COLORADO JUVENILE PAROLE BOARD	POLICY NUMBER: I-111 PAGE: 1 of 4 REPLACES: 120c Dated: 3/21/07
CHAPTER: Policies	EFFECTIVE DATE: August 13, 2008
SUBJECT: Extension of Parole Supervision	RELATED MANDATES, STATUTES, STANDARDS, OR EXECUTIVE ORDERS: Section 19-2-909(1)(b) and (3), C.R.S. Section 19-2-1001(5)(a) and (b), C.R.S.
APPROVED BY: _____ Dean J. Conder, Chairperson	

BACKGROUND/PURPOSE

This policy is intended to implement Sections 19-2-909(1)(b) and (3), C.R.S., and 19-2-1002(5)(a) and (b), C.R.S., which allow for the extension of parole supervision for juveniles who have committed extendable offenses and may benefit from such an extension.

POLICY

It shall be the policy of the Board that the Board or a hearing panel, at the initial parole hearing of a youth, or at any subsequent hearing involving that youth, may establish an extension of parole. Extensions of parole shall be considered in the following manner.

PROCEDURE

Youth Eligible for and Extension of Parole:
This policy applies to youth committed to the Department of Human Services due to adjudication for one or more extendable offenses. See Addendum. When determining whether one is eligible for extended parole, the Board shall consider the offenses(s) for which the youth is presently committed to the Division of Youth Corrections (DYC). When determining whether the offense is an extendable offense, the Juvenile Parole Board will first rely upon the language of the mittimus and then, if necessary, review the youth's commitment and parole history. If a youth's commitment is based upon multiple offenses, the Juvenile Parole Board shall review the mittimus for each offense for which the youth is committed; if any o f the offenses constitutes an extendable offense, the youth shall be eligible for an extended parole.

Length of Extension and Criteria Related Thereto:
For youth eligible for an extension, the Board and/or hearing panel may make a finding of special circumstance and extend the parole supervision up to an additional fifteen months.

When determining the length of extended parole, the length of the extension is at the Board and hearing panel discretion. As stated above, the extension shall be based upon offense(s) for which the youth is presently committed to DYC; however, in instances of re-parole after a revocation or due to a consecutive sentence, the Juvenile Parole Board shall give credit for any previous parole time served.

Special circumstances include but are not limited to:

1. A revocation of parole prior to the end of the mandatory parole period,
2. The youth poses a substantial risk to the community due to poor adjustment or progression in treatment of on parole,
3. The youth could benefit from additional services,
4. Additional time is needed to ensure the youth completes a program or task
5. Additional time is needed to ensure restitution is paid.
6. Additional monitoring is needed due to the youth's pattern of criminal actions and/or parole violations,
7. The gravity of the offense(s) merits extension,

All extensions of parole shall be for the purpose of full parole supervision and will subject the youth to all sanctions of violation that pertain to the initial parole.

Addendum to Policy I-111

Section 19-2-909(3)(a through e), C.R.S., and 19-2-1002(5)(a)(I through V), C.R.S., specify, by references to the adult criminal code found in Colorado statues Title 18, which adjudicating offenses make a youth eligible for the extension of parole supervision up to an additional fifteen (15) months beyond the six (6)-month mandatory parole.

The following is a list of those offenses that constitute an extendable offense.

Article 3 of Title 18, C.R.S. (Offenses Against the Person)
An extendable offense includes any offense specified in Article 3 of Title 18, which would constitute a felony if committed by an adult. Those offenses include but are not limited to:

Homicide and Related Offenses

- Murder in the first degree
- Murder in the second degree
- Manslaughter
- Criminally negligent homicide
- Vehicular homicide
- First-degree murder of a peace officer or firefighter

Assaults

- Assault in the first degree
- Assault in the second degree
- Vehicular assault
- Felony menacing
- Felony criminal extortion
- Assault on the elderly or persons with disabilities

Kidnapping

- First degree kidnapping
- Second degree kidnapping
- False imprisonment
- Violation of custody order or order relating to parental responsibilities
- Enticement of a child
- Internet luring of a child

Unlawful Sexual Behavior

- Felony Sexual Assault
- Felony Unlawful Sexual Contact
- Felony sexual Assault in the third degree
- Sexual Assault on a Child
- Sexual Assault on a Child by one in a position of trust
- Internet Sexual Exploitation of a Child
- Felony Failure to Register as a Sex Offender

Pare 3 of Article 4 of Title 18, C.R.S. (Offenses Against Property)
An extendable offense includes any offense specified in Part 3 of Article 4 of Title 18, which would constitute a felony if committed by an adult. Those offenses include but are not limited to:

Robbery
- Robbery
- Aggravated robbery
- Aggravated robbery of controlled substance
- Robbery of the elderly or disabled

Arson (committed after July 1, 2008)
- 4º Arson

Use of photographs, videotapes, or films of property

Article 6 of Title 18, C.R.S (Offenses Involving the Family Relations)
An extendable office includes any offense specified in Part 3 of Article 4 of Title 18 which would constitute a felony if committed by an adult.

Incest (Part 3)
- Incest
- Aggravated Incest

Child Abuse (Part 4)
- Child Abuse

Other:
18-8-206, C.R.S. (ESCAPE AND OFFENSES RELATED TO CUSTODY) COMMITTED AFTER 7-1-08
An extendable offense that would constitute a felony if committed by an adult.

18-12-108.5, C.R.S. (OFFENSES RELATED TO FIREARMS AND WEAPONS) COMMITTED AFTER 7-1-08
An extendable offense that would constitute a felony if committed by an adult and would constitute a misdemeanor if committed by an adult, if the juvenile is contemporaneously committed to the department of human services for an offense that would constitute a felony if committed by an adult.

Attempt, conspiracy, or solicitation to commit any of the offenses specified in this addendum, which would constitute a felony if committed by an adult.