapped person" is defined in 7 CFR 15b.3(i) as any person who has "a physical or mental impairment which substantially limits one or more major life activities, has a record of such impairment, or is regarded as having such an impairment" (Exhibit A, 7 CFR 15b.3).

"Major life activities" are defined in 7 CFR 15b.3 (k) as "functions such as caring for one's self, performing manual tasks, walking, seeing, hearing, speaking, breathing, learning and working."

The Americans with Disabilities Act Amendments Act of 2008 (ADAAA), amended the Federal definition of disability, broadening it to cover additional children and individuals who might be identified by their licensed physician as having a food-related disability. Therefore, for the purposes of identifying individuals with disabilities the ADAAA added a new category called “Major Bodily Functions.” Major Bodily Functions refers to functions of the immune system, normal cell growth, digestive, bowel, bladder, neurological, brain, respiratory, circulatory, cardiovascular, endocrine and reproductive functions.

A licensed physician (including Doctors of Osteopathy) must determine whether a participant has a disability that restricts his/her diet. The physician must complete a written statement of the participant's disability, based upon the regulatory criteria for "handicapped person," defined in 7 CFR Part 15b.3 (i), and state that the disability restricts the participant's diet. An Institution representative should contact the CDPHE-CACFP office if it is unclear whether the medical statement meets the regulatory criteria.

For medical statements, the CDPHE-CACFP recommends that Institutions provide the CACFP form, which is specific to disabilities, for the physician to sign; however, alternate forms, which present the same information, are acceptable. Once the site receives the statement signed by a licensed physician, the site must follow the instructions on the statement. The medical statement must identify:

- The participant’s disability and an explanation of how the disability restricts the participant’s diet;
- The major life activity affected by the disability;
- The food(s) to omit from the participant’s diet and the recommended substitute food(s)
  - If the disability requires modifications to calorie intake or the use of a liquid nutritive formula, the physician must indicate this information in the statement. For textural modifications to the regular Program meal that does not modify the food components of the Meal Pattern, the medical statement is recommended, but not required.

In addition to dietary modifications, participating sites must provide food services to disabled participants in the most integrated setting possible and ensure participation with all other participants present to the maximum extent appropriate to their needs.
CACFP regulations do not require participating sites to make substitutions for participants whose conditions do not meet the definition of "handicapped person" set forth in 7 CFR 15b.3 (i). In most cases, the staff members can manage special dietary needs of non-handicapped participants within the normal Program meal service when varieties of nutritious foods are offered to the participants. Generally, participants who have food allergies, intolerances, or are overweight are not "handicapped persons," as defined in 7 CFR 15b.3 (i). Participating sites are not required to make substitutions for them. However, for specific situations, the site must make all substitutions prescribed by a physician if, according to the physician’s assessment:
- The food allergies may result in severe, life threatening (anaphylactic) reactions
- The overweight condition is severe enough to substantially limit a major life activity

In these cases, the participant is considered a handicapped person by definition, and the participating site must offer the substitutions prescribed. Contact the CACFP staff if questions arise regarding this requirement.

Exceptions to the Meal Pattern for Medical Needs Not Related to Disability
Staff members may, at their discretion, make substitutions for individual participants who are not "handicapped persons," as defined in 7 15b.3 (i), but who are unable to consume a food item because of medical or other special dietary needs. If the participating site is able to provide a creditable substitute for the food item, within the CACFP Meal Pattern requirements, the meal is eligible for CACFP reimbursement.

Non-Dairy Milk Substitutes
In the case of adults who cannot consume fluid milk due to medical or other special dietary needs, other than a disability, non-dairy beverages may be served in lieu of fluid milk. Non-dairy beverages must be nutritionally equivalent to milk and meet the nutritional standards for the fortification of calcium, protein, vitamin A, vitamin D and other nutrients to levels found in cow’s milk, as outlined in the National School Lunch Program. These nutritional standards are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NUTRIENT</th>
<th>USDA REQUIREMENT PER CUP</th>
<th>DAILY %</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALCIUM</td>
<td>276 mg</td>
<td>28%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PROTEIN</td>
<td>8 g</td>
<td>16%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VITAMIN A</td>
<td>500 IU</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VITAMIN D</td>
<td>100 IU</td>
<td>25%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAGNESIUM</td>
<td>24 mg</td>
<td>6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHOSPHORUS</td>
<td>222 mg</td>
<td>22%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>POTASSIUM</td>
<td>349 mg</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RIBOFLAVIN</td>
<td>0.44 mg</td>
<td>26%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VITAMIN B-12</td>
<td>1.1 mcg</td>
<td>18%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Non-dairy milk substitutions are at the option and the expense of the facility. If the participant/guardian submits a written request using the Participant/Guardian Request Form for a creditable non-dairy milk substitute and chooses to provide the substitute, the Institution may
serve the requested substitute and claim reimbursement. If the participant/guardian submits a written request for a creditable non-dairy milk substitute and chooses not to provide the substitute, the caregiver has the option to supply the non-dairy milk substitute and claim reimbursement, or to not supply the non-dairy milk substitute and decline reimbursement. Non-dairy milk substitutes that do not meet the above nutrient requirements are not creditable for meal reimbursement. If the nutrition facts label does not provide the necessary information to determine its creditability, the Institution can contact product manufacturers to obtain accurate nutritional information. In addition, a list of identified creditable non-dairy milk substitutes is available on the CDPHE-CACFP website.

Participants/guardians may request in writing non-dairy milk substitutions, as described above, without providing a medical statement. The written request must identify the medical or other special dietary need that restricts the diet of the adult.

Non-dairy milk substitutions are at the option and the expense of the facility. If the participant/guardian submits a written request for a creditable non-dairy milk substitute and chooses to provide the substitute, the caregiver may serve the requested substitute and claim reimbursement. If the participant/guardian submits a written request for a creditable non-dairy milk substitute and chooses not to provide the substitute, the caregiver has the option to meet the request of the participant/guardian by either: supplying the non-dairy milk substitute and claim reimbursement, or to not supply the non-dairy milk substitute and decline reimbursement.

The requirements related to milk or food substitutions for a participant who has a medical disability and who submits a medical statement signed by a recognized medical authority remain unchanged.

If the substitute food item is not creditable, such as almond or rice milk, the participating site must obtain a Special Diet Statement signed by a recognized medical authority, which supports the need for the substitute. In these cases, recognized medical authorities include physicians, physician assistants, nurse practitioners or registered dietitians. The CDPHE-CACFP recommends use of the CACFP form for special diets for the medical authority to sign; however, alternate forms, which present the same information, are acceptable.

Special Diet Statements must be updated annually for participants. The supporting statement must include:

- An identification of medical or other special dietary needs that restricts participant’s diet;
- The food or foods to be omitted from participant’s diet; and
- The recommended substitute food(s).

The CDPHE-CACFP requires participating sites to purchase and provide the recommended substitute food(s) as part of creditable meals and snacks to receive reimbursement. If the recommended substitute is difficult to obtain or presents a financial hardship, an Institution representative may contact the CDPHE-CACFP office to request a waiver to allow the participant or his/her guardian to provide the substitute.
The CACFP reimburses Institutions for meals that contain authorized food substitutes at the same reimbursement rate as meals that meet the CACFP Meal Pattern requirements. The Institutions must not charge separately for the substituted food(s) either to a developmentally disabled participant or to a participant with other special dietary needs.

Staff members should work closely with responsible family members and all other medical, and community personnel who are responsible for the health, well being and education of the participants with developmental disabilities or with other special dietary needs, to ensure reasonable accommodations to allow such individuals' participation in the meal service. This cooperation is particularly important when accommodating participants whose developmental disabilities require significant modifications or personal assistance.

**Exceptions to the Meal Pattern for Other Special Dietary Needs or Situations**

The CDPHE-CACFP may approve modifications to the Meal Pattern, on an experimental or continuing basis when evidence exists that such variations are nutritionally sound and necessary to meet ethnic, religious, economic or physical needs. Institutions must contact the CDPHE-CACFP for approval.

In the event of a disaster, the CDPHE-CACFP may temporarily allow Institutions to claim meals for reimbursement that do not meet the CACFP Meal Pattern requirements.

**Timing of Meals**

Institutions may receive CACFP reimbursement only for meals approved by the CDPHE-CACFP that are served within approved meal times. Participating sites may serve food at any time during the day; however, Institutions may only claim meals served within approved time frames. The online site application for each site reflects its approved meal types and times. At minimum, the CDPHE-CACFP requires participating sites to begin the service of breakfasts, lunches, snacks and suppers within the following time ranges:

- **Breakfast:** 6:00 a.m. - 9:30 a.m.
- **Lunch:** 11:00 a.m. - 1:30 p.m.
- **Supper:** 5:00 p.m. - 7:30 p.m.

Approved time ranges may not exceed a two-hour period for breakfast, lunch or supper. For snacks, time ranges may not exceed a one-hour period. Sites providing care for groups of participants that arrived at different times during the day, may establish separate time ranges for different groups that do not exceed a total of one hour.

If special situations arise, in which the site must serve meals outside of the approved meal schedule, an Institution representative must describe the schedule in the Online Site Application. This schedule will be subject to approval by a CDPHE-CACFP Nutrition Consultant.

Staff members must allow the participants adequate time to consume meals and snacks, which are approximately 30 minutes for meals and 20 minutes for snack. For meals and snacks claimed for reimbursement, the CDPHE-CACFP also requires a span of at least two hours between the **beginning** of one meal or snack service and the **beginning** of the next meal or snack service. A
span of at least 1½ hours must elapse from the end of one meal or snack service and the beginning of the next meal or snack service. If no snack is served, at least four hours must elapse between the beginning of the lunch service and the beginning of the supper service.

