



Attendees: Amy Grace - Park County Public Health Agency, Briar Clayton - OPPI, Collene Walsh - Cheyenne County Public Health Agency, Dawn Bueno, Dawn James - Kit Carson County Health and Human Services, Greg Rajnowski - Mesa County Health Department, Haley Stewart - OPPI, Heike Petersen - Lincoln County Department of Public Health, Jamie Feld - Boulder County Public Health, Jennifer Ludwig - Eagle County Public Health Agency, Jordana Sabella - Pitkin County Public Health Agency, Julie Hines - Grand County Public Health, Lauren Bardin - CDPHE, Lindsey Kato - CDPHE, Mara - Tri-County Health Department, Maria Butler - CDPHE

Presenter: Jose Esquibel - Director of Community Engagement, Office of the Attorney General; Vice Chair of Prevention, Colorado Substance Abuse Trend and Response Task Force 720-508-6565, Jose.Esquibel@coag.gov

Need to know:

- [6-6-16 Mental Health and Substance Abuse Call Link](#)
- CDPHE will be hosting a webinar to introduce LPHA’s to the new pregnancy and breastfeeding and marijuana campaign as well as updates to the youth and trusted adult campaigns. The two opportunities to participate in the webinar will be June 6 from 12 -1 and June 8 from 9am - 10am. You can register here: <https://www.surveymonkey.com/r/59WMHDM>

Detailed notes:

| Agenda Item | Notes |
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| Welcome, Introductions and Agenda Review | |
| Colorado Narcan Access, Training, and Distribution | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • One of the main areas of focus for the Attorney General’s Office is substance abuse. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Colorado Substance Abuse Trend and Response Task Force (previously the Meth Task Force) ○ Colorado Consortium for Prescription Drug Abuse Prevention - serves as committee to address prescription drug abuse across the state, as part of the state plan. • Colorado is in top 5 states that have strong multidisciplinary collaborative approach to deal with opioid problem. • Naloxone Work Group (Consortium Group): Goal is to reduce rate of overdose deaths in Colorado from 16.3 per 100,000 to below national average of 14.7. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Interactive maps of Colorado Drug Overdose Deaths, 2002-2014, Colorado Health Institute ○ The Work Group will be administering Naloxone doses |





(dual packs) to the 17 counties with highest rates of overdose deaths. Distribution will be occurring through the training to local law enforcement.

- The Work Group is requesting LPHAs to help with training law enforcement beyond initial training (train the trainer situation) and to help increase the partnership between law enforcement, first responders, and local public health workers.
- If you know of any law enforcement that is already carrying Naloxone, please let Jose know.
- Additional resource: [The Prescription Opioid Epidemic: An Evidence-Based Approach from Johns Hopkins Bloomberg School of Public Health](#)

Questions/discussion:

- If we are not one of the 17 counties identified, can we still get the technical assistance necessary to engage law enforcement?
 - Yes. The trainings we do regionally will be open to everyone. You don't need to be one of the 17 counties to participate. Also, you can reach out to Jose for more information.
- In Boulder County Public Health, we have two law enforcement groups trained, and trainers in-house that can assist with that. We have the readiness there, we just need the kits.
 - Kits will be coordinated and dispersed when available.
- Are there plans to provide Naloxone to needle exchange programs to get out to their clients?
 - The Office of Behavioral Health has written a grant. If it is awarded in the fall, it will be geared less toward law enforcement and more toward providers. Let us know who is interested and how many kits they're wanting as it will be helpful to track that information so we can continue to make the case for the need. May assist in other ways of getting money to continue to support this initiative.
- In terms of having staff trained, for those of you that don't, is there a willingness and interest to have at least 1 of your staff trained?
 - Kit Carson County - Yes.
 - Eagle County - No. We need to work locally to collect data. We wanted to understand what resources are available, and what our community might want to participate in or take advantage of.
 - Recommend going to Consortium's website for additional information. You may find other drug issues as you do your assessment. Keep the Task Force in mind as well. We're always willing to help LPHAs respond to drug trends they're seeing in their specific areas.
 - Lincoln County - Yes. We need to assess what would be most





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| | <p>useful for our law enforcement first though.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • In our area, we tend to have a bit of an outdated mindset that sees Narcan availability as fostering drug use. Any data that demonstrates pre-post Narcan availability vs. drug overdose deaths would help. Rural vs. urban would be good to see. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ We can definitely get that information out to you. We will include some of that in the trainings we are planning. <p>Additionally, for social media and website resources, go to http://takemedsseriously.org/. You can use your own local logos on the information to help get the message out there. The more coordination we can get the better. Reach out to Jose who can set you up with a staff person to assist with this.</p> |
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Action Items & Next steps:

- Next meeting will be August 3, 2016, 2-3 pm, [Adobe connect](#)