**Meals Served Off-Site**

Institutions may receive CACFP reimbursement only for meals served to enrolled participants who are present and participating in the CACFP during the meal service. Meals “packed” at the site and eaten at another location while under the supervision of site personnel are eligible for reimbursement.

Institutions may not claim meals or snacks for reimbursement that are "packed" at the site and sent with a participant to eat at another location without the supervision of site personnel. Institutions may not claim meals eaten at restaurants, which are not considered care settings.

**FOOD SERVICE RECORD KEEPING REQUIREMENTS**

**Menus & Production Records**

The CDPHE-CACFP requires all Institutions to maintain daily menus for all meals and snacks claimed for reimbursement. Institutions must also maintain daily production records for all meals and snacks claimed. Production record forms are available from the CDPHE-CACFP. Participating sites may use alternate forms, but must seek approval from the CDPHE-CACFP office before their use.

Food service staff generally completes production records in advance and uses the records as a planning tool and subsequent shopping list. Prior to the meal service, the production records are a plan of the estimated number of participants and staff members participating in the meal service and the estimated quantities of food needed to prepare the meal (the *Simplified Food Buying Guide* and/or the Online Food Buying Guide Calculator, found at [http://fbg.nfsmi.org](http://fbg.nfsmi.org), is used to determine adequate quantities of food). When the meal service occurs, food service staff members make any adjustments to the original plan, such as a change in the number of participants and staff served or a food substitution, at that time. The records must reflect the food items and quantities of food actually prepared and served at each meal or snack.

Menus and production records for meals and snacks claimed must include the following information:

- The date (month, day and year) of the meal or snack service.
- The menu planned for meal or snack.
- A list of ingredients used to meet meal or snack requirements. The CDPHE-CACFP does not require documentation of items that do not contribute to the CACFP Meal Pattern requirements, such as potato chips, catsup, pickles, cream of mushroom soup, etc. For example, the ingredients of beef pot pie that would contribute to a creditable lunch or supper include:
  - Stew beef, which would meet the meat/meat alternate requirement;
  - Potatoes and carrots in the pie, which would meet the requirement of one fruit or vegetable component; and
  - Pie crust, which would meet part or the entire bread/bread alternate requirement.
• The quantity of each ingredient or food item used to meet the CACFP Meal Pattern Requirements;
  o Report food quantities in measurable units, such as pounds, ounces, gallons, quarts, cups, size of can, number of items, and examples include stew beef, 10 lbs; carrots, #10 can
  o Use the Simplified Food Buying Guide and/or the Online Food Buying Guide Calculator to determine the amounts of food to prepare.
• The number of participants served at each meal or snack.
• The number of staff members served at each meal or snack. Institutions may not claim meals served to staff for reimbursement. However, production records must reflect the number of servings prepared for staff members and must reflect adequate quantities of food for the staff members and participants eating the meal.
• The production records must verify that adequate quantities of all required meal components were available to meet at least the minimum requirements as shown on the CACFP Meal Pattern.

Cycle Menus & Production Records
Many participating sites use cycle menus if the number of participants served each day is usually constant. Cycle menus are planned for several weeks (generally four or six weeks) and repeated over and over again.

Participating sites that use cycle menus may also use cycle production records. For each meal in the cycle menu, the site also develops a production record. Each time the menu is served during the cycle; food service staff can refer to the production record for that menu and prepare the meal according to the plan. For cycle menus, daily documentation of the production information is recorded on the back of the production record for that meal. This documentation on the back of each production record must include the date, the number of participants actually served, and any changes or adjustments to the original plan such as quantity of food prepared and/or menu substitutions.

Menu & Production Record Requirements for Contract Food Service
If the participating site contracts for meals with an external food service management company or vendor, the company must maintain and provide appropriate menus and production records for each meal delivered to the site. The Institution must maintain production records on file for review by the CDPHE-CACFP.

RECORD RETENTION REQUIREMENTS
The CDPHE-CACFP requires all Institutions to retain all CACFP records, including records pertaining to the food service operations, for three years and four months past the end of the current fiscal year. Records before the current fiscal year may be stored off site; however, they must be accessible for audit or review.
SECTION 4-Program Reimbursement

INTRODUCTION
The CDPHE-CACFP provides reimbursement for meals served to enrolled participants in care at approved adult day care sites. The reimbursement amount is based upon rates for meal type (breakfast, lunch, supper and snack) and income eligibility category (Free, Reduced and Paid). The USDA adjusts reimbursement rates annually in July of each year, to reflect changes in the Federal Poverty Guidelines and the Consumer Price Index (CPI) for the cost of food. In July, the CDPHE-CACFP notifies all Institutions of the adjusted reimbursement rates and Household Income Eligibility Guidelines.

Institutions must follow specific guidelines when claiming meals for reimbursement. Institutions must:

- Claim meals only for participants who are enrolled for care at the site.
- Claim no more than three meals or snacks per participant, per day (two meals and one snack or two snacks and one meal).
- Claim meals only for participants who participate in the meal service.
- Claim meals that meet the CACFP Meal Pattern requirements.
- Claim meals for which all food components are provided by the site.
- Claim meals that are approved by the CDPHE-CACFP office. CACFP regulations allow Institutions to receive reimbursement only for meal types that are approved by the CDPHE-CACFP and specified in the agreement. An Institution representative must modify their online site application to change, delete or add approved meals for claiming. Changes are subject to approval by a CDPHE-CACFP Nutrition Consultant.

THE REIMBURSEMENT PROCESS
Institutions submit monthly claims online using the CACFP Web-based System. Institutions must enter claim information online for each participating site. The CACFP Web-based System then compiles the claim information for all sites for which a claim exists into one aggregate claim for the Institution. The CDPHE-CACFP issues one payment to the Institution, for funds earned by all participating sites.

Institutions may submit a Claim for Reimbursement as early as the first day of the month following the claim month. Institutions must submit original claims online within 60 days of the last day of the claim month and revised claims within 90 days of the last day of the claim month. The CDPHE-CACFP regularly processes submitted claims, which generally allows Institutions to receive reimbursement within 7-14 business days of submission. Institutions can view the status of a submitted claim any time using the CACFP Web-based System.
Information Reported on Online Claim for Reimbursement

Each month, the Institution enters attendance and meal count information for each site into the online Claim for Reimbursement. The online claim only includes information specific to the type of site. This section describes the information reported on the online claim.

Attendance Reporting:

- **Number of Days Meals Provided During Claim Period:**
  The number of days during the month that the site was open, serving meals and claiming meals for reimbursement.

- **Total Attendance:**
  Obtained from the ROMS, from the box furthest to the right, in the row of boxes along the top of the ROMS form; the total of figures in this box on all ROMS forms for the month is the Total Attendance to be reported on the claim. These boxes contain the number of participants who ate at least one meal or snack during that particular day. Refer to Section 2 of this manual for more information about these boxes.

- **Total Enrollment:**
  The number of participants enrolled for care at the site during the month, regardless of whether the participant is eligible for the CACFP.

- **Number of Title XX Participants (for-profit Institutions only):**
  The number of participants who are beneficiaries of Title XX funding and in attendance at least once during the claim month.

- **Number of Title XIX Participants (for-profit Institutions only):**
  The number of participants who are beneficiaries of Title XIX (Medicaid) funding during the claim month. Refer to the Medicaid billing forms for the claim month to obtain this figure.

- **Average Daily Attendance:**
  The system will calculate the average daily attendance.

Eligibility:

- **Number of Free, Reduced & Paid Participants:**
  The number of enrolled participants who are eligible for Free and Reduced meals and the number of participants who are not (Paid participants). Indicate these values in the appropriate boxes.

- **Total Eligibility:**
  The system will total the number of Free, Reduced and Paid participants and display the total number of eligible participants in this box.

- **For-Profit Eligibility (for-profit Institutions only):**
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Program Reimbursement

The system will display information in this section only if the Institution is for-profit.

- **Title XIX & Title XX Eligibility:**
  The system will calculate the percentage of enrolled participants that are eligible beneficiaries of Title XIX (Medicaid) and Title XX funding.

**Meals/Snacks Served:**
Obtained from the ROMS; these values are the total numbers of breakfasts, lunches, snacks and suppers by income eligibility category.

**Submitting Late Claims for Reimbursement**
The CDPHE-CACFP will not process original claims for reimbursement received after the 60-day period or revised claims after the 90-day period unless the Institution chooses to utilize its one-time exception. Once used, the one-time exception is not available for three years, unless the delay in submission is a result of circumstances beyond the Institution’s control. In this case, the CDPHE-CACFP may submit the claim to the USDA for its approval for payment. Institutions must contact the CDPHE-CACFP office and complete required paperwork to use a one-time exception for the payment of a late claim.

**Submitting Revised Claims for Reimbursement**
If the Institution discovers an error on the original claim for one or more sites after submitting the online claim to the CDPHE-CACFP, Institutions may submit an online revised claim. Institutions may submit revised claims resulting in an increased amount of reimbursement for up to 90 days from the last day of the claim month. After the 90-day period, Institutions may submit revisions for claims that do not result in an increase in reimbursement.

**Payment of Claims**
Federal regulations require the CDPHE-CACFP to reimburse participating Institutions within 45 days of the date an Institution submits a valid and error Free Claim for Reimbursement online. Generally, Institutions will receive payment before this deadline; however, circumstances beyond the control of the CDPHE-CACFP may delay payment of a claim up to the 45-day deadline.

Errors made by the Institution on the Claim for Reimbursement will prevent the Institution from submitting the claim online, thus delaying payment. The Institution representative receives an error message in most of these situations. Such circumstances include, but are not limited to the following:

- The FSMC expires for one or more participating sites and the Institution fails to update the online site application and submit a copy of the current contract for approval.
- The Institution makes errors on the Claim for Reimbursement such as providing incorrect meal counts or attendance numbers or claiming meals the Institution is not approved to claim.
- The Institution attempts to submit a claim for a site that has not been approved for participation by the CDPHE-CACFP office.
The Institution’s records do not support the Claim for Reimbursement, resulting in a revision of the claim by the CDPHE-CACFP.

Institutions have the option to receive the CACFP reimbursement in the form of a check, sent by mail, or by electronic deposit into a bank account. Contact the CDPHE-CACFP office to change the Institution’s method of payment.

**USDA Foods or Cash-In-Lieu of USDA Foods**
The USDA provides participating Institutions the option to receive USDA Foods (also known as commodities) in addition to CACFP reimbursement. The USDA Foods must only be used for reimbursable meals served in approved sites participating in the CACFP.

USDA Foods are surplus foods purchased by the USDA to improve the diets of Americans and support the US agricultural market. Depending upon the season and available crops, the USDA may purchase foods including, but not limited to meats, canned or fresh fruits and vegetables, dairy products, wheat products and peanut butter. The USDA distributes these foods to States, which distribute them to various organizations, including sites participating in the CACFP. All USDA Food items offered are grown in the US.

During the spring of each year, the CDPHE-CACFP distributes a survey, through which Institutions may choose to receive USDA Foods in addition to CACFP reimbursement or additional cash instead of USDA Foods (cash-in-lieu of USDA Foods). An Institution’s “entitlement” for USDA Foods is based on the total number of lunches and suppers claimed from July through June of the prior year. Because USDA Foods are purchased in large quantities, the “entitlement value” of the USDA Foods is often less than supermarket prices.

The USDA Foods option is beneficial for sites that have an experienced cook on staff and sufficient storage space for large quantities of food. Institutions that choose the USDA Foods option receive approximately $0.23 less cash reimbursement for every lunch and supper claimed. The cash reimbursement for breakfasts and snacks is the same as the cash-in-lieu of USDA Foods option. For more information about USDA Foods, please contact the CDPHE-CACFP office.

**Denial of Claims & Recovery of Over-Payments**
The CDPHE-CACFP will deny payment of any portion of a Claim for Reimbursement and recover any payment made to an Institution that is not properly payable under Program regulations. The CDPHE-CACFP may consider claims not properly payable when an Institution does not comply with record keeping or meal service requirements to support the claim, or if the CDPHE-CACFP has reason, based on the results of reviews or audits, to believe that the Institution has engaged in unlawful acts with respect to CACFP operations.

If the CDPHE-CACFP denies a portion of a claim or demands repayment of an over-claim, the CDPHE-CACFP will take the following actions:
- The CDPHE-CACFP will notify the Institution of the reasons for any denial or demand for repayment in writing.
• The CDPHE-CACFP will provide the Institution with information about appeal rights. CACFP regulations allow Institutions 15 days after the receipt of the notice of claim denial or demand for repayment to submit a written request for appeal. Refer to Section 6 of this manual, entitled, “Reviews & Audits” for more information on appeals.

• The CDPHE-CACFP will allow the Institution 30 days to repay the over-claim amount before interest will accrue on the unpaid balance.

• If the Institution fails to repay the over-claim amount, the CDPHE-CACFP will declare the Institution and its responsible principles seriously deficient in the operation of the CACFP and the unpaid debt will be transferred to collections.

• If the CDPHE-CACFP declares the Institution seriously deficient, repayment of the associated over-claim amount is a condition of the serious deficiency Corrective Action Plan (CAP). The Institution must repay the over-claim amount in full within 30 days. If the seriously deficient Institution fails to repay the over-claim within the allowed time period, the CDPHE-CACFP will propose to terminate the Institution and its responsible principles from participation in the CACFP.

DISCONTINUING PROGRAM PARTICIPATION & PAYMENT OF FINAL CLAIM

When an Institution discontinues participation in the CACFP, the CDPHE-CACFP may require the Institution to submit records to support the final claim. Institutions must notify the CDPHE-CACFP in advance of the intention to discontinue participation. If a record review is necessary, the CDPHE-CACFP will provide instructions to the Institution at that time. If any portion of the claim is invalid or unsupported by records, the CDPHE-CACFP will adjust the claim accordingly and grant the Institution appeal rights.
SECTION 5-Sponsors of Centers (SOC)

INTRODUCTION
A SOC refers to a public or non-profit private organization or Program eligible for-profit organization, which is entirely responsible for the administration of the CACFP in one or more child care centers, outside-school-hours care centers, adult day care centers, at-risk afterschool programs, Head Start programs or homeless shelters, that are unaffiliated or any combination of these that are affiliated. Unaffiliated sites are legally distinct entities from the sponsoring organization. In contrast, affiliated sites are part of the same legal entity as the sponsoring organization. The sponsoring organization is administratively and fiscally responsible for all participating sites listed on the agreement and must manage and monitor them as defined by the regulations.

Participation Requirements
To participate in the CACFP as a SOC an organization must:
- Complete an application for participation for the Institution and each site.
- Complete a Management Plan and Administrative Budget.
- Demonstrate financial viability, capability and accountability for CACFP participation.
- Assume final administrative and financial responsibility for operating the Program, and:
  - Assume responsibility for submitting and maintaining applications for participation for the organization and for its sites.
  - Provide adequate supervisory and operational staff for management and monitoring of the Program at all sites.
  - Provide Program and nutrition related training and technical assistance to personnel with CACFP duties.
  - Conduct monitoring visits and review monthly claims from sites to ensure compliance with Program regulations.
  - Undertake corrective action when necessary and conduct follow-up visits to ensure resolution of problems.
  - Comply with requirements related to the financial aspect of the Program.
  - Maintain appropriate records of costs and meals to support the number of meals claimed for reimbursement and demonstrate the operation of a non-profit food service.
  - Submit Claims for Reimbursement to the CDPHE-CACFP office and distribute reimbursement funds to the sites for use in food service operations.
- Develop policies concerning Program operations, training and integrity that are implemented consistently.

Application Process
The sponsoring organization must complete the Online Institution Application, the Site Application for each site and an Administrative Budget and Management Plan and submit to the CDPHE-CACFP for approval. The Institution must submit all required documents for the Institution and for each of its site locations.
The Management Plan and Administrative Budget must demonstrate the organization’s financial viability and administrative capability to operate the Program according to regulations. The Management Plan must describe systems to fulfill all required CACFP tasks, including record keeping, food service, allocation of funds, claims submission, staff training and monitoring of CACFP operations at sponsored sites. The online Management Plan includes questions addressing all of these areas.

The Administrative Budget must include all projected income and costs of operating the CACFP by the sponsoring organization and its sponsored sites. No more than 15% of the meal reimbursements estimated or actually earned during the budget year may be used for administrative costs, described below. Sponsoring organizations must use the remainder of the reimbursement for meal service costs. This budget must reflect the operation of a non-profit food service, in which the sponsoring organization uses all CACFP funds for the food services and administration of the CACFP.

Institutions sponsoring sites in more than one State (multi-State sponsors) are also subject to this 15% administrative expenditures cap within each individual State and overall. Multi-State sponsors must develop a comprehensive budget that identifies its cost, by State and in total. These costs must represent the sum of direct and shared costs from each individual State Program and the sponsor’s home office costs. The budget must identify the method used by the sponsor to allocate shared costs between State Programs and identify the amount of CACFP reimbursement the sponsor would retain for home office costs. In addition, the budget must reflect the amount of reimbursement that each State would receive for direct administrative costs occurring within the State.

- **Administrative costs include** planning, organizing, managing, preparing claims, determining income eligibility, updating enrollment information, monitoring and training.
- **Food service costs include** costs of food, food service supplies, food preparation and the meal service.

Refer to Section 2 of this manual for more information and examples of administrative costs and food service costs.

Through the Management Plan, applicants must describe the sponsoring organization’s processes for adhering to the following policies and requirements:

- **Monitoring Staffing**: All applicants must employ adequate administrative staff to meet the requirements (described later in this section) for conducting CACFP monitoring of sponsored sites through record review and site visits. **All organizations sponsoring 25 or more sites** must employ the equivalent of one full-time staff person for each 25 to 150 sites it sponsors. For purposes of determining the monitor-to-site ratio, and to comply with this CACFP requirement, the following defines which staff duties will count as monitoring:
  - All activities related to conducting CACFP on site visits, including planning and scheduling, pre-visit preparation, travel, supervisory oversight of monitors, and the monitoring function. Duties also include time spent in the site during the visit, writing
the site visit reports conducting follow-up to the site visits to ensure compliance in all CACFP areas, and following up on any activities related to the serious deficiency process (evaluation of corrective action, appeal and termination).

- On-site training related to nutrition or CACFP administration that occurs during a site visit and initial or subsequent training of sponsor staff that relates to the monitoring function.
- Technical assistance related to CACFP, if provided during the site visit.
- Claims processing duties, including menu reviews to determine claim accuracy and meal eligibility.
- All time spent in the site by the monitor as part of the CACFP site visit.

- **Outside Employment Policy:** Each sponsoring organization must provide and keep on file, a copy of an outside employment policy, which restricts other employment by employees that interferes with the employee’s performance of Program-related duties. This includes any employment that constitutes a real or apparent conflict of interest. This policy does not restrict employees from holding other employment, but other employment must not interfere with CACFP duties. Sponsoring organizations may use the sample employment policy developed by the CDPHE-CACFP.

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Sample Outside Employment Policy

_______________________________ (Name of Sponsoring Organization) restricts employees with CACFP duties to hold outside employment that would interfere or present a conflict of interest with the performance of CACFP duties and responsibilities.
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- **Pre-Approval Site Visits:** As part of the sponsoring organization’s initial application, it must conduct and document a pre-approval site visit at all sites included in the application to discuss Program benefits and verify the staff members’ capability of managing the proposed food service operations and record keeping systems. Sponsoring organizations must use the Site Visit Form provided by the CDPHE-CACFP or one approved by the CDPHE-CACFP.

- **Certification regarding disqualification from publicly funded programs & conviction of crimes:** Sponsoring organizations must certify, at the time of application and renewal, that neither the sponsoring organization, nor any of the sites included in the application, nor any of the sponsoring organization’s/sites’ principals, have been disqualified from participation in any other publicly-funded Program for violating that Program’s requirements, and that none have been convicted of, or concealed, certain crimes indicating a lack of business integrity.

**CACFP PERFORMANCE STANDARDS**
The CACFP requires sponsoring organizations applying for CACFP participation as a SOC to demonstrate in the Management Plan and Administrative Budget, the ability to meet three CACFP performance standards, which include financial Viability, administrative Capability and
Program Accountability. The CDPHE-CACFP refers to these standards as VCA CACFP regulations require the CDPHE-CACFP to deny the initial or renewal applications of sponsoring organizations that do not meet the CACFP performance standards. The performance standards are:

**Performance Standard 1 - Financial Viability & Financial Management**

Sponsoring organizations applying for initial participation in the CACFP or renewal of participation must be financially viable. Sponsoring organizations must spend and account for CACFP funds in accordance with CACFP regulations, outlined throughout this manual. To demonstrate financial viability, sponsoring organizations must provide documentation of the following in the Management Plan and Administrative Budget:

- **Description of Need:** A sponsoring organization must demonstrate that its participation will help ensure the delivery of Program benefits to otherwise facilities not served or participants.

- **Fiscal Resources & Financial History:** A sponsoring organization must demonstrate that it has adequate financial resources to operate the CACFP on a daily basis, has adequate sources of funds to withstand temporary interruptions in Program payments and or fiscal claims against the sponsorship (over-claims) and can document financial viability through audits, financial statements, etc., if requested.

- **Budgets:** A sponsoring organization must document costs in the sponsorship’s budget that are necessary, reasonable and allowable.

**Performance Standard 2 - Administrative Capability**

Sponsoring organizations applying for CACFP participation must be administratively capable to operate the CACFP. The sponsoring organization must have appropriate and effective management practices to ensure operation of the Program in accordance with CACFP regulations. To demonstrate administrative capability, sponsoring organizations must provide documentation of the following:

- Employment of an adequate number and type of qualified staff to ensure the operation of the CACFP according to regulations;

- Employment of adequate staff sufficient to meet the ratio of monitors to sites according to regulations;

- Establishment of CACFP policies and procedures in writing that assign CACFP responsibilities and duties and ensure compliance with civil rights requirements.

**Performance Standard 3 - Program Accountability**

Sponsoring organizations must have internal controls and other management systems in effect to ensure fiscal accountability and Program operations in accordance with CACFP regulations. To demonstrate Program accountability, sponsoring organizations must:

- Provide documentation that the sponsorship has adequate oversight of the Program by its governing board of directors, if non-profit;

- Provide in writing, a description of the financial system with management controls. These systems must assure fiscal integrity and accountability for all CACFP funds received and expenses incurred, timely and accurate claims processing, proper use and safeguards of CACFP funds and expenses, and a system of safeguards and
controls to prevent and detect improper financial activities;

- Maintain appropriate records to document compliance with CACFP requirements, including budgets, accounting records, approved budget amendments, Management Plans, and sponsored site operations records;
- Document in the Management Plan, the provision of adequate and regular training of sponsoring organization and sponsored site staff, adequate monitoring of sponsored sites, and the establishment of a system to ensure that no more than 15% of CACFP reimbursement is used for administrative expenses;
- Follow Program practices in accordance with CACFP regulations with regard to the meal service, record keeping and other operational requirements. The application must reflect the CACFP operational practices of sponsored sites and demonstrate that the sponsored sites will:
  - Provide meals in compliance with the CACFP Meal Pattern requirements;
  - Comply with CACFP licensure or approval requirements;
  - Operate a food service compliant with applicable State and local health and sanitation requirements;
  - Comply with civil rights requirements;
  - Maintain complete and appropriate records on file; and
  - Claim reimbursement only for eligible meals.

In addition to the review of application materials for new sponsoring organizations, CACFP regulations require the CDPHE-CACFP to conduct a pre-approval visit or record review prior to the approval of a new sponsorship to participate in the CACFP.

Adding New Sites to the Sponsorship
The CDPHE-CACFP must approve participation for new sites before the sponsoring organization may claim reimbursement for meals served at the sites. Sponsoring organizations must complete the online Site Application for each new site, update the Institution Application, provide required documents and complete a pre-approval site visit as part of the application process. The CDPHE-CACFP staff will review applications once they are complete. Sponsoring organizations will then receive written notification of the CDPHE-CACFP’s decision to either approve or deny the application. The CDPHE-CACFP will not provide reimbursement for meals served at any new site until approval for the new site is granted. The CDPHE-CACFP will not approve new sites to participate while the sponsoring organization, responsible principle(s), responsible individual(s) or any of its sites are considered seriously deficient or on the National Disqualified List.

If a participating site moves to a new location, the Institution must provide a notice in writing to the CDPHE-CACFP office that the site is no longer at the approved location and complete the process to add a new site to the sponsorship at the new location.

Right of Sites to Participate Directly with the CDPHE-CACFP
Sponsoring organizations that sponsor unaffiliated sites (not part of the same legal entity as the sponsoring organization), must inform the participating sites of their right to participate in the CACFP directly with the CDPHE-CACFP, without the sponsorship of the organization.
Renewal Procedures for Sponsoring Organizations
Prior to the beginning of the upcoming Federal fiscal year (October through September), sponsoring organizations must review and update the online Institution and Site Applications and the Administrative Budget in order to renew their participation each year. Sponsoring organizations must review and update the online Management Plan at least every two or three years. The Budget and Management Plan must demonstrate compliance with performance standards, as described earlier in this section. The sponsoring organization may need to revise the Budget and Management Plan more frequently at the request of the CDPHE-CACFP.

Training Requirements
The CACFP regulations require sponsoring organizations to provide initial training before Program participation and annually thereafter. The CDPHE-CACFP requires monitoring staff of the sponsoring organization and key staff responsible for CACFP duties at sponsored sites to participate in training. The CDPHE-CACFP defines “key staff” as persons who oversee CACFP functions at the site (i.e., director, administrator), perform record keeping tasks or maintain paperwork (i.e., assistant director), perform food service and food service duties (i.e., cook) or any person responsible for CACFP duties.

At a minimum, annual training must include the topics listed below. All training must be appropriate to the level of experience and duties of staff. New staff will require more extensive training, while experienced staff may only require a refresher on the topics. Likewise, some staff may not require training in all areas, depending upon their CACFP duties. Annual training topics include the following:

- **CACFP Meal Pattern Requirements**: Meal Pattern components, quantity of food requirements and food preparation.
- **Meal Counts**: Methods for ensuring accuracy.
- **Claims Submission & Review Procedures**: Method of submitting claim information to the sponsoring organization and methods for the sponsoring organization to verify claim accuracy.
- **Record Keeping Requirements**: Record-keeping systems for all areas of the Program.
- **Reimbursement System**: Entire process from recording meal counts to receiving the reimbursement.
- **Civil Rights Training**: All Institutions are required to provide civil rights training annually to all staff involved in any aspect of the CACFP. (Refer to Section 1, entitled, “Civil Rights Training Requirements” for additional information on this requirement.)

In addition to the minimum training requirements, the CDPHE-CACFP also recommends training staff on topics such as nutrition for older adults, food safety and sanitation as well as feeding techniques.

For monitoring staff of the sponsoring organization, the CDPHE-CACFP recommends providing training in the following areas:
- Activities related to conducting site reviews, including planning, scheduling and documenting reviews
Section 5-
Sponsors of Centers (SOC)

- Corrective action and follow-up processes and requirements
- Household contact and 5-day reconciliation policies and procedures, if applicable to sponsored sites
- Technical assistance, as provided during a review
- Claims processing
- Menu reviews

The sponsoring organization must maintain documentation of initial and annual CACFP training for monitoring staff and key staff at all sites. In addition, the sponsoring organization must also certify compliance with training requirements at the time of review and reapplication for participation each year. Documentation of training must include the date of training, names of attendees, and a list of the topics covered during the training. Failure to train and document training of sponsored site staff or failure of staff to participate in training may result in a serious deficiency during a CDPHE-CACFP review. Several options are available for sponsoring organizations to meet training requirements, including:

- The sponsoring organization may conduct its own trainings for staff. Trainings may be held in group or individual sessions.
- Staff may register to attend a training seminar, free of cost, provided by the CDPHE-CACFP staff. Visit the CACFP Web-based System to register online for training.
- Staff may utilize this manual as a training resource.
- It may contact the CDPHE-CACFP staff for other training options, such as technical assistance by phone.

Distribution of CDPHE-CACFP Correspondence
The sponsoring organization must distribute copies of pertinent mailings from the CDPHE-CACFP to the individual sites, including newsletters and pertinent policy memorandums, notices, requests, etc.

REVIEW REQUIREMENTS
The CACFP regulations require sponsoring organizations to monitor CACFP operations at all sites throughout the year. Monitoring staff of the sponsoring organization, who are trained in all areas of CACFP operation, must include a review of operations at each site three times each year. These reviews are referred to as “site visits” or “site reviews”.

In addition, the sponsoring organization must meet the following review requirements:

- At least two of the three reviews must be unannounced.
- Two of the three reviews must include the observation of a complete meal service.
- At least one review must occur during each new sponsored site’s first four weeks of Program operations.
- For Programs in operation for nine months or less, the first site visit of each year must occur within the first four weeks of Program start-up. Reviewers must allow sufficient time before the end of the Program year to conduct follow-up visits if necessary.
- Not more than six months may elapse between reviews.
Monitoring staff conducting reviews must show photo identification, which verifies their employment by the sponsoring organization.

Unannounced reviews must occur during the site’s normal hours of operation.

Visits must be a minimum of 30 minutes in length in order to have adequate time to complete the meal observation, 5-day record reconciliation, review menus and production records, license and to provide adequate technical assistance to the site coordinator.

**Review Averaging**
CACFP regulations permit sponsoring organizations to conduct an average of three reviews of all sites each year. Use of this option allows sponsorships to choose not to conduct a third review of a site, for which no findings were identified during the first two unannounced reviews.

Overall, the sponsoring organization must conduct the same number of site reviews for the entire sponsorship. The sponsoring organization must review each site no fewer than two times, both of which must be unannounced, and one of which must include a review of the meal service. Prior to averaging site reviews, the sponsoring organization must submit a plan for implementation and tracking to the CDPHE-CACFP for prior approval.

**Review Notification**
Sponsoring organizations must provide to each site under its sponsorship a written notice of the right of the sponsoring organization, the CDPHE-CACFP, the USDA and other State and Federal officials to make announced or unannounced reviews of its operations during the site’s normal hours of operation. Sites must be notified that anyone making such reviews must display photo identification that verifies their employment by of one of these entities. The sponsoring organization must provide this notice prior to serving meals that will be claimed at the site.

**Imminent Threat to Health or Safety**
If the sponsoring organization discovers conduct or conditions that pose an imminent threat to the health or safety of participants or the public in a sponsored site, CACFP regulations require sponsoring organizations to immediately notify the appropriate State health authorities and take action consistent with the recommendations and requirements of those authorities.

**Review Content Requirements for Sponsored Sites**
The sponsoring organization must use the CDPHE-CACFP Site Visit Form or a form approved by the CDPHE-CACFP staff for all required reviews of sponsored sites. Sponsoring organizations must keep these completed forms on file for the required period of the current fiscal year plus three years and four months past the end of the current fiscal year. The CDPHE-CACFP staff will evaluate these forms during CACFP reviews.

As indicated on the CDPHE-CACFP Site Visit Form, reviews conducted by the sponsoring organization must include the following areas:

- **An assessment of whether problems identified during previous reviews have been corrected.**

- **5-day Reconciliation:**
For a 5-day period during the claim month, the reviewer must compare the total number of meals of each type claimed to the total number of participants in attendance on each day using attendance records.

If there is a discrepancy between meal counts and attendance records, the reviewer must attempt to correct the difference and take further action if necessary. Appropriate action may include meal disallowance or establishment of a CAP. On the day of the review, if there is a discrepancy between the number of participants in attendance and prior meal count patterns, the reviewer must investigate further to identify reasons for the discrepancy.

- **Monthly Edit Checks:** The sponsoring organization must review each site’s monthly claim to determine the validity of the claim. The edit checks must ensure the following:
  - Each site claims only meals approved by the CDPHE-CACFP office; and
  - For each meal type, the number of meals claimed does not exceed the maximum number of meals possible for the month (number of days in operation multiplied by the total number of enrolled participants).

- **An assessment of compliance with Program requirements:** This assessment must evaluate compliance with regulations pertaining to the Meal Pattern, Medicaid approval, attendance at training, meal counts and menu and production records. Reviews must also involve an evaluation of record keeping accuracy, use of CACFP funds, feeding practices and food safety and sanitation.

- **Documentation of any review findings:** Monitoring staff must document areas of non-compliance identified during the review, the required corrective action to correct problems, and a description of technical assistance provided to the site staff. Sponsoring organizations must conduct follow-up visits to evaluate whether problems identified during site visits are corrected. Sponsoring organizations must maintain documentation of necessary follow-up visits and note resolutions to problems.

**RECORD KEEPING REQUIREMENTS**
Sponsoring organizations must keep administrative and food service records as outlined in Sections 2 and 3 of this manual for all sponsored sites that participate in the CACFP. In addition, sponsoring organizations must maintain records of site reviews and documentation of training for sponsoring organization monitoring staff and staff responsible for CACFP duties at individual sites. Records must be kept for three years and four months past the end of the applicable fiscal year.

**CLAIM FOR REIMBURSEMENT**
The sponsoring organization must develop a system to obtain claim information from all sites, conduct the required edit checks and submit claims by site using the CACFP Web-based System. The CDPHE-CACFP recommends designating an organization representative to complete these tasks. If the Institution prefers to allow designated persons from each site to enter claim data for each site separately, an Institution representative must conduct the required edit checks for each site on a monthly basis, and then submit the entire claim on behalf of the Institution once all site
claims have been evaluated. Any person entering claims into the CACFP Web-based System, must sign documents as a responsible principle or individual and obtain user access to the online system.

**DISBURSEMENT OF CACFP FUNDS**

Sponsoring organizations must make payments of Program funds to the sites it sponsors within five working days of receipt from the State agency, based upon processes described in the Management Plan approved by the State agency. These disbursements may not exceed the Program costs documented by each facility during any fiscal year. If the sponsoring organization purchases food and food service related goods for all sites, the sponsoring organization must ensure that funds spent for each site are reflective of the reimbursement earned by each site and ensure the goods are delivered appropriately to the sites.
SECTION 6-Reviews & Audits

INTRODUCTION
The CDPHE-CACFP will review CACFP operations of participating Institutions to ensure compliance with CACFP regulations, provide technical assistance and best practice guidance. In addition, Institutions may also be subject to an audit conducted by an independent auditor. The CDPHE-CACFP conducts reviews of Institutions at a minimum of once every three years. The CDPHE-CACFP will review Institutions sponsoring more than one site at a minimum of every other year if it sponsors 10 or more participating sites and once every three years if it sponsors less than 10 participating sites.

Audits are slightly different from CACFP reviews. Audits are required of all Institutions (including for-profit entities) that receive more than $500,000 in Federal funds for the entire Institution during a fiscal year. Audit requirements for Institutions that participate in the CACFP are outlined in 7 CFR Part 3052 and the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations.

In order to maintain continuity between non-profit and for-profit Institutions, the CDPHE-CACFP has used the OMB Circular A-133 as a guide for establishing the audit policies for for-profit Institutions as well. Institutions may be reviewed or audited anytime at the discretion of the CDPHE-CACFP for any reason.

REVIEW PROCEDURES – WHAT TO EXPECT
As previously mentioned, the CDPHE-CACFP will review all Institutions once every two or three years or more frequently, if necessary. Reviews of Institutions with more than one site will include announced and unannounced site visits to sponsored sites. Nutrition Consultants with the CDPHE-CACFP will conduct the reviews.

A Nutrition Consultant will contact a representative of the Institution in advance to schedule the review, unless the review will be unannounced. The CDPHE-CACFP will review records for at least one month of the current Program fiscal year, which begins in October and ends in September. If the CDPHE-CACFP identifies problems, the reviewer may evaluate records from additional months.

The CDPHE-CACFP review will include, but is not limited to, the following records:
- IEFs
- ROMS
- Records of Attendance
- Record of Deposit
- Training Records
- Civil Rights Compliance
- Kitchen Inspection Report
- Invoices and Receipts
- Food Service Labor Cost Records
• Menus
• Menu and Production Records
• Special Diet Statements

In addition, Institutions sponsoring more than one site must provide the following records during a CACFP review:
  ✓ Documentation of Site Visits; and
  ✓ Documentation of CACFP-related administrative costs, including administrative labor and supplies for the review month.

During the review, the Nutrition Consultant may identify Program deficiencies. The Nutrition Consultant will discuss the deficiencies with one or more responsible principles or individuals of the Institution and establish a required CAP to resolve the deficiencies. The Nutrition Consultant will provide technical assistance as needed to enable the Institution’s successfully completion of its corrective action. The Nutrition Consultant may require the Institution to provide documentation of successful corrective action to continue Program participation. After each review, the CDPHE-CACFP will provide the Institution with a detailed report of the review results.

OVER-COMPENSATIONS
During the review, the Nutrition Consultant may identify meals claimed for reimbursement that are not supported by accurate or complete records. The CDPHE-CACFP will assess an over-claim for errors related to non-compliance with regulations. The CDPHE-CACFP may assess an over-claim for reasons including, but not limited to, the following:
• Claiming meals for participants whose attendance records do not support their presence during the time of meal service;
• Claiming meals for persons who are not enrolled for care at the site;
• Claiming meals for participants who are not eligible for CACFP benefits;
• Claiming more meals than indicated on ROMS;
• Failure to maintain current, accurate and valid IEFs for participants whose meals are claimed in the Free and Reduced categories;
• Claiming meals in the incorrect income eligibility category;
• Claiming meals that do not meet the CACFP Meal Pattern Requirements;
• Failure to purchase and maintain documentation of adequate quantities of food to meet the minimum quantity requirements at all meals claimed according the CACFP Meal Pattern requirements;
• Any other reason in which meals claimed for reimbursement are not supported by records required by CACFP regulations.

DETERMINATION OF SERIOUS DEFICIENCIES
If during a review of a participating Institution, the Nutrition Consultant identifies serious deficiencies, the CDPHE-CACFP must declare the Institution seriously deficient, provide a CAP, and determine if the Institution has demonstrated compliance and correction of the serious deficiencies in a timely manner. If the Institution does not correct the serious deficiencies, the
CDPHE-CACFP must propose to terminate the Institution and provide the Institution appeal rights as outlined below. The list of possible serious deficiencies is not identical for all types of Institutions (new, renewing and participating) as described in this section.

**Serious Deficiencies for New Institutions**

*Serious deficiencies for new Institutions are:*

- Submission of false information on the application for participation, including but not limited to, a determination that the Institution has concealed a conviction for any activity that occurred in the past seven years and that indicates a lack of business integrity. A lack of business integrity includes fraud, antitrust violations, embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, receiving stolen property, making false claims, obstruction of justice, or any other activity indicating a lack of business integrity as defined by the State agency.
- Any other action affecting the Institution’s ability to administer the Program in accordance with Program requirements.

**Serious Deficiencies for Renewing Institutions**

*Serious deficiencies for renewing Institutions are:*

- Submission of false information on the renewal application for participation, including but not limited to, a determination that the Institutions has concealed a conviction for any activity that occurred in the past seven years and that indicates a lack of business integrity. A lack of business integrity includes fraud, antitrust violations, embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, receiving stolen property, making false claims, obstruction of justice, or any other activity indicating a lack of business integrity as defined by the State agency.
- Failure to operate the Program in conformance with the performance standards of financial viability and financial management, administrative capability and Program accountability as outlined in 7 CFR 226.6(b)(18).
- Failure to comply with the bid procedures and contract requirements of applicable Federal procurement regulations.
- Use of a food service management company that is in violation of health codes.
- Failure by a sponsoring organization to properly train or monitor sponsored facilities in accordance with 7 CFR 226.16(d).
- Failure to perform any of the other financial and administrative responsibilities required by this part, 7 CFR 226.6.
- Any other action affecting the Institution’s ability to administer the Program in accordance with Program requirements.

**Serious Deficiencies for Participating Institutions**

*Serious deficiencies for participating Institutions are:*

- Submission of false information on the application for participation, including but not limited to, a determination that the Institution has concealed a conviction for any activity that occurred in the past seven years and that indicates a lack of business integrity. A lack of business integrity includes fraud, antitrust violations, embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, receiving stolen property, making false claims, obstruction of justice, or any other activity indicating a lack of business integrity as defined by the State agency.
- Any other action affecting the Institution’s ability to administer the Program in accordance with Program requirements.
property, making false claims, obstruction of justice, or any other activity indicating a lack of business integrity as defined by the State agency

- Permitting an individual who is on the National Disqualified List to serve in a principal capacity with the Institution or permitting such an individual to serve as a principal in a sponsored site
- Failure to operate the Program in conformance with the performance standards of financial viability and financial management, administrative capability, and Program accountability as outlined in 7 CFR 226.6(b)(18)
- Failure to comply with the bid procedures and contract requirements of applicable Federal procurement regulations
- Failure to return to the CDPHE-CACFP any advance payments that exceeded the amount earned for serving eligible meals, or failure to return disallowed start-up or expansion payments
- Failure to maintain adequate records
- Failure to adjust meal orders to conform to variations in the number of participants
- Claiming reimbursement for meals not served to participants
- Claiming reimbursement for a significant number of meals that do not meet Program requirements
- Use of a food service management company that is in violation of health codes
- Failure of a sponsoring organization to disburse payments to its facilities in accordance with the regulations at 7 CFR 226.16(g)(h) or in accordance with its management plan
- Failure by a sponsoring organization to properly train or monitor sponsored facilities in accordance with 7 CFR 226.16(d)
- Failure to perform any of the other financial or administrative responsibilities required by this part, 7 CFR 226.6
- The fact the Institutions or any of the Institution’s principals have been declared ineligible for any other publicly funded Program by reason of violating that Program’s requirements. However, this prohibition does not apply if the Institution or the principal has been fully reinstated in, or is now eligible to participate in that Program, including the payment of any debts owed
- Conviction of the Institution or any of its principals for any activity that occurred during the past seven years that indicates a lack of business integrity; a lack of business integrity includes fraud, antitrust violations, embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, receiving stolen property, making false claims, obstruction of justice
- Any other activity indicating a lack of business integrity as defined by the CDPHE-CACFP; or any other action affecting the Institution’s ability to administer the Program in accordance with Program requirements

Notice of Serious Deficiency
If the CDPHE-CACFP determines that a new, renewing, or participating Institution is seriously deficient in Program operations, the CDPHE-CACFP will provide the Institution, its responsible principals, and responsible individuals a notice of the serious deficiency(ies) and an opportunity to correct the deficiencies. The notice will specify the following:
• The serious deficiency(ies).
• The required actions to correct the serious deficiency(ies).
• The time allowed to correct the serious deficiency(ies).
• That the serious deficiency determination is not subject to administrative review
• That failure to fully and permanently correct the serious deficiency(ies) within the allowed time will result in denial of the new or renewing Institution’s application, and proposed termination of the participating Institution’s agreement and the disqualification of the Institution, its responsible principals and responsible individuals.
• That the CDPHE-CACFP will not pay any claims for reimbursement for eligible meals served or allowable administrative expenses incurred until the CDPHE-CACFP has approved the new or renewing Institution’s application and the Institution has signed a Program agreement.
• That for participating Institutions, unless payment has been suspended, the CDPHE-CACFP will continue to pay any valid unpaid claims for reimbursement for eligible meals served and allowable administrative expenses incurred until the serious deficiencies are corrected or the Institution’s agreement is terminated, including the period of any administrative review.
• That voluntary termination of an Institution’s agreement with the CDPHE-CACFP after it has been declared seriously deficient will result in the CDPHE-CACFP’s proposed termination of the Institution’s agreement and the proposed disqualification of the Institution, its responsible principals and responsible individuals.

Successful Corrective Action
If the Institution successfully demonstrates correction of the serious deficiency(ies) within the allowed time, the CDPHE-CACFP will:
• Notify the new, renewing or participating Institution, its responsible principals and responsible individuals that the CDPHE-CACFP has rescinded the serious deficiency determination.
• Offer the new or renewing Institution the opportunity to resubmit its application. If the new or renewing Institution resubmits its application, the CDPHE-CACFP must complete its review of the application within 30 days after receiving a complete and correct application.
• At the same time the notice is issued, the CDPHE-CACFP must also update the CDPHE-CACFP list to indicate that the serious deficiencies have been corrected, and provide a copy of the notice to the appropriate Food and Nutrition Service Regional Office (FNSRO).

Unsuccessful Corrective Action
If the new or renewing Institution does not demonstrate timely correction of the serious deficiency(ies), the CDPHE-CACFP will notify the Institution, its responsible principals and responsible individuals, that the new or renewing Institution’s application has been denied. If a participating Institution fails to demonstrate timely correction of the serious deficiency(ies), the CDPHE-CACFP will notify the Institution that it will propose to terminate the Institution’s agreement and disqualify the Institution, its responsible principals and responsible individuals.
At the same time the CDPHE-CACFP issues either notice, the CDPHE-CACFP will also update the CDPHE-CACFP list and provide a copy of the notice to the appropriate FNSRO. The notice will specify:

- That the new or renewing Institution’s application has been denied and the CDPHE-CACFP will disqualify the Institution, its responsible principals and responsible individuals;
- That the CDPHE-CACFP will propose to terminate the participating Institution’s agreement and disqualify the Institution, its responsible principals and responsible individuals;
- The basis for the actions;
- The procedures for seeking an administrative review of the application denial, or proposed termination and disqualification.

**Program Payments**
The CDPHE-CACFP is prohibited from paying any claims for reimbursement from a new Institution for eligible meals served or allowable administrative expenses incurred until the CDPHE-CACFP has approved its application and the Institution and the CDPHE-CACFP have signed a Program agreement.

For renewing and participating Institutions, unless participation has been suspended, the CDPHE-CACFP will continue to pay any valid unpaid claims for reimbursement for eligible meals served and allowable administrative expenses incurred until the serious deficiency(ies) is corrected or the Institution’s agreement is terminated, including the period of any administrative review.

**Administrative Reviews (Appeals)**
The CDPHE-CACFP has procedures for offering administrative reviews (appeals) to Institutions, responsible principals and responsible individuals. The administrative review (appeal) procedures are offered annually to all Institutions upon request, as well as when the following actions are taken by the CDPHE-CACFP:

- Denial of a new or renewing Institution’s application for participation.
- Proposed termination of a participating Institution’s agreement.
- Proposed disqualification of a responsible principal or individual of the Institution.
- Suspension of an Institution’s participation due to a suspension for health and safety reasons or submission of a false or fraudulent claim.
- Denial of a sponsoring organization’s application for start-up or expansion funds.
- Recovery of all or part of an advance in excess of the claim for the applicable period
- Denial of all or part of an Institution’s Claim for Reimbursement (except for a denial based on a late claim submission).
- Decision by the CDPHE-CACFP not to forward to FNSRO an exception request by an Institution for payment of a late claim or a request for an upward adjustment to a claim.
- Demand for the remittance of an over payment.
- Any other action of the CDPHE-CACFP affecting an Institution’s participation or its Claim for Reimbursement.

The CDPHE-CACFP is prohibited from offering administrative review (appeal) procedures for the following actions:
A decision from FNSRO to deny an exception request by an Institution for payment of a late claim, or for an upward adjustment of a claim.

A determination that an Institution is seriously deficient.

Disqualification of an Institution, responsible principal or responsible individual and the subsequent placement on the National Disqualified List.

Termination of a participating Institution’s agreement.

The CDPHE-CACFP administrative review (appeal) procedures include the following elements:

- The Institution’s Executive Director and Chairman of the Board of Directors, and the responsible principals and responsible individuals, will be given notice of the action being taken or proposed, the basis for the action, and the procedures to follow to request an administrative review (appeal) of the action being taken.

- The procedures state that the request for administrative review (appeal) must be submitted in writing no later than 15 days after the date the notice of action is received. The CDPHE-CACFP must acknowledge the receipt of the request for an administrative review (appeal) within 10 days of its receipt of the request.

- The Institution and the responsible principals and responsible individuals may retain legal counsel or may be represented by another person.

- Any information on which the CDPHE-CACFP based its action must be made available to the Institution, its responsible principals and responsible individuals for inspection from the date of receipt of the request for an administrative review.

- The Institution, its responsible principals and responsible individuals may refute the findings contained in the notice of action in person or by submitting written documentation to the administrative review (appeal) official. Written documentation must be submitted to the administrative review (appeal) official no later than 30 days after receipt of the notice of action.

- A hearing by the administrative review (appeal) official is only required when the Institution, responsible principals or responsible individuals submit a written request for a hearing. If the Institution’s representative, responsible principals, or responsible individuals fail to appear at a scheduled hearing, they waive the right to a personal appearance before the administrative review (appeal) official, unless the official agrees to reschedule the hearing. A representative of the CDPHE-CACFP must be allowed to attend the hearing to respond to the testimony of the Institution, responsible principals or responsible individuals, and to answer questions posed by the administrative review (appeal) official. If a hearing is requested, the Institution, responsible principals, responsible individuals, and the CDPHE-CACFP will be provided with at least 10 days advance notice of the time and place of the hearing. The administrative review (appeal) official will be independent and impartial. If the review official is a CDPHE-CACFP employee, he/she will not have been involved in the action being taken. The sponsoring organization, responsible principals and responsible individuals will be permitted to contact the administrative review (appeal) official directly if they so choose.

- The administrative review (appeal) official must make a determination based solely on the information provided by the CDPHE-CACFP, the Institution, the responsible principals, and responsible individuals, and based on Federal and State laws, regulations, policies, and procedures governing the Program.
Within 60 days of the CDPHE-CACFP’s receipt of the request for an administrative review (appeal), the administrative review (appeal) official will inform the CDPHE-CACFP, the Institution’s Executive Director, Chairman of the Board of Directors, responsible principals and responsible individuals, of the administrative review (appeal) outcome. This timeframe is an administrative review (appeal) requirement for the CDPHE-CACFP and may not be used as a basis for overturning the CDPHE-CACFP’s action if a decision is not made within the specified timeframe.

The determination made by the administrative review (appeal) official is the final administrative determination to be afforded the Institution, its responsible principals and responsible individuals.

Disqualification/National Disqualified List
When the time for requesting an administrative review (appeal) expires or when the administrative review (appeal) official upholds the CDPHE-CACFP’s denial and proposed disqualification, the CDPHE-CACFP will notify Institution, its responsible principals and responsible individuals that the Institution, its responsible principals and responsible individuals have been disqualified.

At the same time the notice is issued, the CDPHE-CACFP will also update the CDPHE-CACFP list and provide a copy of the notice, the mailing address and date of birth for each responsible principal and responsible individual to the appropriate FNSRO.

Once an Institution, responsible principal or responsible individual is placed on the National Disqualified List, they will remain on the list for seven years from the date of their disqualification. However, if the Institution, responsible principals or responsible individuals have failed to repay debts owed under the Program, they will remain on the list until the debt has been repaid. No Institution or individual on the National Disqualified List may participate in the Program or act as a principal in any organization participating on the Program.

AUDIT PROCEDURES - WHAT TO EXPECT
All Institutions (including for-profit organizations) which receive more than $500,000 in Federal funds, from all combined Federal sources, in any year are required to have an audit conducted by an independent auditor, as outlined in 7 CFR Part 3052 and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations.

A-133 Single Organization-Wide Audits (OWA)
A-133 Single Organization-Wide Audit (OWA) includes an audit of all funds received by an Institution, including Federal, State, local and private funds. The audit requirement applies to Institutions receiving total Federal financial assistance equal to, or in excess of, $500,000 per year, and is designed to satisfy the needs of all funding sources. OWA are conducted based on the fiscal year of the Institution. The OWA will include an audit of Federal funds identified by the auditor as a Major Program; generally, this is the largest Federally funded Program in the organization.
Program Specific Audits
If the Institution is a private non-profit or a for-profit organization, the Institution may elect to obtain a Program specific audit if the Institution receives only Federal funding from the CACFP. The Program specific audit covers only one Program (e.g., CACFP). The audit includes Program compliance and financial management of the Institution.

AUDIT REPORT SUBMISSION REQUIREMENTS
Non-Profit & Governmental Institutions
The CDPHE-CACFP will utilize the Federal Audit Clearinghouse (FAC) database to review posted audit reports. If the Institution has any audit findings related to the CACFP, a copy of the audit report must be submitted to the CDPHE-CACFP within 30 days after the audit is completed, but no later than nine months after the end of the Institution’s fiscal year.

For Profit Institutions
For-profit Institutions must submit a copy of their audit to the CDPHE-CACFP within 30 days after the audit is completed, but no later than nine months after the end of the audited Institution’s fiscal year.

Multi-State Institutions
Institutions who operate the CACFP in one or more states must submit an OWA to the State agency administering the CACFP in the State in which the for-profit agency’s headquarters office is located, within 30 days after the audit is completed, but no later than nine months after the end of the audited Institution’s fiscal year.

AUDIT FOLLOW-UP
The CDPHE-CACFP is required to follow-up on any findings or questioned costs related to the CACFP identified in the audit report. The CDPHE-CACFP will issue a management decision on the findings or questioned costs and ensure appropriate corrective action has taken place. Once corrective action is complete, the CDPHE-CACFP will issue a closure notice.
SECTION 7-Procurement Procedures

INTRODUCTION
Procurement procedures must ensure maximum open and free competition and that the purchasing organization (participating Institution) receives the best possible product or service at the lowest price.

This section establishes standards and guidelines for the procurement (purchase) of foods, supplies, equipment and other goods and services. These standards ensure goods and services are obtained efficiently, economically and in compliance with applicable law. All procurements made with CACFP funds must comply with the procurement requirements in 7 CFR Part 226.22 of the CACFP regulations.

These standards and guidelines do not relieve the Institution of any contractual responsibilities. The Institution is responsible, in accordance with good administrative practice and sound business judgment, for the settlement of all contractual and administrative disputes related to procurements.

Institutions may establish their own procurement procedures, which reflect applicable State or local laws and regulations, if these procedures conform to the standards, set forth in this section. Institutions must maintain records related to procurement for three years and four months from the end of the current Federal fiscal year. These records must include, but are not limited to, information pertaining to the method of procurement, selection of contract type, contractor selection of rejection and the basis for the cost or price.

CODE OF CONDUCT
All Institutions must maintain a written Code of Conduct. This policy governs performance of the officers, employees and agents of the Institution who are engaged in selecting, awarding and administering procurements and contracts. Of these individuals, none may participate in selecting, awarding, or administering procurements and contracts if, to his/her knowledge, a conflict of interest, real or apparent, exists. Such a conflict would arise when any of the following has a financial or other interest in the firm selected for an award:

- The employee, officer, board member or agent; or
- Any member of his/her immediate family; or
- His/her partner; or
- Any organization, which employs any of the above or with which any of them have an arrangement concerning prospective employment.

No member of the Board of Directors, officers, employees or agents of the Institution shall solicit or accept gratuities, favors or anything of monetary value from current or potential vendors, consultants or contractors. A violation of this provision by an officer shall result in disciplinary action pursuant to the corporate bylaws; a violation by an employee shall result in disciplinary action pursuant to the Institution’s personnel policies; and a violation by an agent shall result in disciplinary action pursuant to the contract with the agency.
AFFIRMATIVE ACTION
Institution policy must ensure that a fair share of contracts is awarded to small and minority business firms. Steps shall be taken to ensure that small and minority businesses are utilized when possible as sources for materials and services. Such affirmative steps include the following:

- Include qualified small and minority businesses on solicitation lists.
- Ensure that small and minority businesses are solicited whenever they are potential sources.
- Ensure that women's business enterprises are solicited whenever they are potential sources.
- When economically feasible, divide total procurement requirements into smaller tasks, or quantities to permit maximum participation of small and minority businesses and women's business enterprises.
- Where possible, establish delivery schedules, which will encourage participation by small and minority businesses including those primarily owned by women.
- Use the services and assistance of the Small Business Administration, the Office of Small and Disadvantaged Business Utilization of the Department of Commerce and/or the Office of Community Services, as required.
- If any subcontracts are awarded, require the prime contractor to take the affirmative steps listed above.

GEOGRAPHICAL PREFERENCE
Institutions may apply a geographic preference only when procuring agricultural products that are unprocessed, locally grown and locally raised, and have not been cooked, seasoned, frozen, canned or combined with any other products. When utilizing the geographic preference to procure such products, the Institution making the purchase has the discretion to determine the local area to which the geographic preference option will be applied.

PROCUREMENT AGGREGATE
An aggregate procurement is the sum of goods or services that can logically be purchased from one vendor during the Program or calendar year. The requirement to aggregate goods on a yearly basis applies to all purchases where annual needs can be anticipated. This requirement does not apply to the purchase of fresh produce, meat or frozen goods, which are perishable, purchased more frequently and priced according to market fluctuations. Any attempt to divide an aggregate procurement unnecessarily is a violation of the intent of Federal procurement regulations and may affect the Institution’s ability to participate in the CACFP. The only exception to this rule permits the division of aggregate purchases for encouraging the participation of small, minority, or other disadvantaged businesses.

METHODS OF PROCUREMENT
Federal regulations allow four methods of procurement, which are: 1) small purchase procedures for aggregate purchases under $150,000 annually, 2) competitive sealed bids, 3) competitive negotiation, and 4) non-competitive negotiation for aggregate purchases of $150,000 or more annually. These four methods are detailed below. Regardless of which method is utilized, the purchasing organization should avoid all provisions that may restrict competition or result in the agency paying higher prices because only one or a limited number of vendors can supply the needed product or service.
Small Purchase Procedures
When goods or services total less than $150,000 in aggregate value for a calendar or Program year, the purchasing organization may utilize small purchase procurement methods. The purchasing organization must contact at least three known suppliers of the product or service and obtain competitive price quotations from them. This contact may be conducted over the phone or in writing. Whether contact is made over the phone or in writing, all suppliers must receive the same information about the purchasing organization’s requirements. Small purchase methods are not appropriate when a purchasing agency divides a unified contract requirement into smaller purchases in order to bring each individual purchase under $150,000.

Records of Solicitation
Whether written or telephone contact is made, the purchasing organization must document all procurement information for small purchases. At a minimum, documentation must include the date, names of vendors contacted, description of item(s), price quotes, names of persons providing the quotation, cash terms and any delivery data. Whenever only one quotation is received, documentation must include written justification for the purchase.

Competitive Sealed Bid Procedures
Purchasing organizations must utilize competitive sealed bids when procurements are expected to total $150,000 or more in aggregate value and a) the product or service can be completely described in the agency's bid specifications, and b) the award of a contract can be made primarily based on price alone. The purchasing organization must take the following steps to conduct a competitive sealed bid:

- **Preparation of Bid Specifications:** The purchasing organization must prepare an Invitation for Bid (IFB) that provides uniform information regarding the organization's specific contracting requirement (the product or service to be procured) to all prospective bidders.

  The purchasing organization must describe the requirement as clearly and completely as possible in the IFB. Such descriptions; however, must not include information that could serve in any way to restrict competition. Information that could be considered restrictive of competition might include the specification of brand name products or the inclusion of nonessential product characteristics. Furthermore, the purchasing organization must inform all bidders of any amendments or changes to the IFB.

  In addition to providing information on the requirements, the IFB must also state clearly, where and when bids must be submitted. The IFB must at a minimum, allow 14 days between the public advertisement of an IFB and the deadline for submission of bids.

- **Publicizing the Procurement:** The purchasing organization must send the IFB to known suppliers of the product or service. Due to the difficulty of sending the IFB to all suppliers of certain products or services, purchasing organizations may rotate through a list of suppliers on a predetermined basis, and add other names whenever a supplier
requests to be included on the bidders' list.

In addition to mailing IFBs, the purchasing organization must also formally advertise the proposed procurement to other potential vendors. The easiest way to formally advertise procurement is to place legal notices in area newspapers of general circulation in the State.

A formal advertisement need not include more detail than 1) the name, address, and phone number of the Institution, 2) how to obtain the IFB, 3) a brief and general description of the contracting requirement, 4) the deadline for receipt of bids, and 5) the date, time and place of the public bid opening.

- **Bid Opening & Contract Award:** The purchasing organization must keep any bids received prior to the final deadline for bid submission in a secure place. Bids received after the deadline must be returned unopened to the bidders. All bids received must be date and time stamped and made part of the public record.

After the bid deadline, the purchasing organization must open the bids and read them aloud publicly. The official responsible for the opening of bids should state, "The lowest bid appears to be ... We will award a contract to the lowest responsive and responsible bidder.” The purchasing organization must not announce a contract award until it has had sufficient time to examine the low bid for responsiveness to the IFB and determine whether the low bidder is a responsible firm.

For a bid to be considered responsive, it must offer a product that does not substantively differ from the requirements of the IFB. All terms of the IFB, including price, expected quantities, delivery schedule and quality, are minimum requirements, and any attempt to modify these minimum requirements (i.e., for a bidder to offer twice a week delivery rather than daily delivery required in the IFB) would make the bid non-responsive. Furthermore, any attempt to make the bid price conditional or contingent upon other factors would make the bid non-responsive unless contingent bids have been authorized in the IFB.

In a competitive bid situation, the purchasing organization must award the contract to the low bidder unless the bidder is found to be non-responsive or not responsible (7 CFR Part 226.22 (i) (2)). The purchasing organization must clearly document such a finding, since a low bidder may file a suit if not awarded the contract. The purchasing organization may reject bids when there are sound, documented reasons in the best interest of the CACFP.

**Competitive Negotiation**
The purchasing organization may utilize competitive negotiation when procurements are expected to total $150,000 or more, and a) are of such a complex and technical nature (e.g., consulting, research and development, etc.) that they cannot be fully described in bid specifications, and b) the award of the contract must be based on factors other than price alone. Evaluation factors other than price must only be used when they are clearly described in the
purchasing organization’s bid specifications, also referred to as a Request for Proposal (RFP) in the process of competitive negotiation.

In a competitive negotiation, the purchasing organization requests the potential contractor to describe in detail how the objective can best be met. Therefore, in addition to a cost proposal, the potential contractor’s response to an RFP must also include a technical proposal. The technical proposal describes the methods the potential contractor will use to complete the project described in the RFP and the underlying costs associated with those methods.

The RFP will identify all significant evaluation factors, including price or cost where required, and their relative importance. Further, the purchasing organization will provide a mechanism for technical evaluation of the proposals received to determine which responsible bidders will be contacted for the purpose of further written and oral discussions and selection for contract award.

The process of actually conducting a competitive negotiation is similar to conducting a competitive sealed bid. The purchasing organization prepares an RFP, which states as clearly as possible the purchasing organization’s requirements and objectives. The purchasing organization formally advertises the procurement and sends the RFP to known suppliers of the product or service. The deadline for receipt of proposals must be at least 30 days after publication of the RFP (depending on the complexity of the procurement). After evaluation and negotiation, the purchasing organization awards a contract to the contractor whose overall proposal; price and technical factors are considered most advantageous to the purchasing organization.

Non-Competitive Negotiation
The non-competitive negotiation method of procurement is appropriate only when a) a public emergency, such as a natural disaster, prevents the time required to publicize the procurement, b) only one source of the product or service exists, or c) after competitive solicitation, only one bid or proposal is received. In any event, even if non-competitive negotiation seems justified for one of the above reasons, the center or sponsoring organization must obtain written approval from the CDPHE-CACFP prior to awarding the contract.

To obtain the CDPHE-CACFP approval of non-competitive procurements, the center or sponsoring organization must submit documentation of its attempts to solicit competition in an appropriate manner. The center or sponsoring organization must submit the documentation records prior to the date the contract is to begin in sufficient time for the CDPHE-CACFP to review the request. Such documentation must include the following:

- A copy of the public advertisement
- A copy of the IFB or RFP
- Copies of all letters received from prospective bidders or respondents, including letters indicating a prospective bidder's lack of interest in competing for the contract.
- A copy of the bidders’ list
- A copy of the criteria used to evaluate bids
- Copies of all bids submitted
- The mathematical weighing formula used to select the bidder when factors other than price were used in the selection process
Section 7 - Procurement Procedures

- The names of the individuals evaluating the bids
- The justification for the selection (if other than just price)
- Any other materials that would justify Institution's use of non-competitive procurement

FOOD SERVICE MANAGEMENT COMPANY CONTRACTS
Program regulations allow participating Institutions to contract with outside vendors for the preparation and delivery of the meals it serves. This can be a viable option for Institutions that do not have adequate facilities to prepare their own meals.

Types of Contractors
Institutions may contract with commercial food service management companies, individual schools or school districts to prepare its meals. A food service management company is defined in the Program regulations as an organization other than a public or private non-profit school that can be contracted with for preparing and/or delivering the meals to be served.

Although a school is not defined as a food service management company, it still performs the same functions. The competitive bid process is not required if the Institution purchases meals from a School Food Authority (SFA).

Administrative Requirements
Program regulations require the Institution to have a valid contract in place if it chooses to contract with a food service management company for the meals provided to CACFP participants. Regulations also require the Institution to submit the contract to the CDPHE-CACFP prior to the effective date of the FSMC.

The CDPHE-CACFP requires all Institutions to use the standard template food service management company contract, which contains the elements required by CACFP regulations. Additional requirements may be added to the standard contract as an addendum. The standard CACFP contract also includes a Site Information Form that must be completed for each site to receive meals. A copy of the standard contract can be downloaded from the CDPHE-CACFP website.

If there are no material changes to the original procurement specifications and language was included in the original bid-allowing contract renewals, FSMC may be extended on an annual basis for up to four years, for a total contract of five years.

Procurement Requirements for Food Service Management Companies
For contracts under $150,000 annually, the Institution must follow the small purchase procedures described above. For contracts of $150,000 or more annually, the Institution must conduct the procedures as outlined above for competitive sealed bids, competitive negotiation or non-competitive negotiation.
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